



COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019





COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

PREPARED BY THE FINANCE DEPARTMENT-ACCOUNTING DIVISION

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019



COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

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December 17, 2019

Honorable Mayor, Council Members,

Citizens of Elk Grove, California:



The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the City of Elk Grove (City) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, is hereby submitted in compliance with the California Government Code. Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, based on a comprehensive framework of internal control it has established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal control should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements.

Web: www.elkgrovecity.org

Maze and Associates, Certified Public Accountants, has issued an unmodified opinion of the City's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. The independent auditor's report is located in the front of the financial section of this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. The MD&A complements the letter of transmittal and should be read together.

PROFILE OF THE GOVERNMENT

The City of Elk Grove incorporated under California law on July 1, 2000, as a general-law city. The City operates under the City Council/Manager form of government. The City Council is a five member body with a Mayor and four Council Members. The elected mayor serves a two-year term and is elected citywide (at-large). The four Council Member positions are also elected citywide (at-large) and each represent one of four council residency districts where the Council Member must reside within. The City Council, effective December 2019, transitioned to by-district (district-based) City Council Member elections. A by-district approach means that the City is divided into districts with the voters of that district alone electing the Council Member from that district. The transition to district-based City Council Member elections would not alter the proposed sequence of elections for Elk Grove. For the November 3, 2020 General Election Districts 1 and 3 will be up for consideration, as well as the office of the directly elected mayor.

The City provides a variety of services to its residents which include public safety, animal control, highways and streets, public improvements, planning and zoning, code enforcement, building permits, transit, recycling & waste, drainage, and general administration. The City's CAFR includes all funds of the City and reports all activities considered to be a part of, controlled by, and dependent on the City. GASB Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity* requires the disclosure of blended and discretely presented component units. In fiscal year 2005-06, the City added two blended component units: The City of Elk Grove Finance Authority and the City of Elk Grove Parking Authority. The Elk Grove Finance Authority is shown in the financial statements as a Debt Service Fund. The Elk Grove Parking Authority did not have any financial activity during fiscal year 2018-19.

There were no discretely presented component units.

The accounts of the City are organized on the basis of funds with each fund considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues and expenditures/expenses, as appropriate. Government resources are allocated to and accounted for, in individual funds based upon the purpose for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. A complete explanation of each fund type is contained in Note 1B to the financial statements.

The budget is prepared by City staff under the direction of the City Manager. A public hearing is scheduled in either May or June. Final adoption is required by the end of the fiscal year. Transfers between funds, appropriation of reserves and appropriations of unassigned reserves, and inter fund loans require City Council action. The City Manager has the authority to transfer between departments or within a fund or 'like funds'.

ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK

In 1850, Elk Grove was established as a hotel and stagecoach stop. Located in the State of California (State), 15 miles south of historic Sutter's Fort in Sacramento, Elk Grove became a crossroads for business, entertainment, mail service and agriculture and acted as a home base for gold miners in nearby communities. After the early gold rush, a close-knit community evolved with a distinctly rural and western lifestyle. Today, the City of Elk Grove is a thriving community.

On March 7, 2000, voters passed Measure J to incorporate the communities of Sheldon, Elk Grove and parts of Laguna into the new City of Elk Grove. This was the third attempt to incorporate since 1986. The City of Elk Grove officially incorporated on July 1, 2000, with the newly elected City Council assuming management of the majority of the governmental aspects of living and doing business within the City. A second annexation occurred on December 15, 2003 to incorporate Laguna West into the City's boundaries.

The City is approximately 42 square miles and 174,025 residents as of January 2019, a population increase of approximately 1.1% over the previous year. The City is the second largest incorporated city within Sacramento County.

The region continued to maintain strong employment statistics over the last year. According to the Employment Development Department (EDD) unemployment in the Sacramento metropolitan area as of June 2019 was 3.7% and Sacramento County at 3.9%. Unemployment rates have not been this low since 2007. Census block unemployment data that is more specific to Elk Grove is even lower at 3.4% as of June 2019.

Construction permits are strong and are reflective of robust development activity.

	Residential Permits	Commercial permits
2018-19	819	18
2017-18	546	32
2016-17	315	9
2015-16	625	9
2014-15	568	14

Property assessed valuations increased again during fiscal year 2018-19 an increase of 6.75% in Sacramento County and 6.4% in Elk Grove over the prior year. Expectations are that the City will continue with assessed valuation increases in fiscal year 2019-20.

Sales Tax receipts outpaced budget expectations in fiscal year 2018-19 exceeding the budget by 3.9%. Sales tax revenue growth is expected to increase by 1.1% in fiscal year 2019-20. The increase reflects year-over-year more than expected increases primarily in Business and Industry. Significant increases also occurred in the State and County Pools, Building and Construction, and Fuel & Service Station sectors which also contributed to the overall increase.

LONG-TERM FINANCIAL PLANNING

In fiscal year 2018-19 the City increased the General Fund Reserve for Economic Uncertainty target level from between 15% and 20% to between 20% and 25% to mitigate impacts of future economic uncertainty, emergencies and cash flow needs. The City also created a new Opportunity Reserve fund with a target level of 0% to 5% to create capacity for providing funding for projects, acquisitions, or unforeseen events or need that are not anticipated in the budget, and without using the economic uncertainty reserve. Allocation of reserves above and beyond the combined Reserve for Economic Uncertainty and Opportunity Reserve level of 30% of adjusted appropriations shall be reallocated to two purposes: 50% to Capital Reserves and 50% to Economic Development.

In fiscal year 2018-19 the Reserve for Economic Uncertainty is \$18 million or 25% of total General Fund fiscal year 2019-20 adjusted appropriations of \$73 million. Opportunity Reserve is \$3.6 million or 5%, capital reserve is \$11.6 million or 16%, and Economic Development program reserve is \$3.8 million or 5% of total General Fund fiscal year 2019-20 adjusted appropriations.

The City made an additional payment of more than \$1.9 million to PERS (over and above the required payment) to accelerate funding towards the City's unfunded pension liability. The City had budgeted an accelerated \$900,000 payment but also realized salary and benefit savings during the course of the fiscal year that were redirected as an additional accelerated payment toward the pension liability. These accelerated payments will both reduce the pension liability and also reduce future required unfunded liability payments.

MAJOR INITIATIVES

Aquatic Center and Commons

The City's full service Aquatic Center has been completed with a grand opening on May 25, 2019. The aquatics project includes a combination of pools designed to serve competitive aquatics, instruction, water fitness, and family recreation. Features include a 50-meter pool, fitness and instructional pool, and a recreational pool with a current river and two 30 foot slides. The Commons is an inviting outdoor space that features public art, fire pits and tables, bocce ball court, and a Veterans Grove. It is located between the Aquatics Center and the Community Center on the Civic Center Campus that is now known as District56.

Community Center

The Community Center includes a Senior Center and Veterans Hall combined with a large main hall. The project will provide separate venues for seniors and veterans to serve their respective programs. The Community Center main hall provides a large assembly space to jointly support senior and veterans' programs as well as community events and private functions. Construction of the Community Center began in March 2018 with completion anticipated in winter of fiscal year 2019-20.

District56 Nature Area and Pedestrian Trails

Consistent with the approved Civic Center master plan, the City has initiated the schematic design process for the development of the southern portion of the Civic Center site which is now known as District56. This area will be mostly passive park space and include habitat restoration of wetlands, native grasslands, and preservation and expansion of the native oak forest. Site amenities may include a network of trails, benches, picnic tables, wetland area overlooks, open meadow, agricultural elements, outdoor exercise equipment, play equipment, and interpretive signs, etc.

Animal Shelter

The City is responsible for the provision of all animal services. In the past and including fiscal year 2018-19, the City provided its animal field services through City staff, while animal sheltering services were provided through a contract with Sacramento County. The contract with the County expired on June 30, 2019. Due to ongoing capacity issues at the County shelter, the City chose to construct a 17,000 square foot Animal Shelter on a 2.80-acre undeveloped parcel at the City's Corporation Yard. The Animal Shelter features pet adoption services, spay/neutering clinics, licensing, education, and veterinary care. The new Shelter had a 'soft' opening the beginning of July and was fully opened to the public September 28, 2019.

Old Town Streetscape, Plaza and Railroad Street Improvements

Old Town is the heart of the Elk Grove community, a regional treasure with many buildings dating back to the 1800s. Streetscape improvements and beautification measures designed to attract pedestrians and shoppers and enhance safety and traffic circulation are planned. The City will be working with community members to propose streetscape and infrastructure improvements to an approximately 2,400 foot long segment of Elk Grove Boulevard between School Street to the west and Waterman Road to the east. The improvements will boost the economic vitality and attractiveness of Old Town while preserving the area's unique character and history. Improvements may include expanded and decorative sidewalks, landscape strips, landscaped median islands, crosswalks, bike lanes/routes, signs, striping, bus shelters, and potential utility undergrounding.

In July 2018 City Council approved a Purchase and Sale Agreement and Joint Escrow Instructions with Eco Green LLC, for the sale and future development of property located at 9676 Railroad Street. Eco Green LLC will develop 9676 Railroad Street, near the City's Old Town Plaza property. During Phase 1, the developer will renovate the existing structure at 9676 Railroad Street into a restaurant space with a target completion of September 2020. Phase II will begin after Phase 1 or sooner, the developer will construct a new mixed-use residential building on the Property to the south of the restaurant, consisting of approximately 90 apartment units with ground floor retail or live/work units. Phase III, the developer will acquire and renovate the existing structure at 9699 Railroad Street, to the south of the City Property, as a restaurant/entertainment space with a targeted completion after Phase II is complete or sooner.

The Old Town Plaza Phase II improvements will include and entrance plaza, trails, parking, and seat wall and is programmed for fiscal year 2019-20. Old Town Plaza is on Elk Grove Boulevard and Railroad Street. Railroad Street street, curb and gutter improvements along with undergrounding utilities are expected to commence in fiscal year 2019-20.

Sterling Meadows

On May 28, 2008, the City approved the Sterling Meadows project consisting of 200 acres located on the north side of Kammerer Road, approximately one-half mile west of the Grant Line Road/SR 99 Interchange adjacent to the Lent Ranch Mall. At that time, the City entered into a Development Agreement (DA) with Elk Grove Associates which vested the project approvals for a period of ten years, commencing on July 11, 2008 and expiring on July 11, 2018.

There have been several reassignments, as well as two amendments to the DA. The current assignee is VTL Sterling Meadows LLC, an affiliate of The True Live Companies. The first amendment was approved on May 9, 2018 and extended the term of the DA to October 9, 2018. It provided a short term extension in order to allow the City, CCSD and the Applicant to work towards mutually-agreeable terms by which a longer term extension could be supported. After approval of the First Amendment to the DA, the parties began negotiations on new terms for a Second Amendment and a formal application for a long-term extension, including the conveyance of approximately 22.7 acres at the southern end of the project to the City for potential commercial development. The second amendment was adopted on August 22, 2018 and extended the DA to October 9, 2021.

The project, as currently approved, allows for the development of up to 1,033 residential dwelling units, including 833 lots for single-family development and one 10.8-acre lot intended to accommodate up to 200 multi-family units. The DA has set aside 22.7 acres of the south portion for the City in which the City Council may zone it for commercial. In addition, the currently approved project allows for two park sites totaling approximately 18.5 acres in which one of the parks, Kammerer Family Park had its grand opening on July 23, 2019. Also approved is a storm drain detention basin of approximately 13.3 acres, and approximately 4.8 acres of parkways.

Site improvements and residential construction are on-going and 354 single family residential permits have been issued through June 30, 2019.

Ridge Shopping Center

Construction of the new Costco in the Ridge Shopping Center has been completed with a grand opening on September 27, 2018. To facilitate construction of the project, the City entered into a sales tax sharing agreement (i.e. provided an incentive) with the property owner. The total amount of the incentive is \$8 million on a present value basis. The funds to provide the incentive will come from a 50% share of sales tax revenues generated by the store overtime and received by the City. No current City revenues or services will be impacted by payment of the incentive. This project is an example of the innovative leveraging of future sales tax revenues to spur development of a desired project today, and allows the City to still keep 50% of all new sales tax generated by the project, even after funding the incentive. In addition to Costco, Stanton Optical opened September 30, 2019, and Olive Garden is under construction. Up to 226,000 square feet of commercial space was approved for the Center with 11 building permits issued through June 30, 2019 for a total of 39,947 square feet. The developer of the project advises the City that leasing activity at the center continues to be strong, and as new leases are executed, construction of tenant spaces will commence, and openings will occur on a continuous basis over the next approximately 18 months.

Laguna Ridge South/Southeast Policy Area

The City is actively engaged in spurring planned economic development within its limits. Construction was complete in early 2019 on the Laguna Ridge South/Southeast Policy Area Sewer Lift Station and the

extension of Bilby Road and Big Horn Boulevard (along with relevant infrastructure along these corridors). These improvements will provide access and utilities to the southern areas of Laguna Ridge and much of the Southeast Policy Area, including the employment areas. These projects total over \$32 million in infrastructure investment by the City and will serve as a catalyst for new development in the service area. The City is following up on these efforts with work on the Shed C Channel Right of Way. The Shed C Channel will provide the needed drainage infrastructure for both Laguna Ridge South/Southeast Policy Area. The City has received all the regulatory permits needed for construction in January of 2019 and the City is preparing a 65% design in order to acquire select easements for the Shed C Channel. The vision for the Shed C is to have the channel built by private development.

Other Initiatives

In February 2018, a Federal judge upheld the Federal Bureau of Indian Affairs' acceptance of 36 acres of land for the benefit of the Wilton Rancheria Indian Tribe (Tribe) for the development of a proposed casino resort project in the City of Elk Grove. The land is located just north of the approved outlet mall site. The casino will contain significant lifestyle amenities, including restaurants and entertainment venues. Start of construction and completion dates are unknown at this time.

The proposed project consists of a 608,756 square foot hospitality and entertainment facility, including a 12-story 302 room hotel, pool, spa, 47,634-square foot convention center, six restaurants and bars, and a 110,260 square foot gaming floor. In order to mitigate the potential impacts of the Project, the City and the Tribe have executed a Memorandum of Understanding, approved by the City Council in September 2016, that provides funding to the City of Elk Grove, Elk Grove Unified School District, and local non-profit organizations to pay for services such as law enforcement and traffic impacts and compensate for loss of tax revenue. The total revenue to the City through twenty years is approximately \$119,668,656, not adjusted for the time value of money. An additional \$9,718,978 would go to the Elk Grove Unified School District with \$2,429,737 being distributed to local charitable organizations. The total cumulative payment from the Tribe to the community over 20 years is approximately \$132 million.

On October 7, 2019 a federal court for the District of Columbia issued an order granting the U.S. Department of Interior's and Wilton Rancheria's motions for summary judgment, thus approving the U.S. Department of the Interior's authority and decision to place the Elk Grove land into a federal trust. That decision was a final decision at the trial court level. On October 21, 2019 the plaintiffs in the case (Stand Up for California!) filed an appeal of the trial court's decision to the United States Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia Circuit. That appeal remains pending.

DEPARTMENT FOCUS

Development

The Development Services Department has been busy during the fiscal year. Some of the highlights include a total of 216,319 square feet of new non-residential permits issued. While this is an 8% decrease from 2017, it is 58% higher than the average non-residential buildout over the prior four years. Major non-residential permits issued in 2018 were the Townplace Suites hotel, five pad buildings in The Ridge shopping center, the City of Elk Grove Community/Civic Center, and the Elk Grove Toyota Service Center. The City Council also adopted the General Plan Update in February 2019. The General Plan update provided an opportunity to bring the General Plan into compliance with new laws and make adjustments to forthcoming issues such as climate change, transportation planning, and economic development.

Public Works

The City has completed or substantially completed several projects during the fiscal year that enhanced the community or increased public safety. The Aquatic Center was completed and opened to the public on May 25, 2019. The construction of the new Animal Shelter is complete and fully opened to the public on September 28, 2019. The Commons and the Community Center are under construction and expected completion is the winter of fiscal year 2019-20. The City hall had some remodeling done at the Reception Desk and Clerk's Office. Other projects that were completed include the Citywide Curb Ramp Improvements Project and the Sidewalk Infill Project. The City was awarded 14 grants in fiscal year 2018-19 with a total value of \$12.9 million.

Police

During fiscal year 2018-19 the police department received various grants to purchase officer safety and duty equipment, conduct operations to reduce underage smoking, conduct operations to reduce underage drinking and to provide first responders with wellness support.

They implemented a Mobile Crisis Support Team (MCST) in partnership with Sacramento County. This specially trained team includes an officer and a licensed mental health professional responding together to emergency calls for service that have a mental health crises component.

The Department now has two full-time School Resource Officers assigned to the Elk Grove Unified School District. This relationship has proven to be conducive to developing and fostering relationships between the Department and area educators and students.

The Department collaborated with allied agencies and participated in active shooter training. They sponsored and graduated two police recruits from the Sacramento County Sheriff's Academy. The Department held 13 community engagement meetings to connect, educate and grow relationships between the Police and community members. A total of 25 sworn and non-sworn police positions were added, many of which were for the Animal Shelter. The Volunteers in Police Service (VIPS) and Community Ambassadors donated almost 11,000 hours of service.

OTHER INFORMATION

Independent Audit

State statutes require an annual audit of the City's financial statements by an independent certified public accountant. The accounting firm of Maze and Associates, Certified Public Accountants, performed the 2018-19 fiscal year annual audit.

Awards

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to The City of Elk Grove for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. This was the seventeenth consecutive year that the City has achieved this prestigious award.

In order to be awarded, the government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report in which the contents conform to program standards. Such reports must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements. The GFOA award is valid for a one year period.

The City of Elk Grove received the GFOA's Distinguished Budget Presentation Award for its annual budget document that was adopted and published on June 13, 2018. To qualify for the distinguished Budget Presentation Award, the government's budget document had to be judged proficient as a policy document, a financial plan, an operations guide, and a communications device.

The City received the GFOA's Award for Outstanding Achievement in Popular Annual Financial Reporting for fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. To qualify for the Popular Annual Financial Reporting Award a government must publish a report whose contents conform to program standards of creativity, presentation, understandability and reader appeal.

Acknowledgements

The preparation of the CAFR was made possible by the dedicated service of the Finance Department's Accounting Division. I want to express my appreciation to Marsha Ley who led the team of Jannet Meyer, Eric Swensen, Olga Voronova, Jude Kennedy, Leticia Gomez, Maria Rodriquez, Fiera Dolar and Whitney Ladrido for their contributions, dedication and hard work made in the preparation of the report.

Appreciation is also expressed to the staff of Maze and Associates, Certified Public Accountants, who made this presentation possible.

I would like to thank the Mayor, Members of the City Council, the City Manager and Department Heads for their interest and support in planning and conducting the financial operations of the City in a responsible and prudent manner.

Respectfully Submitted,

13rad Hoch

Brad Koehn Director of Finance and Administrative Services



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Elk Grove California

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2018

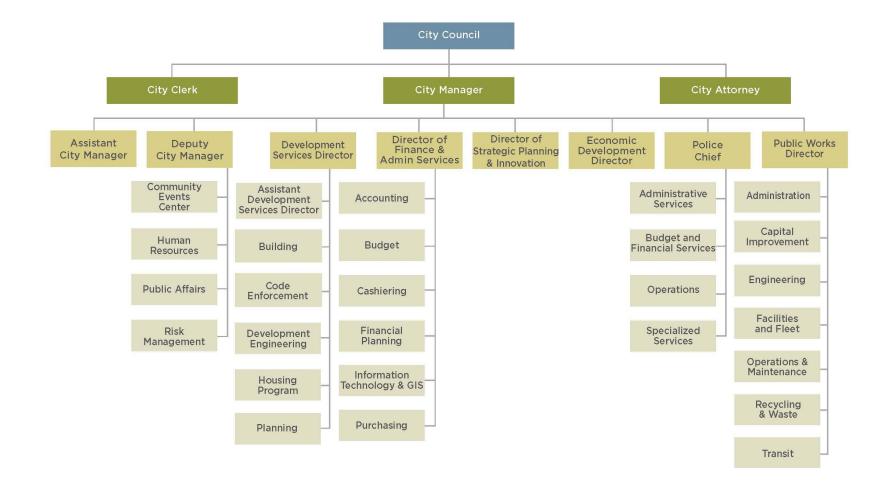
Christophen P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

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COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

CITY COUNCIL



From left to right: Stephanie Nguyen, Councilmember; Pat Hume, Vice Mayor; Steve Ly, Mayor; Steven Detrick, Councilmember; Darren Suen, Councilmember



COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

EXECUTIVE TEAM

Jason Behrmann, City Manager Kara Reddig, Deputy City Manager Brad Koehn, Finance Director Tim Albright, Chief of Police Jonathan Hobbs, City Attorney Jason Lindgren, City Clerk Darren Wilson, Development Services Director Robert Murdoch, Public Works Director Darrel Doan, Economic Development Director Christopher Jordan, Director of Strategic Planning & Innovation



LOCATION MAP



COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

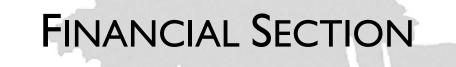
ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

Prepared by the City of Elk Grove Finance Department Accounting Division

> Marsha Ley, Accounting Manager Jannet Meyer, Administrative Analyst Eric Swensen, Senior Accountant Olga Voronova, Senior Accountant Jude Kennedy, Accounting Technician Maria Rodriguez, Payroll Technician Fiera Dolar, Accounting Technician Leticia Gomez, Accounting Technician Whitney Ladrido, Administrative Assistant



COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019







INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Members of the City Council City of Elk Grove, California

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Elk Grove, California, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the Table of Contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the City's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of a Matter

As discussed in Note 17, the City restated the net position of governmental activities and the fund balance of the Roadway Fee Fund, Capital Facilities Fund and Mitigation and Fee Fund related to the accounting for fee credit liabilities. The emphasis of this matter does not constitute a modification to our opinions.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and other Required Supplementary Information as listed in the Table of Contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The Introductory Section, Supplemental Information, and Statistical Section listed in the Table of Contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Supplemental Information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Supplemental Information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The Introductory and Statistical Sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 17, 2019, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Mane & associates

Pleasant Hill, California December 17, 2019

Management's Discussion and Analysis (unaudited)

This section of the City of Elk Grove's (City) Comprehensive Annual Financial Report presents a discussion and analysis of the City's financial performance during the year ended June 30, 2019. Please read it in conjunction with the City's basic financial statements following this section.

FISCAL YEAR 2019 FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- City's assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the 2018-19 fiscal year by \$1.4 billion (*Net Position*). Of this amount, \$279 million is restricted for capital projects, debt service and legally segregated taxes, grants and fees; and \$1.1 billion is invested in capital assets.
- As of June 30, 2019, the governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$267 million, of which is all available to meet the City's current and future needs (*Restricted, Committed, Assigned and Unassigned balances*).
- Governmental capital assets increased by nearly \$69 million prior to depreciation in comparison with the prior year representing capital street improvements, facilities, and equipment. The increase is reflected in the net investment in capital assets.
- The City's total long-term liabilities decreased by \$3.2 million compared to the prior year.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements comprise three components 1) **Government-wide** financial statements; 2) **Fund** financial statements and, 3) **Notes** to the basic financial statements. Required Supplementary Information is included in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The <u>Statement of Net Position</u> presents information on all City Assets and Deferred Outflows and Liabilities and Deferred Inflows, with the difference reported as *Net Position*. Over time, increases or decreases in Net Position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The <u>Statement of Activities</u> presents information showing how Net Position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in Net Position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused annual and administrative leave).

Both of these government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety, public ways and facilities, and community development. The business-type activities of the City include Recycling and Waste, Transit, and Drainage. **The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 19-21 of this report. Fund Financial Statements** are groupings of related accounts that are used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate finance-related legal compliance. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: *governmental funds, proprietary funds,* and *fiduciary funds*.

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements,

governmental funds financial statements focus on *near-term inflows* and *outflows of spendable resources*, as well as on *balances of spendable resources* available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a City's near-term financing requirements. The City considers revenue to be available if collected within 60 days after the fiscal year end.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The City currently maintains approximately 90 governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, Affordable Housing Fund, Federal Capital Grants Fund, Roadway Fee Fund, Mitigation and Fee Fund, Laguna Ridge CFD 2005-1 Fund, Elk Grove Finance Authority 2018 Debt Service Funds. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* elsewhere in this report.

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for all funds. Budgetary comparison statements have been provided as required supplementary information to demonstrate compliance with the budget. **The governmental funds financial statements can be found on pages 22-27 of this report.**

Proprietary funds are maintained two ways. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for Recycling and Waste, Transit and Drainage enterprises. *Internal service funds* are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. The City uses internal service funds to account for its risk management, facilities, fleet and equipment maintenance and improvement, information technology, and GIS services. Because these services predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The City's internal service funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary funds financial statements. Individual fund data for the internal service funds is provided in the supplementary information section of this report. The proprietary funds financial statements can be found on pages 28-30 of this report.

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds. **The fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on page 31-32 of this report.**

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements provide additional information that is essential to comprehend the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. **The notes can be found on pages 33-84 of this report.**

Required Supplementary Information is presented on the General Fund and major Special Revenue Fund budgetary schedules. The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the General Fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget. The required supplementary information can be found on pages 85-92 of this report.

The combining and individual fund statements and schedules information for non-major governmental funds, enterprise and internal service funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information. Combining and individual fund statements and the supplementary budgetary comparison schedule for the major capital projects fund can be found on pages 93-184 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

This analysis focuses on the Net Position and changes in Net Position of the City as a whole.

		Governmental activities			Business-type activities				Total				
201		2019	2019 2018*			2019		2018		2019		2018	
Current and other assets	\$	314,987,460	\$	317,872,721	\$	39,704,025	\$	35,689,363	\$	354,691,485	\$	353,562,084	
Capital assets		1,095,188,224		1,072,845,094		42,440,692		40,067,648		1,137,628,916		1,112,912,742	
Total Assets		1,410,175,684		1,390,717,815	_	82,144,717		75,757,011		1,492,320,401		1,466,474,826	
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions		13,278,752		17,358,264		-		-		13,278,752		17,358,264	
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB		15,388		187,105		-		-		15,388		187,105	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		13,294,140		17,545,369	_	-		-		13,294,140		17,545,369	
Current and other liabilities		28 221 025		27 (22 701		4 00 4 500		2 005 272		22 205 525		40.529.072	
		28,221,025		37,633,701		4,084,500		2,905,272		32,305,525		40,538,973	
Long-term liabilities		43,472,989		46,669,510		8,976,441		9,228,536		52,449,430		55,898,046	
Total Liabilities		71,694,014		84,303,211		13,060,941		12,133,808		84,754,955		96,437,019	
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions		1,243,727		2,290,808		-		-		1,243,727		2,290,808	
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB		186,358		192,459		-		-		186,358		192,459	
		1,430,085		2,483,267		-		-		1,430,085		2,483,267	
Net Position: Net investment in Capital													
Assets		1,076,838,610		1,064,872,794		34,554,021		32,936,365		1,111,392,631		1,097,809,159	
Restricted Net Position		277,972,813		326,370,869		1,293,918		187,918		279,266,731		326,558,787	
Unrestricted Net Position		(4,465,698)		(69,766,957)		33,235,837		30,498,920		28,770,139		(39,268,037)	
Total Net Position	\$	1,350,345,725	\$	1,321,476,706	\$	69,083,776	\$	63,623,203	\$	1,419,429,501	\$	1,385,099,909	

City of Elk Grove Net Position

*Not restated for the effects of the changes discussed in Note 17.

The City's Net Position totaled \$1.42 billion as of June 30, 2019, an increase of \$34.5 million as compared to fiscal year ended 2018. The City's Capital Improvement Projects activity increased over the prior year such as the Community and Aquatic Centers, Animal Shelter, Southeast Policy Area (SEPA) Sewer Pump Station, and Bilby Road Improvements.

The change in Net Position is reflected in the Statement of Net Position table on page 19.

The City's government-wide Net Position as of June 30, 2019, comprised the following:

- Cash and investments comprised of \$248 million in the city treasury and \$15.6 million of restricted cash held by fiscal agents. Substantially all of the city treasury amounts were held in relatively short- and medium-term investments in securities to support operating activities, as detailed in Note 2 on pages 44-50 to the financial statements.
- Governmental receivables comprised \$16.5 million of current receivables and long-term receivables of \$70 million, which are over one year or longer time periods. Long-term receivables remained flat from prior year due to development fee deferrals and/or credits and due to the recording of additional Affordable Housing loans and subsidies. The low to moderate housing loans have varying repayment terms and interest rates. The terms and details of these programs can be found in Note 3 on pages 50-52.
- Net capital assets of over \$1 billion include the City's entire infrastructure in addition to all other City assets.
- Governmental current liabilities, totaling nearly \$28 million, include accounts payable, refundable deposits, unearned revenue, and other miscellaneous amounts.

• Restricted Net Position, totaling \$279 million; \$78 million to construct specified capital projects, and \$201 million may be spent on other projects specified by funding source restrictions.

The following tables indicate the changes in Net Position:

	Gover	Governmental Activities				Business-type Activities				Total			
	2019 2		2018(1)		2019		2018		2019		2018		
Revenues:													
Program revenues:													
Fees, fines and charges for services	\$ 33,272,	391	\$	32,580,517	\$	10,783,190	\$	10,660,205	\$	44,055,581	\$	43,240,722	
Operating grants and contributions	22,117,	570		22,515,041		11,421,609		12,576,884		33,539,279		35,091,925	
Capital grants and contributions	36,757,	932		12,679,620		-		-		36,757,932		12,679,620	
	92,147,	993		67,775,178		22,204,799		23,237,089		114,352,792		91,012,267	
General Revenues:													
Property taxes	26,276,	570		25,079,951		1,532,613		1,456,673		27,809,183		26,536,624	
Sales and use taxes	29,355,	281		27,320,405		-		-		29,355,281		27,320,405	
Other taxes	11,756,	951		11,580,750		-		-		11,756,951		11,580,750	
Other revenue ⁽³⁾	11,754,	931		3,946,919		1,233,757	33,757 138,462			12,988,688		4,085,381	
	79,143,	733		67,928,025		2,766,370		1,595,135		81,910,103		69,523,160	
Total Revenues	171,291,	726		135,703,203		24,971,169		24,832,224		196,262,895		160,535,427	
Expenses:													
General government	24,142,	527		25,593,798		-		-		24,142,627		25,593,798	
Public safety	41,095,			38,640,457		-		-		41,095,844		38,640,457	
Public ways and facilities	81,387,			71,142,386		-		-		81,387,088		71,142,386	
Community development	10,325,			9,714,155		-		-		10,325,402		9,714,155	
Interest on long-term debt	819,			565,679		-		-		819,458		565,679	
Recycling & Waste	,	-		-		3,170,889		3,295,078		3,170,889		3,295,078	
Transit		-		-		11,037,095		10,985,466		11,037,095		10,985,466	
Drainage		-		-		4,574,416		4,534,163		4,574,416		4,534,163	
Total Expenses	157,770,	419		145,656,475		18,782,400		18,814,707		176,552,819		164,471,182	
Excess (deficiency) before transfers	13,521,	307		(9,953,272)		6,188,769		6,017,517		19,710,076		(3,935,755)	
Transfers	728,	196		1,010,576		(728,196)		(1,010,576)					
Change in Net Position	14,249,	503		(8,942,696)		5,460,573		5,006,941		19,710,076		(3,935,755)	
Net Position - Beginning, as restated ⁽²⁾	1,336,096,	222		1,330,419,402		63,623,203		58,616,262		1,399,719,425		1,389,035,664	
Net Position - Ending	\$ 1,350,345,	725	\$	1,321,476,706	\$	69,083,776	\$	63,623,203	\$	1,419,429,501	\$	1,385,099,909	

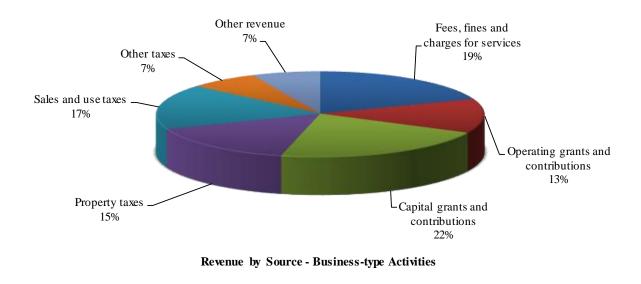
City of Elk Grove Changes in Net Position For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

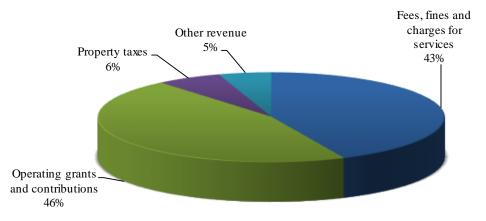
⁽¹⁾ Not restated for the effects of the changes discussed in Note 17.

⁽²⁾ Balance at July 1, 2018 has been restated for the effects of the changes discussed in Note 17.

(3) If unrealized gains/losses were not included the net change between years is practically flat. The unrealized gains will be reversed over time.

Revenue by Source - Governmental Activities





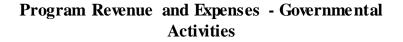
As the previous tables show, \$114 million, or 58% of the City's fiscal year 2018-19 revenues are derived from program revenues and \$82 million, or 42%, from general revenues such as taxes and interest. The City's program revenue increased by \$23 million or by 20% in fiscal year 2018-19. City's general revenue increased by \$12.3 million or by 15%.

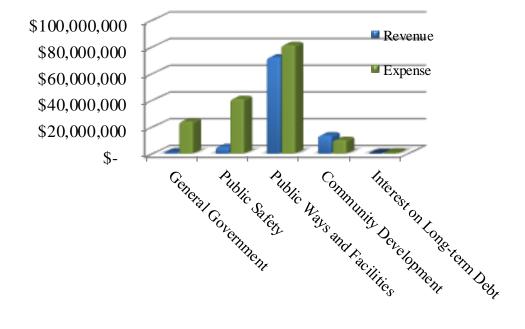
Under Governmental Activities, other revenue increased from \$3.9 million in fiscal year 2017-18 to \$11.7 million in fiscal year 2018-19. Other revenue consists of use of money and property and miscellaneous reimbursements. The major increase was in the use of money and property category in fiscal year 2018-19 due to the market value adjustment. If unrealized gains/losses were not included, the net change between years is minimal. Since the City's Investment Policy expectation is that the investment will be held to maturity, the unrealized gains will be reversed over time.

Program Revenue and Expense - Governmental Activities

	Revenue	Expense			
General Government	\$ 1,045,391	\$	24,142,627		
Public Safety	5,170,506		41,095,844		
Public Ways and Facilities	72,171,930		81,387,088		
Community Development	13,760,166		10,325,402		
Interest on Long-term Debt	 -		819,458		
	\$ 92,147,993	\$	157,770,419		

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019



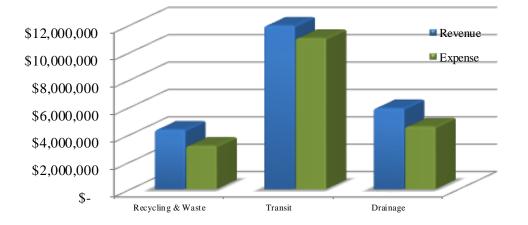


Governmental activities program related expenses exceeded revenues during the fiscal year due to increase in Public Safety and Public Ways and Facilities expense. Public Safety expense increased as a result of increases in payroll from additional staff hired during the fiscal year. The Public Ways and Facility increase was partially due to an early settlement of certain existing developer reimbursement agreements at a discounted rate in fiscal year 2018-19.

Program Revenue and Expense - Business-type Activities

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Revenue	Expense
Recycling & Waste	\$ 4,346,043	\$ 3,170,889
Transit	11,945,484	11,037,095
Drainage	 5,913,272	 4,574,416
	\$ 22,204,799	\$ 18,782,400



Program Revenue and Expense - Business-type Activities

The City's Recycling and Waste and Drainage revenues continue to support their activities. Transit revenue exceeds expenses in the current year due to a subsidy from the General Fund that "forgives" a portion of the transit deficit fund balance.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the City uses *fund accounting* to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

<u>Governmental funds.</u> The general government functions are reported in the General, Special Revenue, Debt Service, and Capital Project Funds. The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. The classification of spendable fund balances to committed, assigned and unassigned, is intended to be more helpful in measuring the resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

Seven major funds (one special revenue, four capital project and two debt service funds) and the general fund were included in the city's governmental fund statements in the 2018-19 fiscal year. An analysis of significant balances and transactions are as follows:

General Fund – General fund revenues experienced an overall increase of 7%. Property taxes increased 4.7%. Per the Sacramento County Assessor Report the City of Elk Grove Net Taxable Assessed Value increased by 6.4%. Sales and use tax increased 7.5%. Transient occupancy tax increased nearly 4.5%. Net increase in General Fund balance is \$4.9 million.

Affordable Housing Fund – The City imposes a fee on residential development to provide financing assistance for adequate low income housing in the City. Loans are granted and repaid with varied interest rates and prepayment time.

Roadway Fee Fund – The City imposes a citywide fee on development to fund center lanes and medians of major roadway, intersections, interchanges and bridges. In fiscal year 2018-19 fee credits were removed from the face of the financial statements and are disclosed in the footnotes, which caused restatement of the fund balance for Roadway Fee Fund. The fund balance increased by \$1.6 million. Licenses, fees and permits increased by 8.7%. Permit fee rates for residential constructions increased by 7.8% and commercial permits fee rated increased by 7.9%. The City received a federal grant that increased the intergovernmental revenue by \$3.4 million in the Roadway Fee fund for the Bradshaw/Sheldon intersection project.

Mitigation and Fee Fund – These funds were established to supplement various fees in specific areas, which are paid directly to the City via developer fees. Licenses, fees and permits decreased by \$928 thousand. Use of money

and property increased significantly due to the market value adjustments which is primarily unrealized investment gains. Since the City's Investment Policy expectation is that the investments will be held to maturity, the unrealized gains will be reversed over time. If the market value adjustment is not taken into consideration the use of money and property decreased by \$129 thousand. There was a \$16 million increase in Public Ways and Facilities expenditures. The increase in the expenditures was due to several projects that occurred in fiscal year 2018-19: Oasis park, Senior center, Aquatic Center, and Community Center. An additional factor that caused expenses to increase was an early settlement of certain existing reimbursement agreements at a discounted rate in fiscal year 2018-19.

Laguna Ridge CFD 2005-1 Fund – This fund was established to account for special taxes to fund the cost of infrastructure within the boundaries of the Finance District.

Elk Grove Finance Authority – Both funds were stablished to account for EGFA debt service activity which includes any debt financed through the EGFA.

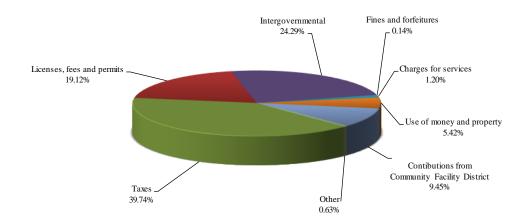
Governmental Funds – Revenues by Source

The following table presents the amount of governmental revenues from various sources:

Revenues Classified by Source Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2019

Revenues by Source	 2019	 2018	% Change
Taxes	\$ 67,388,802	\$ 63,981,106	5.33%
Licenses, fees and permits	32,430,388	29,558,628	9.72%
Intergovernmental	41,196,733	30,160,655	36.59%
Fines and forfeitures	245,488	281,523	-12.80%
Charges for services	2,036,472	3,219,568	-36.75%
Use of money and property	9,196,276	1,882,216	388.59%
Contibutions from Community Facility District	16,030,000	1,400,000	1045.00%
Contributions	-	1,000,000	-100.00%
Other	 1,067,530	 991,515	7.67%
Total Revenues	\$ 169,591,689	\$ 132,475,211	28.02%

Revenues by Source - Governmental Funds



Governmental revenues increased by 28% or \$37 million from the prior fiscal year. Tax revenues increased by 5.3% or \$3.4 million in fiscal year 2018-19. Property taxes grew by 4.7%. Based on Sacramento County Assessor Report property assessed valuations increased by 6.4%. Sales Taxes increased by 7.5% due to significant increases that are driven by increases in Building and Construction, Food & Drugs, Fuel & Service Stations, General Consumer Goods, and State & County Pools. Contributions from the Community Facility District (CFD) increased by \$14.6 million. The portion of the CFD contributions were related to developers' reimbursement for infrastructure improvements.

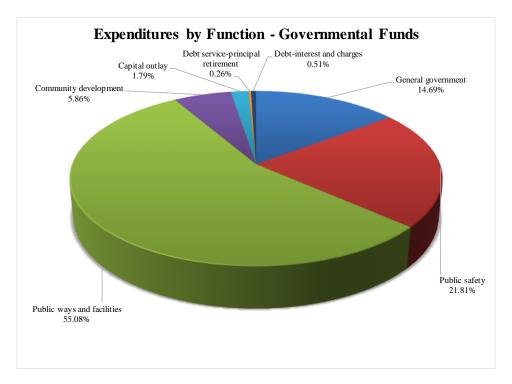
The overall increase in governmental funds in Licenses Fees and Permits category was \$2.8 million or 9.7%. The overall increase in residential permits was about 33%. Intergovernmental revenues increased by 36%. CFD taxes in the amount of \$7.2 million were classified under intergovernmental in fiscal year 2018-19. Additionally, the increase was due to the increased grant funding across various funds. A full year of Senate Bill 1 (SB1) allocations were received in fiscal year 2018-19, in additon to SB1 allocations, the City received SB1 competitive grant funding.

Governmental Funds – Expenditures by Function

The following table presents governmental expenditures by function:

Expenditures by Function Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2019

Expenditures by Function	 2019	 2018	% Change
General government	\$ 26,866,864	\$ 26,431,508	1.65%
Public safety	39,898,125	37,703,232	5.82%
Public ways and facilities	100,760,979	80,059,131	25.86%
Community development	10,718,894	9,522,145	12.57%
Capital outlay	3,272,922	6,752,813	-51.53%
Debt service-principal retirement	470,000	265,000	77.36%
Debt-interest and charges	 940,136	 469,879	100.08%
Total Expenditures	\$ 182,927,920	\$ 161,203,708	13.48%



General governmental expenditures increased 13.5% or \$22 million, the City's Public Safety expenditures slightly increased 5.8% or \$2.1 million due primarily to increased positions and equipment, while Public Ways and Facilities increased 25.9% or \$20.7 million, mainly because in fiscal year 2018-19 the City had several significant constructions in progress: Community and Aquatic Centers, SEPA Sewer Lift Station and Bradshaw/Sheldon Intersection.

<u>Proprietary funds</u>. The City's proprietary enterprise funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY TO ACTUAL HIGHLIGHTS

Actual revenues exceeded the final amended budget by \$2.0 million.

- Actual property tax increased over the prior year by \$1.2 million, it surpassed budget projections by \$56 thousand. This is primarily due to the increase in property values in fiscal year 2018-19.
- Sales and Use Tax revenues were \$1.1 million over revenue projections; revenues exceeded the prior year's receipts by \$2 million. The increase reflects year-over-year more than expected increases primarily in State and County pools driven by online sales. Significant increases also occurred in the Business and Industry, Building and Construction, and Fuel & Service Station sectors which contributed to the overall increase.
- Use of money and property exceeded the revenue projection amount by \$984 thousand. The increase in use of money and property was due to the changes in the fair value of investments and are unrealized investment gains.

The actual expenditures were \$5 million below budget expectations. The main components of the difference between final budget and actuals include:

• Law enforcement actuals were \$2.7 million below expectations primarily generated in salary savings and benefits, and professional services. Salary and Benefit savings were realized in the transition between employee terminations and the time needed to recruit and hire new employees. Another reason for actuals

being below the final budget was that an IT Intergraph project was rolled over to fiscal year 2019-20.

• City Manager department actuals were \$1.4 million below budget projections. The Community/Mobility Resilience Plan and Old Town Sheldon Visioning budget were authorized to roll-over into the subsequent fiscal year. The budget had anticipated retaining additional consultant services for the General Plan-Zoning Consistency Project. After completion of the General Plan staff determined that this effort could be completed in-house and that consultant services were no longer required. The budgeted amounts for special projects exceeded the actuals. Several special projects were delayed and are expected to commence in fiscal year 2019-20. In addition, the Assistant City Manager position remained vacant.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

Capital assets for the governmental and business-type activities are presented below to illustrate changes from the prior year:

	Governmental			ntal	Busine	ss-ty	ре		To	tal	
-	2019			2018	 2019		2018	2019			2018
Land Construction in progress	\$	201,939,289 143,401,681	\$	200,977,744 90,434,740	\$ 6,704,548 5,960,338	\$	6,669,987 4,407,471	\$	208,643,837 149,362,019	\$	207,647,731 94,842,211
Other capital assets		244,340		-	-		-		244,340		-
Infrastructure		1,489,340,147		1,475,974,378	8,095,650		6,831,701		1,497,435,797		1,482,806,079
Land improvements		892,265		-	485,021		-		1,377,286		-
Building and improvements		37,332,233		37,332,233	11,869,051		10,954,575		49,201,284		48,286,808
Vehicles and equipment		15,435,317		14,816,014	25,896,766		25,976,852		41,332,083		40,792,866
Parks and park improvements		6,230,310		6,230,310	-		-		6,230,310		6,230,310
Other capital assets, depreciabl		109,752		-	-		-		109,752		-
Accumulated depreciation		(799,737,110)		(752,920,325)	 (16,570,682)	((14,772,938)		(816,307,792)		(767,693,263)
Total	\$	1,095,188,224	\$	1,072,845,094	\$ 42,440,692	\$	40,067,648	\$	1,137,628,916	\$	1,112,912,742

Capital Assets at End of Year

The City's investment in capital assets as of June 30, 2019, totaled \$1.14 billion, (net of accumulated depreciation). The investment in capital assets includes land, infrastructure, building and improvements, equipment, parks and park improvements and construction in progress. The increase in the City's investment in capital assets prior to accumulated depreciation for the current year totals \$73 million (\$69 million in Governmental funds) which funded construction in progress, infrastructure and equipment. Additional information on the City's investment in capital assets can be found in Note 4 to the financial statements on pages 52-54.

Debt Administration

The following schedule shows the changes in bonds payable for the year:

Bonds Payable

	Governmental Activities			Business-type Activities				То	Increase (Decrease)	
Governmental Activities	 2019		2018	 2019		2018		2019	 2018	% Change
Lease revenue bond debt	\$ 22,735,000	\$	23,205,000	\$ 8,915,000	\$	9,165,000	\$	31,650,000	\$ 32,370,000	-2%
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 22,735,000	\$	23,205,000	\$ 8,915,000	\$	9,165,000	\$	31,650,000	\$ 32,370,000	-2%

No new debt was issued in fiscal year 2019. In the prior fiscal year, on April 5, 2018, the Elk Grove Finance Authority issued the Series 2018 Lease Revenue Bonds in the amount of \$18,530,000 to fund the construction of the City's new Animal Shelter and the purchase of surplus land from the Los Rios Community College District. The bonds have interest rates of 3.0% to 5.0% and mature beginning November 1, 2019 through November 1, 2038. The information on the City's long-term debt, including the City's Net Pension Liability can be found in Note 6 to the financial statements on pages 55-58.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget

- According to the California Employment Development Department, the City's unemployment rate continues to be extremely low, and as of June 2019 was 3.4%. The City is doing well compared to Sacramento County's unemployment rate at 3.9% as of June 2019 and the Sacramento Metro Area at 3.7%.
- Sales and Use Tax receipts experienced an increase of 7.5% over the prior fiscal year. The increase was due to significant increases that occurred in the Business and Industry, Building and Construction, and Fuel & Service Station sectors.
- An actuarial report on HRA and Rate Subsidy Plan were completed in November 2019 and the Rate Subsidy Plan is over 100% funded and the HRA Plan is 67% funded. The HRA plan was closed to new employees in 2009.
- The City made an additional payment of just over \$1.9 million to PERS (over and above the required payment) to accelerate funding towards the City's unfunded pension liability. The City had budgeted an accelerated payment but also realized salary and benefit savings during the fiscal year that were redirected as an accelerated payment to the pension liability. This accelerated payment will both reduce the pension liability and also reduce future required unfunded liability payments.

All of these factors were considered in preparing the City's budget for fiscal year 2019-20.

Other Subsequent Events and Economic Factors were:

- After completing the assessment and analysis of the City's existing and future office needs, including spatial needs, staffing levels, departmental adjacencies, and location and functionality of the existing facilities and campuses, it was identified that the City's Police Department needs an additional 8,000 to 12,000 square feet in the near term (0-5 years). The City's decision was to purchase the property located at 9362 Studio Court in September 2019. The Property is nearly 9,000 square feet and has been identified in the Draft Master Plan as a preferred site for the expansion of City facilities and is located directly behind 8400 Laguna Palms Way, which currently houses the City's Police Department and Council Chambers.
- The City contracts with the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) to provide retirement benefits to the City employees. Increasing CalPERS costs have been widely reported to be increasing for many local agencies. The City's CalPERS costs are also projected to increase compared to current costs, but the City has actively planned accelerated payments to the unfunded liability which will constrain some of those increasing costs. Since fiscal year 2016 the City periodically makes the accelerated payments to the unfunded liability. The savings from interest costs are likely to be similar to the amount of the accelerated payments overtime and the aggregate of all plans has brought the funding level to around 85%.

• Since both the City in 2012 and State in 2013 implemented Pension Reform, the City has realized an increase in the number of employees enrolled in the less expensive Tier 2 and Tier 3 plans. Similarly, there has been a reduction in employees enrolled in the Tier 1 plans as employees leave employment with the City. The table below demonstrates the changes and the fiscal year 2018-19 employer rate that the City pays for each tier. It is also important to note that PERS is an Alternative Retirement System that replaces Social Security for employees. The PERS employer rate that the City pays is instead of the 6.2% Social Security rate and not in addition to.

Year	Misc. Tier 1	Misc. Tier 2	Misc. Tier 3	Safety Tier 1	Safety Tier 2	Safety Tier 3	Total
FY 2012	153	0	0	134	0	0	287
FY 2013	143	9	3	138	2	2	297
FY 2014	126	14	15	113	8	6	282
FY 2015	110	16	34	107	16	14	297
FY 2016	104	20	49	97	22	21	313
FY 2017	100	22	58	85	21	30	316
FY 2018	98	23	64	81	22	33	321
FY 2019	87	29	95	69	27	43	350
Employer Rate FY 2019(*)	12.212%	9.409%	6.842%	17.556%	15.677%	9.141%	

*Current fiscal year 2019 employer rate adjusted by 3% employer rate paid by the POA and PMA employees per their MOU agreement.

- The Kammerer Road Extension Project is the top infrastructure priority for Elk Grove. This project is programmed in the current CIP as a divided two-lane extension of Kammerer Road from Lent Ranch Parkway to Interstate 5. This initial work is the first phase of a larger four-lane project currently in the Environmental Phase with the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) which is completed. The National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) work is scheduled for completion by the end of the 2019 calendar year.
- There is enough funding for a divided two-lane road on Kammerer from Lent Ranch Road to Bruceville Road. Construction from Lent Ranch Road to Big Horn Boulevard is anticipated to begin in the summer of 2020. Construction from Big Horn Boulevard to Bruceville Road is anticipated to begin in the summer of 2021. There is also enough funding to complete the design and acquire the needed right of way for the two-lane extension from Bruceville Road to I-5. This will leave the City with a shovel ready \$42 million project. This will require \$16 million in local funds, and \$26 million in grant funding to complete the two-lane extension to I-5.
- The City and the County of Sacramento (County) entered into a revenue neutrality agreement when the City incorporated to help mitigate the financial impacts on the County regarding property tax revenues. Each year the expense to the City's general fund decreases a minimum of \$800 thousand until fiscal year 2025/26. More information can be found in Note 15 on page 79.
- The five-year forecast projects that the City's economic conditions remain healthy. Ongoing discretionary payments are forecasted to be sent to CalPERS in the amount of \$900 thousand towards City's unfunded liability. In addition, the City is also anticipating to continue the discretionary annual contributions to the Capital Reserve Fund of \$1.2 million. This funding is available to be used as a stream of funds for capital projects.
- The City is projecting over the Five Year Forecast to maintain a Reserve Economic Uncertainty of 25% and 5% balance in the Opportunity Reserve. Fund Balance generation over this combined 30% is expected all years of the forecast. The amount over 30% is deposited in equal shares into the City's Capital Reserve Fund and the Economic Development Fund.

Request for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to:

Finance Director 8401 Laguna Palms Way Elk Grove, CA 95758 (916)683-7111

Or you may visit our website at <u>www.elkgrovecity.org</u> for contact information.

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Statement of Net Position June 30, 2019

]	Primar	y Government	:	
	C	Governmental		siness-Type		
		Activities	A	Activities		Total
ASSETS						
Cash and investments	\$	213,503,580	\$	34,586,319	\$	248,089,899
Cash and investments with fiscal agent		13,978,630		1,028,329		15,006,959
Restricted cash		21,261		575,685		596,946
Accounts receivable, net		1,777,411		1,813,126		3,590,537
Taxes receivable		6,252,254		-		6,252,254
Interest receivable		1,620,139		37,080		1,657,219
Due from other government agencies		6,816,895		2,962,801		9,779,696
Long-term loans receivable		64,265,964		7,312		64,273,276
Affordable housing subsidies receivable		2,289,038		-		2,289,038
Long-term development fees receivable		2,922,596		-		2,922,596
Internal balances		1,306,627		(1,306,627)		-
Net OPEB asset		233,065		-		233,065
Capital Assets:						
Nondepreciable		345,585,310		12,664,886		358,250,196
Depreciable, net		749,602,914		29,775,806		779,378,720
Total Assets		1,410,175,684		82,144,717		1,492,320,401
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		<u> </u>				
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions		13,278,752		-		13,278,752
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB		15,388		-		15,388
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		13,294,140		-		13,294,140
LIABILITIES						
Accounts and retention payable		19,080,154		3,404,006		22,484,160
Accrued salaries and benefits		1,088,714		26,137		1,114,851
Interest payable		152,964		-		152,964
Refundable deposits		1,419,545		83,422		1,502,967
Unearned revenue		6,479,648		570,935		7,050,583
Long-Term Liabilities:						
Portion due or payable within one year:						
Bonds payable		1,080,000		260,000		1,340,000
Compensated absences		452,490		5,899		458,389
Portion due or payable after one year:						
Bonds payable		21,655,000		8,655,000		30,310,000
Compensated absences		4,260,952		55,542		4,316,494
Claims payable		397,000		-		397,000
Net pension liability		13,990,216		-		13,990,216
Net OPEB liability		1,637,331		-		1,637,331
Total Liabilities		71,694,014		13,060,941		84,754,955
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions		1,243,727		-		1,243,727
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB		186,358		-		186,358
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		1,430,085		-		1,430,085
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets		1,076,838,610		34,554,021		1,111,392,631
Restricted for:						
Capital projects		77,968,342		-		77,968,342
Operating		-		1,293,918		1,293,918
Affordable housing projects		150,475,311		-		150,475,311
Special revenue projects		49,529,160		-		49,529,160
Unrestricted		(4,465,698)		33,235,837		28,770,139
Total Net Position	\$	1,350,345,725	\$	69,083,776	\$	1,419,429,501

Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

					Prog	gram Revenu	es	
Functions/Programs		Expenses		Gees, Fines and Charges forOperating Grants and Contributions			Capital Grants and ontributions	
Primary Government:								
General Government	\$	24,142,627	\$	847,681	\$	197,710	\$	-
Public Safety		41,095,844		14,800		4,823,318		332,388
Public Ways and Facilities		81,387,088		26,637,537		9,872,125		35,662,268
Community Development		10,325,402		5,772,373		7,224,517		763,276
Debt Service - Interest		819,458		-		-		-
Total Governmental Activities		157,770,419		33,272,391		22,117,670		36,757,932
Business-Type Activities:								
Solid Waste		3,170,889		3,791,031		555,012		-
Transit		11,037,095		1,289,226		10,656,258		-
Drainage		4,574,416		5,702,933		210,339		-
Total Business-Type Activities		18,782,400		10,783,190		11,421,609		-
Total Primary Government	\$	176,552,819	\$	44,055,581	\$	33,539,279	\$	36,757,932
		eral Revenues	:					
		Property taxes						
		Sales and use t	av					
		Utility user tax						
		Transient occu		ev tax				
		Property transf						
		Franchise tax						
		ther revenue						
	Tra	nsfers						
		Total Gener	al Re	evenues and [Гran	sfers		
		Change in	n Net	Position				
	Net	Position - Beg	innir	ng, as restated	ł (No	ote 17)		
	Net	Position - End	ing					

a	1	·		
C	hanges	s in Net Positio	n	
	Primar	y Government		
overnmental	Bus	iness-Type		
Activities	A	Activities		Total
(23,097,236)	\$	-	\$	(23,097,236)
(35,925,338)		-		(35,925,338)
(9,215,158)		-		(9,215,158)
3,434,764		-		3,434,764
(819,458)		-		(819,458)
(65,622,426)		-		(65,622,426)
-		1,175,154		1,175,154
-		908,389		908,389
-	_	1,338,856		1,338,856
-		3,422,399		3,422,399
((5 (22 42))		2 422 200		((2) 200 027)
(03,022,420)		3,422,399		(62,200,027)
26,276,570		1,532,613		27,809,183
29,355,281		-		29,355,281
5,847,341		-		5,847,341
2,154,659		-		2,154,659
1,145,189		-		1,145,189
2,609,762		-		2,609,762
11,754,931		1,233,757		12,988,688
728,196		(728,196)		-
79,871,929		2,038,174		81,910,103
14,249,503		5,460,573		19,710,076
1,336,096,222		63,623,203		1,399,719,425
1,350,345,725	\$	69,083,776	\$	1,419,429,501
	iovernmental Activities (23,097,236) (35,925,338) (9,215,158) 3,434,764 (819,458) (65,622,426) - - - (65,622,426) 26,276,570 29,355,281 5,847,341 2,154,659 1,145,189 2,609,762 11,754,931 728,196 79,871,929 14,249,503 1,336,096,222	Primar iovernmental Bus Activities A (23,097,236) \$ (35,925,338) (35,925,338) (9,215,158) 3,434,764 (819,458) (65,622,426) - - - - (65,622,426) - - - (65,622,426) - - - - - - - (65,622,426) - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - 26,276,570	Primary GovernmentActivitiesBusiness-Type Activities $(23,097,236)$ \$ $(23,097,236)$ \$ $(35,925,338)$ - $(35,925,338)$ - $(9,215,158)$ - $3,434,764$ - $(819,458)$ - $(65,622,426)$ - $(65,622,426)$ - $ 1,175,154$ $ 908,389$ $ 1,338,856$ $ 3,422,399$ $(65,622,426)$ $3,422,399$ $(65,622,426)$ $3,422,399$ $(65,622,426)$ $3,422,399$ $26,276,570$ $1,532,613$ $29,355,281$ - $ 3,422,399$ $26,276,570$ $1,532,613$ $29,355,281$ - $ 3,422,399$ $26,276,570$ $1,532,613$ $29,355,281$ - $ 1,532,613$ $29,355,281$ - $ 1,532,613$ $29,355,281$ - $1,145,189$ - $2,609,762$ - $11,754,931$ $1,233,757$ $728,196$ $(728,196)$ $79,871,929$ $2,038,174$ $14,249,503$ $5,460,573$ $1,336,096,222$ $63,623,203$	Business-Type Activities Business-Type Activities (23,097,236) \$ - \$ (35,925,338) - \$ \$ (9,215,158) - 3,434,764 - (819,458) - \$ \$ (65,622,426) - - \$ - 1,175,154 - \$ - 908,389 - \$ - 3,422,399 \$ \$ - 3,422,399 \$ \$ 26,276,570 1,532,613 \$ 29,355,281 - \$ - 3,422,399 \$ 26,276,570 1,532,613 \$ 29,355,281 - \$ - 3,422,399 \$ 2,609,762 - \$ 1,145,189 - \$ 2,609,762 - \$ 11,754,931 1,233,757 \$ 728,196 (728,196) \$ 79,871,929

Net (Expense) Revenue and

Governmental Funds Balance Sheet June 30, 2019

	G	eneral Fund	Affordable ousing Fund	Federal Capital Grants Fund			Roadway Fee Fund	
ASSETS			 					
Cash and investments	\$	33,990,631	\$ 16,859,801	\$	-	\$	32,728,572	
Cash and investments with fiscal agent		-	-		-		1,993,654	
Restricted cash and investments		-	-		-		_	
Accounts receivable, net		916,709	-		-		331,417	
Taxes receivable		6,178,038	-		-		-	
Interest receivable, net		36,933	1,273,542		2,565		37,284	
Due from other government agencies		1,284,571	-		4,245,327		-	
Due from other funds		165,029	-		-		4,270,007	
Advances to other funds		2,372,795	-		-		766,022	
Long-term loans receivable		-	63,711,956		-		-	
Affordable housing subsidies receivable		-	2,289,038		-		-	
Long-term development fees receivable		-	 359,668		-		2,117,168	
Total Assets	\$	44,944,706	\$ 84,494,005	\$	4,247,892	\$	42,244,124	
<u>LIABILITIES</u>								
Accounts payable	\$	1,504,041	\$ 35,423	\$	551,895	\$	1,659,883	
Accrued salaries and benefits		971,037	2,138		-		657	
Due to other funds		-	_		1,238,472		-	
Retention payable		4,033	-		50,502		70,143	
Refundable deposits		-	-		-		_	
Advances from other funds		-	-		2,388,589		-	
Unearned revenue		-	 -		-		6,376,875	
Total Liabilities		2,479,111	 37,561		4,229,458		8,107,558	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	<u>5</u>							
Unavailable revenue		98,472	 1,615,337		3,759,743		2,117,168	
FUND BALANCES								
Nonspendable		2,372,795	-		-		-	
Restricted		-	82,841,107		-		32,019,398	
Committed		37,444,232	-		-		-	
Assigned		2,359,382	-		-		-	
Unassigned		190,714	 -		(3,741,309)		-	
Total Fund Balances		42,367,123	 82,841,107		(3,741,309)		32,019,398	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of								
Resources and Fund Balances	\$	44,944,706	\$ 84,494,005	\$	4,247,892	\$	42,244,124	

	itigation and Fee Fund			I Aut	lk Grove Finance hority 2018 bt Service Fund	То	tal Nonmajor Funds		Total		
\$	21,326,360	\$	3,280,573	\$	296,490	\$	222,001	\$	93,016,638	\$	201,721,066
Ψ	-	Ψ	7,559,695	Ψ	-	Ψ	39,684	Ψ	4,385,597	Ψ	13,978,630
	_		1,557,675		-		-		21,261		21,261
	-		-		324		_		1,958,824		3,207,274
	_		-		-		-		74,216		6,252,254
	22,814		3,213		-		-		231,476		1,607,827
	,01 .		4,734		-		_		1,282,263		6,816,895
	-		-		-		_		-		4,435,036
	_		-		-		-		5,000,000		8,138,817
	-		-		-		-		554,008		64,265,964
	-		-		-		-		-		2,289,038
	-		-		-		-		445,760		2,922,596
\$	21,349,174	\$	10,848,215	\$	296,814	\$	261,685	\$	106,970,043	\$	315,656,658
\$	3,550,152	\$	2,222,675	\$	-	\$	_	\$	8,267,963	\$	17,792,032
	1,131		381		-		-		86,462		1,061,806
	-		-		-		-		266,756		1,505,228
	18,768		-		-		-		650,369		793,815
	-		-		-		-		1,419,545		1,419,545
	5,000,000		-		-		-		2,373,409		9,761,998
			-		-		-		102,773		6,479,648
	8,570,051		2,223,056		-		-		13,167,277		38,814,072
			-		-		-		2,426,192		10,016,912
	-		-		-		-		-		2,372,795
	12,779,123		8,625,159		296,814		261,685		93,648,565		230,471,851
	-		-		-		-		-		37,444,232
	-		-		-		-		-		2,359,382
	-		-		-		-		(2,271,991)		(5,822,586)
	12,779,123		8,625,159		296,814		261,685		91,376,574		266,825,674
\$	21,349,174	\$	10,848,215	\$	296,814	\$	261,685	\$	106,970,043	\$	315,656,658

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements. $$23\end{tabular}$

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position - Governmental Activities

June 30, 2019

Fund Balance - total governmental funds	\$ 266,825,674
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of Net Position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.	1,095,188,224
Certain other long-term assets are not available to pay current period expenditures and, therefore, are reported as unavailable revenue in the governmental funds.	8,547,706
Long term net OPEB asset is not a current financial resource and therefore not reported in the governmental funds.	233,065
Interest on long-term debt is recognized as it accrues, regardless of when it is due in the government-wide statements.	(152,964)
Internal service funds are used by the City to charge the cost of risk management and other services to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position.	
Internal service fund net position are: In governmental funds, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions and refunding are not reported because they are applicable to future periods. In the statement of net position, deferred outflows and inflows of resources are reported as follows:	10,804,945
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	13,278,752
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	(1,243,727)
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB	15,388
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	(186,358)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.	
Bonds payable	(22,735,000)
Net pension liability	(13,990,216)
Net OPEB liability	(1,637,331)
Compensated absences (excluding amount recorded in the internal service funds)	(4,602,433)
Net Position of governmental activities	\$ 1,350,345,725

Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	G	eneral Fund		Affordable using Fund	leral Capital rants Fund	Ro	adway Fee Fund
REVENUES			110	using I unu	 unts i und		1 unu
Taxes	\$	67,388,802	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
Licenses, fees and permits		550,773		4,061,294	-		8,919,834
Intergovernmental		197,710		-	3,738,425		3,422,919
Fines and forfeitures		245,488		-	-		-
Charges for services		102,414		-	-		-
Use of money and property		1,262,839		891,580	22,213		1,686,323
Contribution from Community Facility District		-		-	-		-
Other revenue		1,067,530		-	-		-
Total Revenues		70,815,556		4,952,874	3,760,638		14,029,076
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
General government		26,866,864		-	-		-
Public safety		38,784,191		-	-		-
Public ways and facilities		-		-	3,986,937		11,322,552
Community development		1,367,237		115,306	-		-
Capital outlay		3,272,922		-	-		-
Debt service:							
Tax administration		-		-	-		-
Principal		-		-	-		-
Interest		-		-	-		-
Total Expenditures		70,291,214		115,306	 3,986,937		11,322,552
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over							
(Under) Expenditures		524,342		4,837,568	(226,299)		2,706,524
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers in		6,517,838		-	300,000		60,814
Transfers out		(2,052,107)		(69,732)	(144,136)		(1,139,135)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		4,465,731		(69,732)	155,864		(1,078,321)
Net Change in Fund Balances		4,990,073		4,767,836	(70,435)		1,628,203
Fund Balances, Beginning, as Restated		37,377,050		78,073,271	 (3,670,874)		30,391,195
Fund Balances, Ending	\$	42,367,123	\$	82,841,107	\$ (3,741,309)	\$	32,019,398
							continued

Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances(continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	igation and Fee Fund	Laguna Ridge CFD 2005-1 Fund		Elk Grove Finance Authority Fund		Finance Authority		lk Grove ² inance uthority)18 Debt vice Fund	Tota	ıl NonMajor Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
<u>REVENUES</u>												
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	67,388,802		
Licenses, fees and permits	2,857,835	-		-		-		16,040,652		32,430,388		
Intergovernmental	-	1,936,458		-		-		31,901,221		41,196,733		
Fines and forfeitures	-	-		-		-		-		245,488		
Charges for services	-	-		-		-		1,934,058		2,036,472		
Use of money and property	1,110,379	169,643		13,270		34,796		4,005,233		9,196,276		
Contribution from Community Facility District	-	16,030,000		-		-		-		16,030,000		
Other revenue	 -			-		-		-		1,067,530		
Total Revenues	 3,968,214	18,136,101		13,270		34,796		53,881,164		169,591,689		
EXPENDITURES												
Current:												
General government	-	-		-		-		-		26,866,864		
Public safety	-	-		-		-		1,113,934		39,898,125		
Public ways and facilities	17,239,349	28,637,680		-		-		39,574,461		100,760,979		
Community development	-	-		-		-		9,236,351		10,718,894		
Capital outlay	-	-		-		-		-		3,272,922		
Debt service:												
Tax administration	-	-		638		2,774		57,303		60,715		
Principal	-	-		470,000		-		-		470,000		
Interest	 -			112,668		766,753		-		879,421		
Total Expenditures	 17,239,349	28,637,680		583,306		769,527		49,982,049		182,927,920		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over												
(Under) Expenditures	(13,271,135)	(10,501,579)		(570,036)		(734,731)		3,899,115		(13,336,231)		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)												
Transfers in	_	_		600,000		790,000		4,122,989		12,391,641		
Transfers out	(305,515)	(847,651)		-		-		(6,528,674)		(11,086,950)		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (305,515)	(847,651)		600,000		790.000		(2,405,685)		1,304,691		
	 (***,****)	(0.11,00.0)				.,.,		(_,,)		-,		
Net Change in Fund Balances	(13,576,650)	(11,349,230)		29,964		55,269		1,493,430		(12,031,540)		
Fund Balances, Beginning, as restated	 26,355,773	19,974,389		266,850		206,416		89,883,144		278,857,214		
Fund Balances, Ending	\$ 12,779,123	\$ 8,625,159	\$	296,814	\$	261,685	\$	91,376,574	\$	266,825,674		

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Government-Wide Statement of Activities - Governmental Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Net change to fund balances - total governmental funds		\$	6	(12,031,540)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:				
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. In addition, governmental funds report proceeds from disposals of capital assets as revenues, while only the gain or loss on the sale of capital assets is reported in the statement of activities. Finally, donated assets are not reported in governmental fund statements since they do not represent current financial resources, but donated assets are reported as capital contributions in the statement of activities.				
The change in governmental activities capital assets consists of: Capital outlay expenditures Retirement of capital assets Nonreciprocal transfers of capital assets from Internal Service Funds Less: current year depreciation	(2	99,454 27,717) 10,040 38,647)		22,343,130
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.				1,294,681
Long-term debt proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.				
Principal payments on debt				470,000
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Change in accrued interest on debt Change in compensated absences (excluding amount reported in	:	59,963		
the internal service funds)	(30	67,862)		(307,899)
Long term net OPEB asset (liability) change not paid out of current period resources				240,833
In governmental funds, pension costs are recognized when employer contributions are made. In the statement of activities, pension costs are recognized on the accrual basis. The difference between accrual-basis pension costs and actual employer contributions was:				(484,961)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. The net revenue of certain activities				2 725 250
of the internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.				2,725,259
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$	>	14,249,503

Proprietary Funds

Statement of Fund Net Position

June 30, 2019

		Business-Typ	be Activities		Governmental Activities
	Recycling & Waste Funds	Transit Funds	Drainage Funds	Total Enterprise Funds	Internal Service Funds
ASSEIS					
Current Assets:	* 10 550 551	.		* • • • • • • • • • •	* ** ** *
Cash and investments	\$ 13,772,774	\$ -	\$ 20,813,545	\$ 34,586,319	\$ 11,782,514
Cash and investments with fiscal agents	1,028,329	-	-	1,028,329	-
Restricted cash and investments - capital	-	575,685	-	575,685	-
Accounts receivable, net Interest receivable	591,166	24,281	1,197,679	1,813,126	39,343
	14,552	297	22,231	37,080	12,312
Loans receivable	-	-	7,312	7,312	-
Due from other government agencies Total Current Assets	12,101 15,418,922	2,905,230 3,505,493	45,470 22,086,237	2,962,801 41,010,652	- 11,834,169
Noncurrent Assets:					
Capital assets, nondepreciable	4,059,299	-	8,605,587	12,664,886	-
Capital assets, depreciable, net	8,831,130	13,686,028	7,258,648	29,775,806	-
Advance to other funds	-		2,312,000	2,312,000	-
Total Noncurrent Assets	12,890,429	13,686,028	18,176,235	44,752,692	-
Total Assets	28,309,351	17,191,521	40,262,472	85,763,344	11,834,169
LIABILITIES					
Current Liabilities:					
Accounts payable	144,203	1,861,676	1,398,127	3,404,006	494,307
Accrued salaries and benefits	13,310	7,696	5,131	26,137	26,908
Recovery zone bonds payable	260,000	-	-	260,000	-
Due to other funds	-	2,929,808	-	2,929,808	-
Customer deposits	83,422	-	-	83,422	-
Unearned revenue	-	570,935	-	570,935	-
Compensated absences	2,858	2,439	602	5,899	10,657
Total Current Liabilities	503,793	5,372,554	1,403,860	7,280,207	531,872
Noncurrent Liabilities:					
Advances from other funds	-	688,819	-	688,819	-
Recovery zone bonds payable	8,655,000	-	-	8,655,000	-
Compensated absences	26,911	22,965	5,666	55,542	100,352
Claims payable	-		-	-	397,000
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	8,681,911	711,784	5,666	9,399,361	497,352
Total Liabilities	9,185,704	6,084,338	1,409,526	16,679,568	1,029,224
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets	5,003,758	13,686,028	15,864,235	34,554,021	-
Restricted for operating	-	1,293,918	-	1,293,918	-
Unrestricted	14,119,889	(3,872,763)	22,988,711	33,235,837	10,804,945
Total Net Position	19,123,647	11,107,183	38,852,946	69,083,776	10,804,945
Total Liabilities and Net Position	\$ 28,309,351	\$ 17,191,521	\$ 40,262,472	\$ 85,763,344	\$ 11,834,169

Proprietary Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

				Business-Tv	ne A	ctivities			vernmental Activities
		Business-Type Activities Recylcing & Waste Transit				Internal Service			
		Funds		Funds		Funds	 Total		Funds
OPERATING REVENUES									
Charges for services	\$	3,791,031	\$	1,289,226	\$	5,702,933	\$ 10,783,190	\$	11,723,694
Total Operating Revenues	. <u> </u>	3,791,031		1,289,226		5,702,933	 10,783,190		11,723,694
OPERATING EXPENSES									
Salaries and benefits		589,133		519,157		246,078	1,354,368		1,747,475
Services and supplies		1,562,194		8,467,636		4,158,992	14,188,822		6,550,070
Claims expense		-		-		-	-		555,947
Depreciation		242,103		2,050,302		169,346	2,461,751		-
Total Operating Expenses		2,393,430		11,037,095		4,574,416	 18,004,941		8,853,492
Operating Income (Loss)		1,397,601		(9,747,869)		1,128,517	 (7,221,751)		2,870,202
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)									
Taxes		-		-		1,532,613	1,532,613		-
Intergovernmental		555,012		10,656,258		210,339	11,421,609		-
Investment income		593,504		5,004		896,509	1,495,017		431,552
Gain/(loss) on disposal of capital assets		-		(261,260)		-	(261,260)		-
Interest expense		(777,459)		-		-	 (777,459)		-
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)		371,057		10,400,002		2,639,461	 13,410,520		431,552
Income Before Contributions and Transfers		1,768,658		652,133		3,767,978	 6,188,769		3,301,754
Transfers in		115,795		835,304		-	951,099		-
Transfers out		(676,782)		(376,183)		(626,330)	 (1,679,295)		(576,495)
Net Contributions and Transfers		(560,987)		459,121		(626,330)	 (728,196)		(576,495)
Change in Net Position		1,207,671		1,111,254		3,141,648	5,460,573		2,725,259
Net Position - Beginning		17,915,976		9,995,929		35,711,298	 63,623,203		8,079,686
Net Position, Ending	\$	19,123,647	\$	11,107,183	\$	38,852,946	\$ 69,083,776	\$	10,804,945

Proprietary Funds Statement of Cash Flows

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

				Business-Ty	pe A	ctivities				vernmental Activities
	1	Recylcing								Internal
		& Waste		Transit		Drainage				Service
		Funds		Funds		Funds		Total		Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES										
Cash receipts from customers/other funds	\$	3,697,215	\$	1,287,332	\$	5,672,330	\$	10,656,877	\$	11,761,760
Cash paid to suppliers for good and services		(1,628,011)		(7,354,371)		(4,493,925)		(13,476,307)		(7,107,873)
Cash paid to employees for services		(586,132)		(524,924)		(246,531)		(1,357,587)		(1,736,120)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities		1,483,072		(6,591,963)		931,874		(4,177,017)		2,917,767
Not easi i to nada (osoa) of operating i tot mas		1,100,072		(0,0)1,000)		,,,,,,		(1,177,017)		2,717,707
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES										
Taxes		-		-		1,532,613		1,532,613		-
Intergovernmental revenue received		548,993		8,195,690		199,330		8,944,013		-
Transfers in		115,795		835,304		-		951,099		-
Transfers out		(676,782)		(376,183)		(626,330)		(1,679,295)		(576,495)
Interfund loans - payments		-		(895,393)		(2,312,000)		(3,207,393)		-
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities		(11,994)		7,759,418		(1,206,387)		6,541,037		(576,495)
Net cash riovided (Osed) by Noneapharrinaneing Activities		(11,7)4)		7,757,410		(1,200,307)		0,541,057		(370,493)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES										
Interest paid on Capital debt		(777,459)		-		-		(777,459)		-
Repayment of recovery zone bonds		(250.000)		-		-		(250,000)		-
Proceeds from grants		()		468,786		-		468,786		_
						52 907		52,897		
Impact fees collected		-				52,897		. ,		-
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		-		588		-		588		-
Acquisition of capital assets		(773,377)		(901,848)		(1,131,805)		(2,807,030)		-
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities		(1,800,836)		(432,474)		(1,078,908)		(3,312,218)		-
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES										
Investment income (loss)		587,068		4,532		888,072		1,479,672		424,941
		587,008				888,072				424,941
Increase in restricted cash and investments - capital				(453,720)		-		(453,720)		-
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities		587,068		(449,188)		888,072		1,025,952		424,941
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		257,310		285,793		(465,349)		77,754		2,766,213
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year		14,543,793		289,892		21,278,894		36,112,579		9,016,301
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$	14,801,103	\$	575,685	\$	20,813,545	\$	36,190,333	\$	11,782,514
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES										
Operating income (loss)	\$	1,397,601	\$	(9,747,869)	\$	1,128,517	\$	(7,221,751)	\$	2,870,202
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash	φ	1,557,001	Ψ	(),/4/,00))	Ψ	1,120,517	Ψ	(7,221,751)	Ψ	2,070,202
provided (used) by operating activities		242 102		0.050.000		160.246		0.461.751		
Depreciation		242,103		2,050,302		169,346		2,461,751		-
Changes in assets and liabilities (Increase) decrease in:										
(Increase) decrease in:										
Accounts receivable		(92,867)		(1,894)		(30,603)		(125,364)		38,066
Increase (decrease) in:										
Accounts payable		(65 917)		1 112 265		(224.022)		712 515		215,699
		(65,817)		1,113,265		(334,933)		712,515		
Accrued salaries and benefits		1,114		(1,800)		(438)		(1,124)		(718)
Deposits		(949)		-		-		(949)		-
Compensated absences		1,887		(3,967)		(15)		(2,095)		12,073
Claims payable		-		-		-		-		(217,555)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$	1,483,072	\$	(6,591,963)	\$	931,874	\$	(4,177,017)	\$	2,917,767
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF Cash and Cash Equivalents										
Cash and investments	\$	13,772,774	\$	-	\$	20,813,545	\$	34,586,319	\$	11,782,514
Cash and investments with fiscal agents	Ψ	1,028,329	Ψ	_	~		Ψ	1,028,329	+	-,
Ū.		1,020,029		=		-				-
Restricted cash and investments - capital	-	-		575,685		-	-	575,685	-	-
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$	14,801,103	\$	575,685	\$	20,813,545	\$	36,190,333	\$	11,782,514
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF NON-CASH ACTIVITIES										
Retirement of Capital Assets		-	\$	(284,235)		-		-		-
Nonreciprocal transfer of capital assets to governmental activities			-	(,)					\$	(10,040)
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·									ŕ	(.,)

Fiduciary Funds Statement of Fiduciary Net Position June 30, 2019

	R			
	He	ealth Trust		Agency
ASSETS		Fund		Funds
Cash and Cash equivalents	\$	189,148	\$	11,906,019
Investments		-		12,578,182
Mutual Funds - Equity		5,117,696		-
Mutual Funds - Fixed Income		1,585,212		-
Accounts receivable		-		816,315
Interest receivable		-		6,207
Total Assets	\$	6,892,056	\$	25,306,723
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	\$	83,487	\$	2,580,438
Interest payable		576		56,262
Due to other member agencies		-		210,459
Due to bondholders and others		-		21,813,728
Deposits		-		645,836
Total Liabilities		84,063	\$	25,306,723
NET POSITION RESTRICTED FOR OPEB				
Held in Trust for Retiree Health Benefits:	\$	6,807,993		

Fiduciary Fund Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

ADDITIONS		etirement ealth Trust Fund
Net investment income:	¢	445.010
Interest income and net increase (decrease) in the fair value of investments	\$	445,019
Investment management fees		(32,826)
Employer contributions		710,358
Total additions		1,122,551
DEDUCTIONS Benefits Total deductions		406,278 406,278
Change in plan net position		716,273
NET POSITION		
Held in Trust for Retiree Health Benefits:		
Beginning of year		6,091,720
End of year	\$	6,807,993

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The notes provided in the financial section of this report are considered an integral and essential part of adequate disclosure and fair presentation of this report. The notes include a summary of significant accounting policies for the City, and other necessary disclosure of pertinent matters relating to the financial position of the City. The notes express significant insight to the financial statements and are conjunctive to understanding the rationale for presentation of the financial statements and information contained in this document.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. The Financial Reporting Entity

The City of Elk Grove (City), California, was incorporated in July 2000. The City operates under the Council-Manager form of government and provides the following services: public safety, animal services, highways and streets, public improvements, planning and zoning, general administration, transit, recycling and waste and drainage.

The financial statements presented herein include all the funds relevant to the operations of the City. The City's fiscal year begins July 1 and ends on June 30.

The accounting methods and procedures adopted by the City conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applied to governmental entities. These financial statements present the government and its component units, entities for which the government is financially accountable. Reporting for component units on the City's financial statements can be blended or discretely presented. Blended component units, although legally separate entities are, in substance, part of government's operations. Blended component units are an extension of the City and so data from these units is combined with data of the primary government. Discretely presented component units, on the other hand, are reported in a separate column in the combined financial statements to emphasize that they are legally separate from the City.

The City's reporting entity includes the following blended component unit:

Elk Grove Finance Authority

On July 13, 2005, under Article 1 of Chapter 5 of Division 7 of Title 1 of the Government Code of the State of California, the City authorized the formation of a joint powers authority with the Parking Authority of the City to be known as the Elk Grove Finance Authority (Finance Authority).

The primary purpose of the Finance Authority is to facilitate the financing of public improvements, as well as other facilities and improvements which will be funded through the issuance of tax-exempt bonds. The City Council acts as the governing board of the Finance Authority in concurrent session. The Mayor serves as Board chairperson.

The Finance Authority is a separate and legal entity, distinct from the City itself. The Finance Authority provides services entirely for the benefit of the City and the governing body consists solely of members of the City Council. The Finance Authority is treated as a blended component unit. The Finance Authority's financial data is presented as a debt service fund type.

Other Agencies:

Elk Grove Tourism Marketing District

In February 2015 City Council approved the formation of the Elk Grove Tourism Marketing District (EGTMD). The EGTMD is a benefit assessment district proposed to help fund marketing and sales promotion efforts for Elk Grove lodging businesses. The EGTMD currently includes all existing and future lodging businesses located within the boundaries of the City and a portion of unincorporated Sacramento County. EGTMD will have a five (5) year life, beginning April 1, 2015, through March 31, 2020. Near the end of the term, EGTMD and City Council hearing process must be repeated for the EGTMD to be renewed.

The lodging businesses formed a nonprofit corporation, Visit Elk Grove (VEG), which serves as the EGTMD's Owner's Association ("Owner's Association"). The Owner's Association is private non-profit corporation charged with managing funds and implementing programs in accordance with the Management District Plan and state law. The Owner's Association must also provide annual reports to the City Council. The City is responsible for collecting the assessment on a monthly or quarterly basis from each lodging business located in the boundaries of the EGTMD. The City forwards these assessments to VEG. The City is paid a fee equal to one percent (1%) of the amount of assessment collected to cover its costs of collection and administration.

The EGTMD and VEG are not considered component units of the City and as a result, financial information for these entities is not presented in the City's financial statements.

B. Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and statement of activities display information about the primary government and its blended component units. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. The internal services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation. These statements distinguish between the *governmental* and *business-type activities* of the City. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the program expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Program expenses include direct expenses, which are clearly identifiable with a specific function, and allocated indirect expenses. Program revenues include 1) charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented instead as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the City's funds, including fiduciary funds and blended component units. Separate statements for each fund category ~ *governmental, proprietary and fiduciary* ~ are presented.

The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are discretely aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

Proprietary fund *operating* revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. *Nonoperating* revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from nonexchange transactions or ancillary activities. Operating expenses for proprietary funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

- The *General Fund* is used to account for all revenues and expenditures necessary to carry out basic governmental activities of the City that are not accounted for through other funds. For the City, the General Fund includes such activities as general government, public safety, animal services, community services, economic development and a capital reserve.
- The *Affordable Housing Special Revenue Fund* was established to account for affordable housing development impact fees paid by new development and expenditure and loan activity for affordable housing and administration.
- The *Federal Capital Grant Funds* were established to account for grants received from the federal government to fund capital projects.
- The *Roadway Fee Capital Projects Fund* was established to account for development impact fees paid by new development and expenditures for roadway related projects.
- The *Mitigation and Fee Capital Projects Funds* were established to account for development impact fees and corresponding expenditures, except from those described above.
- The Laguna Ridge CFD 2005-1 Capital Project Fund was established to account for operations and maintenance and special taxes to fund the cost of infrastructure and a

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019

portion of police protection operational costs within the boundaries of this finance district.

- The *Elk Grove Finance Authority 2017 Debt Service Fund* was established to pay for debt service on outstanding Lease Revenue Bonds that were issued to finance and refinance certain City-owned buildings. The fund accumulates and disburses lease revenues semi-annually to pay for debt service on the outstanding bonds.
- The *Elk Grove Finance Authority 2018 Debt Service fund* was established to pay for debt service on Lease Revenue Bonds that were issued to finance the Animal Shelter. The fund accumulates and disburses lease revenues semi-annually to pay for debt service on the outstanding bonds.

The City reports the following major enterprise funds:

- The *Recycling and Waste Funds* were established to account for the operation and maintenance of the City's recycling and waste program, which plans, coordinates, promotes and implements citywide solid waste reduction, recycling, composting, and public education activities. Beginning in fiscal year 2011, the Recycling & Waste Funds include the proceeds and debt service of the 2010 Recovery Zone Economic Development Bonds and the activity revolving around the operations of the Household Hazardous Waste Facility.
- The *Transit Funds* were established to account for the transit allocation of Transportation Development Act (TDA) and other funding, which is used for public transportation planning, public transportation services, transit capital costs and community transit purposes.
- The *Drainage Funds* were established to account for the cost to manage and deliver drainage and flood control services.

The City reports the following additional fund types:

- *Internal Service Funds* account for the City's facilities, fleet, information technology, and GIS services provided to other departments, unemployment insurance, and insurance programs workers' compensation and "general liability" on a costestimate basis.
- *Fiduciary Funds* account for Trust and Agency Funds. The financial activities of these funds are excluded from the Government Wide Financial Statements but are presented in separate Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements. The Trust and Agency Funds consist of:
 - The *Retirement Health Trust Fund* accounts postemployment benefits (OPEB) trust funds used for funding of health insurance for retirees.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019

- The *Agency Funds* account for assets held by the City as an agent for various local governments and other entities. The Trust and Agency Funds consist of:
 - **Performance Bonds Fund** Established to account for surety or cash bonds from contractors, developers, residents or any outside party prior to work being performed for various types of activities. These bonds are to help protect the public and the City from damages.
 - **Community Services District & Sac County Funds** Established to account for development fees, which are collected and remitted to the Cosumnes Community Services District or to Sacramento County for fire and recreation and transportation facilities as well as landscape maintenance.
 - Special Assessment/Community Facility District (CFDs) Established to account for the monies collected and disbursed for land-based debt, where the City is not obligated for the debt.
 - Laguna Springs Open Space Preserve Established to maintain wetlands.
 - Laguna Ridge/Poppy Ridge Reclaimed Water Fund Established to account for the collection of fees for reclaimed water.
 - East Elk Grove Specific Plan Fund Established to account for developer impact fees which are collected for projects in the East Elk Grove Specific Plan.
 - Elk Grove Employee Sunshine Fund Established to account for the donation by payroll deduction of Employee funds which are collected and used for Employee functions and activities.
 - **Donation Community Programs** Established to account for the donations by citizens for various City programs.
 - Unclaimed Payments Fund Established to account for the Utility bill refund checks which have remained unclaimed by the property owner and have become stale dated. The City publishes an itemized listing of these funds on the website.
 - EGPD Property & Evidence Fund Established to account for the collection for confiscated funds which may become evidence or asset seizures.

C. Basis of Accounting

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary funds, internal service funds and the OPEB benefit trust funds. The agency fund financial statements have no measurement focus and use the accrual basis of accounting.

Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the City gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property and sales taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenues from sales tax are recognized when the underlying transactions take place. Revenues from grants, entitlements and donations are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. Property and sales taxes, interest, certain state and federal grants and charges for services are accrued when their receipt occurs within 60 days after the end of the accounting period to be measurable and available. Expenditures are generally recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to claims and judgments are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and capital leases are reported as other financial sources.

D. Current Year GASB Implementation

The GASB approved Statement No. 88, *Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, Including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements.* This statement clarifies which liabilities governments should include in their note disclosures related to debt. GASB is requiring direct borrowings and direct placements to be presented separately because they may expose a government to risks that are different from, or additional to, risks related to other types of debt. The new standard also requires the disclosure of additional essential debt-related information for all types of debt, including amounts of unused lines of credit and assets pledged as collateral for debt. Also required to be disclosed are terms specified in debt agreements related to significant events of default with finance-related consequences, significant termination events with finance-related consequences and significant subjective acceleration clauses. The requirements take effect for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2018.

E. Property Tax

The County of Sacramento is responsible for the collection and allocation of property taxes. The City recognizes property taxes when the individual installments are levied, provided they are received by the City within 60 days after year-end.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019

Secured property taxes are levied on or before the first day of September of each year. They become a lien on real property on March 1 preceding the fiscal year for which taxes are levied. These taxes are paid in two equal installments; the first is due November 1 and delinquent with penalties after December 10; the second is due February 1 and delinquent with penalties after April 10. Secured property taxes, which are delinquent and unpaid as of June 30, are declared to be tax defaulted and are subject to redemption penalties, cost and interest when paid.

The City participates in an alternative method of distribution of property tax levies and assessments known as the "Teeter Plan." The State Revenue and Taxation Code allow counties to distribute secured real property and assessment and supplemental property taxes on an accrual basis resulting in full payment to cities each fiscal year. Any subsequent delinquent payments, penalties and interest during a fiscal year will revert to the County.

F. Cash and Investments

Cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. Investments in the California Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) are stated at cost, which approximates their estimated fair value. Other investments are stated at their fair value.

G. Receivables

Receivables consist of development impact fees, property taxes, sales taxes, mitigation fee credits, grants, recycling and waste and drainage utility fees, and long-term loans. Affordable Housing related to interest receivable on loans for \$19,847,880 is offset by an allowance for potential forgiveness of \$18,631,882. Accounts receivable components are in each of the financial statements.

Long term loans by governmental funds are recorded in the fund statements and are reflected as nonspendable or restricted in the fund balance because they are not in spendable form. The loans are recognized when advanced in the government-wide statements.

Affordable housing subsidies receivable represent amounts due to the City from home owners resulting from qualified individuals being provided a home by a developer at a subsidized price below market value. This program allows qualified homeowners to obtain financing to help the City satisfy low income housing requirements. The City records potential amounts due under this program as affordable housing subsidies receivable.

The California Fish and Wildlife issued the City Swainson's Hawk Fund Mitigation Fee Credits. The City will use these fee credits as mitigation for the construction of public and private projects. The fee credit balance was \$1,469,206 at June 30, 2019.

H. Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue includes amounts received from grantors and developers that have not yet been earned.

I. Prepaid Items

Certain payments made to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are reported as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. Prepaid items as reported in the financial statements are offset by a nonspendable fund balance for assets in governmental funds to indicate that they do not constitute resources available for appropriation.

J. Capital Assets

Capital assets (including infrastructure) are recorded at historical or estimated cost. Contributed capital assets are valued at their estimated acquisition value on the date contributed. Capital assets include public domain (infrastructure) consisting of certain improvements including roadways, parks, bridges, water/sewer, lighting system, drainage systems, and flood control. Donated capital assets, donated works of art and similar items, and capital assets received in a service concession arrangement is recorded at acquisition value rather than fair value.

The City's policy is to capitalize all capital assets (excluding infrastructure) with a cost of \$5,000 or more and with an estimated useful life of three years or more. The City's infrastructure with a cost of \$50,000 or more and with an estimated useful life of twenty or more years is capitalized. The straight-line method of depreciation is used for capital assets and infrastructure.

Maintenance and repairs are charged to expense as incurred. Significant renewals or betterments are capitalized and depreciated over their estimated useful lives. Costs incurred for major improvements or construction of capital assets are carried in construction in progress until the project is completed at which time costs related to the project are moved to the appropriate classification and depreciated.

The estimated useful lives are as follows:

Infrastructure (other than pavement)	20 to 75 years
Pavement subsystem	40 years
Buildings and improvements	20 to 50 years
Land improvements	20 to 40 years
Equipment	3 to 15 years
City has five notworks of infrastructure assots	roadways water/sewer 1

The City has five networks of infrastructure assets – roadways, water/sewer, lighting, drainage.

K. Deferred Outflow/Deferred Inflow of Resources

In addition to assets, the financial statements report separate sections for deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of resources that applies to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until then. Conversely, deferred inflows of resources

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019

represent an acquisition of resources that applies to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

Contributions made to the City's pension plan(s) after the measurement date but before the fiscal year-end are recorded as a deferred outflow of resources. Additional factors involved in the calculation of the City's pension and OPEB expense, net OPEB asset/liability and net pension liability include the differences between expected and actual experience, changes in assumptions, differences between projected and actual investment earnings, changes in proportion, and differences between the City's contributions and proportionate share of contributions. These factors are recorded as deferred outflows and inflows of resources and amortized over various periods. See Notes 11 and 12 for further details related to these pensions deferred outflows and inflows.

Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, unavailable revenue is reported as a deferred inflow of resources. Unavailable revenue is reported in the governmental funds balance sheet and represents receivables associated with non-exchange transactions that will not be collected within the City's period of availability.

L. Compensated Absences

The City's policies regarding vacation time and compensatory time permit employees to accumulate earned by unused leave, up to limits depending on years of service. This debt is estimated based on historical trend analysis, the current portion of which is reported in the General Fund, the remaining balance is shown in the government-wide financial statements. The City's annual leave policy allows for accruals as follows:

	Annual	Maximum
<u>Years of Service</u>	Accrual	Accrual
1 through 4	176 hours	352 hours
5 through 14	216 hours	432 hours
15 or more	256 hours	512 hours

Annual leave includes vacation and sick leave. City employees have vested interests in the amount of annual leave accrued and are paid upon termination. Annually, an employee may elect to be paid out a maximum of 80 hours of unused annual leave at the discretion of the City Manager. Payouts are contingent on the following criteria:

- The employee used at least 40 hours during the previous year; and,
- The employee will have a minimum balance of 80 annual leave hours after the payment.

All annual leave is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for compensated absences is reported in the governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations or retirements that are currently payable. The General Fund, Development Services Fund, Risk Management Fund, Recycling and Waste Fund, Transit Fund, Drainage Fund, and Internal

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019

Service Funds are used to liquidate compensated absences, depending on where the employee's salary is recorded.

The City offers to exempt employees either 40 or 80 administrative leave hours annually, depending on their level of management. Administrative leave is recorded on July 1st and is prorated for new employees starting after July 1st. The accrued time is carried over each year, with a maximum limit of double the employee's annual allotment. Employees have the option to cash out 50% of their administrative leave balance annually.

M. Pensions and OPEB

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, pension expense, and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions, information about the fiduciary net position of the City's portions of the Public Agency Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan (the Plan) maintained by the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) and additions to/deductions from the City's portions of the Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability (asset), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City's OPEB Plans and additions to/deductions from the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported in the Retirement Health Trust Fund. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when currently due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

N. Interfund Balances

Interfund transactions are reflected as loans, provided services, reimbursements or transfers. Loans are reported as receivables and payables as appropriate, are subject to elimination upon consolidation and are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (current portion) or "advances to/from other funds" (noncurrent portion). Net interfund activity and balances between the governmental activities and business-type activities are shown in the statement of net position as internal balances. The "doubling-up" effect of internal service fund activity has been removed by adjusting the expenses shown in the various functions within the statement of activities.

Advances are amortized over the life of the loan or available cash. Interest is calculated based on the City's pooled Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) interest rate at the time of the agreement. Reimbursements are when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019

O. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows, liabilities and deferred inflows and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Note 2: Cash and Investments

The City's deposit and investment balances as of June 30, 2019, consist of the following:

	Restricted and							
	Cash	Held with Third	Total Cash					
	and Investments	Parties	and Investments					
Cash and deposits	\$ 14,336,397	\$ 2,569,339	\$ 16,905,736					
Investments	245,743,583	32,420,742	\$ 278,164,325					
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 260,079,980	\$ 34,990,081	\$ 295,070,061					

Total cash and investments were classified and reported on the City's financial statements as follows:

	Cash and Investments		 Restricted and Held with Third Parties		Total Cash and Investments	
Governmental activities Business-type activities Fiduciary funds	\$	213,503,580 34,586,319 11,990,081	\$ 13,999,891 1,604,014 19,386,176	\$	227,503,471 36,190,333 31,376,257	
Total Cash and Investments	\$	260,079,980	\$ 34,990,081	\$	295,070,061	

Fair Value Measurements

The Pool categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. These principles recognize a three-tiered fair value hierarchy, as follows:

- Level 1: Investments reflect prices quoted in active markets;
- Level 2: Investments reflect prices that are based on a similar observable asset either directly or indirectly, which may include inputs in markets that are not considered to be active; and,
- Level 3: Investments reflect prices based upon unobservable sources.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019

The Pool has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2019:

	Fair Value Measurement Using											
Investments by fair value level		Total Amount	Activ Ide	oted Prices in ve Markets for ntical Assets (Level 1)	0	nificant Other servable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)					
Investment Securities	¢	1.516.006	¢		¢	1516026	¢					
Certificates of Deposit (Non-Negotiable Time Deposits)	\$	1,516,926	\$	-	\$	1,516,926	\$	-				
Certificates of Deposit (Negotiable Time Deposits)		19,251,470		-		19,251,470		-				
Federal Farm Credit Bank		4,229,710		-		4,229,710		-				
Federal Home Loan Bank		11,079,489		-		11,079,489		-				
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation		6,581,851		-		6,581,851		-				
Federal Agriculture Mortgage Corporation		5,528,941		-		5,528,941		-				
Federal National Mortgage Association		15,362,706		-		15,362,706		-				
Supranational Securities		8,774,764		-		8,774,764		-				
US Treasury Notes		38,756,274		38,756,274		-		-				
Municipal Securities (CA State and local agencies)		25,193,358		-		25,193,358		-				
Medium Term Corporate Notes		42,596,844		-		42,596,844		-				
Total investments measured at fair value	\$	178,872,333	\$	38,756,274	\$	140,116,059	\$	-				

Investments

LAIF and CalTRUST, being investments pools, are subject to fair value measurement; however, they are not subject to the fair value hierarchy. Certain Certificates of Deposit and Money Market Funds are not negotiable and therefore, not subject to fair value measurement as redemption terms do not consider market rates.

The City invests both individual fund and pooled monies, subject to California Government Code Section 53600, Chapter 4 – Financial Affairs. The pooling of monies, referred to as an internal investment pool, is theoretically invested on the whole and not as a combination of monies from each fund belonging to the pool. In this manner, the City's Treasurer is able to invest the monies at a higher interest rate for a longer period of time.

Interest revenue is apportioned monthly to each fund in the pool based on the average cash balance of the fund for the month.

Investments Authorized by the California Government Code and the City's Investment Policy

The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized for the City by the California Government Code or the City's investment policy, where more restrictive. The table also identifies certain provisions of the City's investment policy that address interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration risk.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019

Authorized Investment Type	Maximum Maturity	Maximum Percentage of Portfolio	Maximum Investment in One Issuer
U.S. Treasury Obligations	5 years	None	None
U.S. Agency or U.S. Government Sponsored			
Enterprise Obligations	5 years	None	None
Banker's Acceptances	180 days	40%	30%
Commercial Paper	270 days	25%	10%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 years	30%	5%
Repurchase Agreements	90 days	20%	15%
Reverse Repurchase Agreements	5 years	20% of base value	15%
Medium Term Corporate Notes	5 years	15%*	15%
Supranational Securities	5 years	10%	None
Mutual Funds/Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Time Deposits	5 years	25%	5%
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	N/A	None	\$65m per account
Investment Trust of California (CalTRUST)	N/A	30%	15%
Municipal Securities - California Local Agencies	5 years	20%	5%
State Municipal Securities (CA and Others)	5 years	None	None

*Limitation includes both commercial paper and medium term coprporate note types in the calculation

Investments Authorized by Debt Agreements

Investment of debt proceeds held by bond trustees are governed by provisions of the debt agreements, rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or the City's investment policy. The table on the following page identifies the investment types that are authorized for investments held by the bond trustee. The table also identifies certain provisions of these debt agreements that address interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk.

Authorized Investment Type	Maximum Maturity	Maximum Percentage of Portfolio	Maximum Investment in One Issuer
U.S. Treasury Obligations	None	None	None
U.S. Agency Obligations	None	None	None
Government National Mortgage Associaton	None	None	None
Federal Farm Credit System	None	None	None
Federal Home Loan Bank Board	None	None	None
Federal National Mortgage Association	None	None	None
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Association	None	None	None
Banker's Acceptances	270 days	None	None
Commercial Paper	180 days	None	None
Medium Term Corporate Notes	5 years	None	None
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	None	None
Municipal Obligations	None	None	None
Investment Agreements	30 years	None	None
LAIF	None	None	None
Federal Securities	None	None	None
Time Deposits	None	None	None
Corporate Obligations	None	None	None

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019

Disclosures Relating to Interest Rate Risk and Credit Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. One of the ways that the City manages its exposure to interest rate risk is by purchasing a combination of shorter term and longer term investments and by timing cash flows from maturities so that a portion of the portfolio is maturing or coming close to maturity over time as necessary to provide the cash flow and liquidity needed for operations. The City monitors the interest rate risk inherent in its portfolio by measuring the weighted average maturity of its portfolio, as well as limiting a securities maturity to five years or less for investments in the investment pool. Investments held outside the investment pool can have longer maturities as these funds are restricted by bond covenants and are held to the maturity of the bonds.

Investment Type	Amount	Weighted Average Maturity (in years)		
Investments in Investment Pool:				
Federal National Mortgage Association	\$ 15,362,706	1.66		
Federal Agriculture Mortgage Corporation	5,528,941	2.43		
Federal Farm Credit Bank	4,229,710	2.52		
Federal Home Loan Bank	11,079,489	3.25		
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	6,581,851	1.95		
Supranational Securities	8,774,764	4.11		
US Treasury Notes	38,756,274	2.44		
Municipal Securities(CA Local Agencies & State of CA)	25,193,358	1.98		
Certificates of Deposit (Non-NegotiableTime Deposits)	1,516,926	0.43		
Certificates of Deposit (NegotiableTime Deposits)	19,251,470	2.42		
Medium Term Corporate Notes	42,596,844	2.60		
CalTRUST	20,521,283	2.01		
LAIF	46,371,636	0.48		
Total Investments in Investment Pool	245,765,252	2.04		
Investments outside Investment Pool:				
Money Market Mutual Funds	25,696,165			
Mutual Funds	6,702,908			
Total Investments	\$ 278,164,325			

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Presented below and on the following page is the minimum rating required by the California Government Code, the City's investment policy, or debt agreements and the actual rating at year end for each investment type.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019

			Ratings as of Year End (Standard and Poors)										
Investment Type	Amount	Minimum Legal Rating	AAA/AAAm	AA+/AA/AA-	A+/A	BBB+	Not Rated						
Investments in Investment Pool:													
Certificates of Deposit (Non-Negotiable Time Deposits)	\$ 1,516,926	N/A	\$-	\$ -	\$-	\$-	\$ 1,516,926						
Certificates of Deposit (Negotiable Time Deposits)	19,251,470	N/A	-	-	-	-	19,251,470						
Federal Farm Credit Banks	4,229,710	N/A	-	4,229,710	-	-	-						
Federal Home Loan Banks	11,079,489	N/A	-	11,079,489	-	-	-						
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation													
Medium Term Notes	6,581,851	N/A	-	6,581,851	-	-	-						
Federal Agriculture Mortgage Corporation	5,528,941	N/A	-	-	-	-	5,528,941						
Federal National Mortgage Association	15,362,706	N/A	-	15,362,706	-	-	-						
Supranational Securities	8,774,764	AA	7,030,789	-	-	-	1,743,975						
US Treasury Notes	38,756,274	N/A	-	-	-	-	38,756,274						
Municipal Securities (CA State and local agencies)	25,193,358	А	-	25,151,838	-	-	41,520						
Medium Term Corporate Notes	42,596,844	А	7,916,381	24,011,103	9,733,738	935,622	-						
CalTRUST	20,521,283	N/A	-	-	20,521,283	-	-						
LAIF	46,371,636	N/A	-	-	-	-	46,371,636						
Investments outside Investment Pool:													
Mutual Funds	6,702,908		-	-	-	-	6,702,908						
Money Market Funds	25,696,165		-	-	-	-	25,696,165						
Total Investments	\$ 278,164,325		\$ 14,947,170	\$ 86,416,697	\$ 30,255,021	\$ 935,622	\$ 145,609,815						

Concentrations of Credit Risk

The California Government Code and the investment policy of the City contain limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer. Investments in any one issuer (other than investments issued by or explicitly guaranteed by the US Government and investments in mutual funds, external investment pools, and other pooled investments) that represent 5% or more of total City investments are required to be disclosed. As of June 30, 2019, the City had investments in the Federal National Mortgage Association totaling \$15,362,706.

Custodial Credit Risk

The custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g., broker-dealer), to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

The California Government Code and the City's investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits or investments, other than the following provision for deposits:

The California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure the City's cash deposits by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019

under state law. The market value of pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the City's cash deposits. California law also allows institutions to secure City deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the City's total cash deposits.

At June 30, 2019, the recorded amount of the City's petty cash and demand deposits was \$7,700 and \$16,597,567, respectively, and the recorded amount of mutual funds classified as cash and deposits was \$300,469. Out of the \$16,597,567 that was deposited in financial institutions \$750,000 was insured by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and the bank balance at June 30, 2019 was \$15,190,393 and was covered by a financial institution collateral pool that insures public deposits. The City's remaining investments were held by US Bank Trust in the City's name and were not subject to custodial credit risk or invested in LAIF and CalTRUST.

Investment in California Local Agency Investment Fund and CalTRUST

The City is a voluntary participant in the California Local Agency Investment Fund that is regulated by the California Government Code under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. Each regular LAIF account is permitted to have up to 15 transactions per month, with a minimum transaction amount of \$5,000, a maximum transaction amount of \$65 million and at least 24 hours advance notice for withdrawals of \$10 million or more. Bond proceeds accounts are subject to a one-time deposit with no cap and are set up with a monthly draw down schedule. The fair value of the City's investment in this pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amounts based upon the City's pro rata share of the fair value provided by LAIF for the entire LAIF portfolio. At June 30, 2019, the City's investment position in LAIF was \$46,371,636.

The City is also a voluntary participant in the CalTRUST which is a Joint Powers Authority governed by a Board of Trustees made up of local treasurers and investment officers. The Board of Trustees sets overall policy for CalTRUST and selects and supervises the activities of the Investment Manager and other agents. As of June 30, 2019, the City's investment in CalTRUST is \$20,521,283; all of which is invested in the medium term fund.

CalTRUST does not have limits on transactions per month or dollar amount of transactions.

Note 3: Loans Receivable and Affordable Housing Subsidies Receivable

The City has a number of multi-family affordable housing loans and Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) owner occupied and emergency repair loans outstanding at year end. The multi-family affordable housing loans provide gap financing to private developers to construct multi-family housing projects and totaled \$60,904,956 at June 30, 2019. The loans carry interest rates ranging from 0% to 4% and principal and interest are deferred for up to 30 years, subject to various conditions specified in the loan agreements.

The City is a participant in the State of California's Department of Housing and Community Development's Home Investment Partnerships Program (HOME) program. Through this program, the City was awarded \$700,000 to assist new home buyers in the purchase of

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019

affordable housing. 30 year-term loans are awarded to individuals based on the HOME programs income and purchase conditions. All loans accrue 3% annual interest for the first 10 years. 1/10th of the accrued interest is then forgiven during years 11 thru 20. In years 21 through 30, loan principal payments are to be made on a 10-year payment term. As of June 30, 2019, the principal amount outstanding was \$40,000.

The City has a down payment assistance program that assists the City's citizens with obtaining home ownership. This program provides families with down payment assistance through a 30 year 3% annual interest loan. The interest accrues for the first ten years and then the interest rate drops to 0% and during years 11 through 20, the accrued interest is forgiven at a rate of 10% of the total accrued interest per year until all interest is forgiven at the end of year 20. No principal or interest payments are required until the end of the loans term at which time all outstanding principal is due. As of June 30, 2019, the total outstanding principal for the down payment assistance program loans is \$333,788.

The City began a Homebuyers Assistance Program through California's Department of Housing and Community Development CalHome program in fiscal year 2015. This program is designed to enable low and very-low income households to become or remain homeowners. Similar to the City's down payment assistance program, interest accrues at 3% for the first ten years and then the interest rate drops to 0% and during years 11 through 20, the accrued interest is forgiven at a rate of 10% of the total accrued interest per year until all interest is forgiven at the end of year 20. No principal or interest payments are required until the end of the loans term at which time all outstanding principal is due. The CalHome loans totaled \$747,350 at June 30, 2019. The City also funded the Homebuyers Assistance Program using Affordable Housing funds in Fiscal year 2018-19 under the same conditions. The Affordable Housing loans totaled \$59,650 at June 30, 2019.

The CDBG owner occupied repair and emergency repair loans were made to rehabilitate owner occupied low and moderate income housing. The owner occupied repair loans totaled \$107,605 at June 30, 2019 and carry an interest rate of 3% with principal and interest deferred for up to 30 years or until the owner refinances or sells the subject property. The CDBG emergency repair loans totaled \$72,615 at June 30, 2019, are interest free and may be forgiven if the borrower continuously resides in the subject property for ten years.

In December of 2012, the City purchased property using drainage funds for the purposes of alleviating potential flooding and water quality issues on existing, deficient drainage systems within the City. Subsequently, the City split the parcel into two pieces as only part of the parcel was needed for storm drainage. In October of 2015 the City sold the unused parcel for commercial purposes while retaining the loan. The loan amount of \$200,000 earns interest at 5.5%, with the outstanding principal being amortized over 45 months. At June 30, 2019, the principal amount outstanding was \$7,312.

In August 2017, the City approved a \$4.7 million loan to Elk Grove Pacific Associates III for the development of a 48 unit rent-restricted housing project that includes extremely low-income, very low-income, low-income and affordable income rents. The developer drew down \$2,000,000 on the loan during fiscal year 2019. The loan bears simple interest of 4% on the

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019

outstanding principal amount disbursed, starting on the date of each disbursement of loan proceeds, and principal and all accrued interest is repayable on the earliest of 37 years from the date of the issuance of a Certificate of Occupancy for the project or the date the property is sold, transferred or conveyed, or December 31, 2055.

Activity in loans receivable for the year ended June 30, 2019, was as follows:

	Balance at July 1, 2018		Additions	Re	payments	Adju	stments	Balance at June 30, 2019		
Major Governmental Funds										
Affordable Housing Special Revenue	\$	61,759,956	\$ 2,000,000	\$	(48,000)	\$	-	\$	63,711,956	
Other Governmental Funds										
HUD Home Grant		40,000	-		-		-		40,000	
Neighborhood Stabilization		333,788	-		-		-		333,788	
Community Development Block Grant		214,945	-		(34,725)		-		180,220	
Major Enterprise Funds										
Drainage		60,209	-		(52,897)		-		7,312	
Totals	\$	62,408,898	\$ 2,000,000	\$	(135,622)	\$	-	\$	64,273,276	

The City also has a subsidy program called the Affordable Homeownership Program which was implemented to make homeownership affordable to low and moderate-income households. Typically, an affordable housing fee is charged to each new market-rate housing unit (single-family or multifamily) at the time a building permit is obtained. However, under certain circumstances, the City offers developers the opportunity to provide affordable housing units in lieu of paying the affordable housing fees on their development. The developer agrees to sell the home to low- and moderate –income families at a below market value amount that is subsidized by the City. This subsidy value changes with the house's market value at each subsequent sale and the house must be sold to another qualified low- or moderate income family for a period of 55 years. There is no associated interest and the subsidy is secured by a regulatory agreement, shared appreciation promissory note and shared appreciation deed of trust. As of June 30, 2019, the City had subsidies value at \$2,289,038.

Note 4: Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2019, was as follows:

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019

	 Balance 7/1/2018			Deletions		Transfers/ Adjustments	 Balance 6/30/2019
Governmental Activities:							
Capital assets, not being depreciated:							
Land	\$ 200,977,744	\$	961,545	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 201,939,289
Construction in progress	90,434,740	6	1,275,386		(26,196)	(8,282,249)	143,401,681
Other capital assets	 -		121,590		-	122,750	 244,340
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	 291,412,484	6	2,358,521		(26,196)	(8,159,499)	 345,585,310
Capital assets, being depreciated:							
Infrastructure	1,475,974,378		5,997,449		-	7,368,320	1,489,340,147
Land Improvements	-		162,687		-	729,578	892,265
Building and improvements	37,332,233		-		-	-	37,332,233
Vehicles and equipment	14,816,014		1,042,686		(423,383)	-	15,435,317
Parks and park improvements	6,230,310		-		-	-	6,230,310
Other capital assets, depreciable	-		48,151		-	61,601	109,752
Total capital assets, being depreciated	 1,534,352,935		7,250,973		(423,383)	8,159,499	 1,549,340,024
Less accumulated depreciation for:							
Infrastructure	(731,279,598)	(4	4,243,706)		-	-	(775,523,304)
Buildings and improvements	(11,105,048)		(945,589)		-	-	(12,050,637)
Vehicles and equipment	(9,423,856)	(1,426,806)		421,862	-	(10,428,800)
Parks and park improvements	(1,111,823)		(622,546)		-	-	(1,734,369)
Other capital assets, depreciable	-		-		-	-	-
Total accumulated depreciation	(752,920,325)	(4	7,238,647)		421,862		 (799,737,110)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	 781,432,610	(3	9,987,674)		(1,521)	8,159,499	 749,602,914
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 1,072,845,094	\$ 2	2,370,847	\$	(27,717)	\$ -	\$ 1,095,188,224

	Balance 7/1/2018 Additions					Transfers/ Adjustments		Balance 6/30/2019	
Business-type Activities:									
Capital assets, not being depreciated:									
Land	\$ 6,669,987	\$	34,561	\$	-	\$	-	\$	6,704,548
Construction in progress	 4,407,471		2,373,287		-		(820,420)		5,960,338
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	11,077,458		2,407,848		-		(820,420)		12,664,886
Capital assets, being depreciated:									
Infrastructure	6,831,701		1,069,648		-		194,301		8,095,650
Land Improvements	-		-		-		485,021		485,021
Buildings and improvements	10,954,575		773,378		-		141,098		11,869,051
Vehicles and equipment	25,976,852		868,155		(948,241)		-		25,896,766
Total capital assets, being depreciated	 43,763,128		2,711,181		(948,241)		820,420		46,346,488
Less accumulated depreciation for:									
Infrastructure	(570,654)		(170,985)		-		-		(741,639)
Buildings and improvements	(1,210,549)		(279,186)		-		-		(1,489,735)
Vehicles and equipment	 (12,991,735)		(2,011,580)		664,007		-		(14,339,308)
Total accumulated depreciation	(14,772,938)		(2,461,751)		664,007		-		(16,570,682)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	 28,990,190		249,430		(284,234)		820,420		29,775,806
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 40,067,648	\$	2,657,278	\$	(284,234)	\$	-	\$	42,440,692

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General government	\$ 1,404,103
Public safety	1,278,479
Public ways and facilities	44,243,706
Community development	 312,359
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 47,238,647
Business-type activities:	
Transit	\$ 2,050,302
Drainage	169,346
Solid Waste	 242,103
Total depreciation expense - business-type activities	\$ 2,461,751

Note 5: <u>Unavailable Revenue</u>

Unavailable Revenue

Governmental funds report unavailable revenue in connection with receivables for revenues considered unavailable to liquidate liabilities of the current period. As of June 30, 2019, the various components of unavailable revenue in the governmental funds are detailed as follows:

Government Activities :		
General Fund:	Intergovermental receivables	\$ 98,472
Affordable Housing Fund :	Housing project loan interest receivable	1,255,669
	Housing subsidies receivable	359,668
Federal Capital Grants Fund:	Intergovermental receivables	3,759,743
Roadway Fees:	Development impact fees receivable	2,117,168
Other Governmental Funds:	Intergovermental receivables	373,789
	Housing project loan interest receivable	137,438
	LT development fees receivable	445,759
Swainson's Hawk Fund:	LT mitigation fees receivable	1,469,206
		\$ 10,016,912

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019

Note 6: Long-Term Liabilities

The following is a summary of long-term liabilities transactions of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019:

	Balance at 7/1/2018	Additions	Deletions	Balance at 6/30/2019	Within One year		
Governmental Activities: Lease revenue bond debt-Series 2017 Lease revenue bond debt-Series 2018	\$ 4,675,000 18,530,000	\$ - -	\$ (470,000)	\$ 4,205,000 18,530,000	\$		
Total Bonds Payable	23,205,000		(470,000)	22,735,000	1,080,000		
Net Pension Liability Compensated absences Claims payable	16,537,686 4,333,507 614,555	1,736,033 3,864,192 118,738	(4,283,503) (3,784,257) (336,293)	13,990,216 4,413,442 397,000	452,490		
Totals	\$ 44,690,748	\$ 5,718,963	\$ (8,874,053)	\$ 41,535,658	\$ 1,532,490		
	Balance at			Balance at	Amount Due Within		

	7/1/2018	1	Additions	Ι	Deletions	5/30/2019	(One year
Business-type activities:								·
Lease revenue bond debt	\$ 9,165,000	\$	-	\$	(250,000)	\$ 8,915,000	\$	260,000
Compensated absences	63,536		93,033		(95,128)	\$ 61,441		5,899
Totals	\$ 9,228,536	\$	93,033	\$	(345,128)	\$ 8,976,441	\$	265,899

The General fund has typically been used in prior years to reduce the net pension obligation and net other postemployment benefit obligation.

As of June 30, 2019, annual debt service requirements of governmental activities to maturity are as follows:

Lease	Governmental Activities Lease Revenue Bond Debt - Series 2017			Governmental Activities Lease Revenue Bond Debt - Series 2018					
Year Ending June 30:		Principal		Interest	Year Ending June 30:		Principal		Interest
2020	\$	485,000	\$	101,341	2020	\$	595,000	\$	706,181
2021		495,000		89,652	2021		620,000		684,856
2022		510,000		77,723	2022		645,000		656,331
2023		520,000		65,432	2023		680,000		623,206
2024		530,000		52,900	2024		715,000		588,331
2025-2027		1,665,000		80,735	2025-2029		4,155,000		2,353,406
					2030-2034		5,120,000		1,394,953
Total	\$	4,205,000	\$	467,781	2035-2039		6,000,000		513,125
					Total	\$	18,530,000	\$	7,520,389

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019

Individual issues of bonds at June 30, 2019, are as follows:

Governmental Activities

Lease Revenue Bond Debt	Maturity Date	Interest Rates	Annual Principal Installments	0	riginal Issue Amount	itstanding at 6/30/2019
2017 Refunding of the Elk Grove Financing Authority Lease Revenue Bonds (2007 Capital Projects)	2027	2.41%	\$265,000 - \$565,000	\$	4,940,000	\$ 4,205,000
Elk Grove Financing Authority Lease Revenue Bonds (Series 2018)	2039	3.0 - 5.0%	\$595,000 - \$1,280,000	\$	18,530,000	\$ 18,530,000

Lease Revenue Bonds are payable from any source of legally available funds of the City, which includes the General Fund. The City covenants under the lease to take such actions as may be necessary to include rental payments due under the lease in its annual budgets.

Revenue Bonds

EGFA Series 2010 Lease Revenue Bonds (Capital Facility)

On December 22, 2010, the Elk Grove Financing Authority issued Lease Revenue Bonds in the principal amount of \$10,715,000, which will mature on March 1, 2040. Interest payments are due semi-annually, on March 1 and September 1 of each year, at rates ranging from 3.433% to 8.668%. Principal payments are due annually on March 1. The bond issuance provides for optional redeption at 100% of par on or after March 1, 2020. They are collateralized by revenue received from the City by the Authority under the Lease Agreement for the Special Waste Collection Center, dated July 10, 2015. Proceeds from the Bonds were used to finance the design and construction of the Special Waste Collection Center.

EGFA Series 2017 Lease Revenue Bonds (Capital Facility)

On June 20, 2007, the Elk Grove Financing Authority issued Lease Revenue Bonds in the principal amount of \$18,585,000, which were subsequently refinanced on June 8, 2017 via private placement transaction with BBVA Compass Bank. The bonds will mature on March 1, 2027. Interest payments are due semi-annually, on March 1 and September 1 of each year, at an annual rate of 2.41%. Principal payments are due annually on March 1. The refinanced debt does not provide for any optional redemption or acceleration provision. The Bonds are collateralized by revenue received from the City by the Authority under the Lease Agreement for the Elk Grove Corporation Yard, dated June 1, 2017. Proceeds from the Bonds were used to finance the design and construction of the Laguna Palms Campus, which is leased by the City from the Authority.

EGFA Series 2018 Lease Revenue Bonds (Capital Facility)

On March 18, 2018, the Elk Grove Financing Authority issued Lease Revenue Bonds in the principal amount of \$18,530,000, which will mature on November 1, 2039. Interest payments are due semi-annually, on May 1 and November 1 of each year, at rates ranging from 3.0% to 5.0%.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019

Principal payments are due annually on November 1. The bonds provide for optional redemption at 100% of par on or after November 1, 2028. They are collateralized by revenue received from the City by the Authority under the Lease Agreement for three City-owned properties, dated April 1, 2018. The three properties are located at 8380, 8400, and 8401 Laguna Palms Drive. Proceeds from the Bonds were used to finance the design and construction of the Elk Grove Animal Shelter, which is leased by the City from the Authority.

Business Type Activities

As of June 30, 2019, annual debt service requirements of business-type activities to maturity are as follows:

	Recovery		ype Activities ic Development B	ond Debt		
	Year Ending June 30:	Princi	pal	Interest		
	2020	\$ 20	50,000 \$	759,461		
	2021		70,000	740,744		
	2022		35,000	718,741		
	2023		95,000	695,517		
	2024		10,000	671,477		
	2025-2029		30,000	2,948,405		
	2030-2034		35,000	2,108,058		
	2035-2039	2,83	30,000	1,040,160		
	2040	65	50,000	56,342		
	Total	\$ 8,9	\$	9,738,905		
Recovery Zone Economic Development Bond Debt Lease Revenue Bond Debt Elk Grove Finance Authority Series	Maturity Date	Interest Rates	Annual Prin Installmer	-	Original Issue Amount	Outstanding at 6/30/2019
2010 Lease Revenue Bonds	2040	3.4 -8.7%	\$205,000 - \$65	50,000 \$	10,715,000	\$ 8,915,000

Elk Grove Finance Authority 2010 Lease Revenue-Recovery Zone Economic Development Bonds

On December 22, 2010, the Elk Grove Finance Authority issued the Series 2010 Lease Revenue Bonds in the amount of \$10,715,000 to fund a portion of the costs of construction of a household hazardous waste collection facility, the acquisition of land, furnishing and equipment related to the facility, net a Recovery Zone Economic Development subsidy. Interest rates range from 3.433% to 8.668% and mature beginning March 1, 2012 through March 1, 2040. The bonds will be payable from and secured by, lease revenues and refundable credits from the Federal government under Section 6431 of the IRS Code of 1986 determined in accordance with Section 1400U-2 of the Tax Code, which the Finance Authority has elected to receive.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019

Special Assessment District Bonds

Special Assessment Districts (Districts) within the City have issued debt under the Mello-Roos Community Facilities Act of 1982 to finance infrastructure improvements and facilities within the boundaries of the Districts. The City is the collecting and paying agent for the debt issued by the Districts, but has no direct or contingent liability or moral obligation for the payment of the debt. Therefore, debt issued by the Districts is not included in long term debt of the City.

The outstanding balance of these issues at June 30, 2019 is:

Special Assessment Debt with no Governmental Commitment	Issue Year	Maturity Year	 Outstanding at 6/30/2019
E. Franklin Community Facilities District No. 2002-1, Series 2015	2015	2038	\$ 45,245,000
Poppy Ridge Community Facilities District No. 2003-1, Series 2015	2015	2038	\$ 40,220,000
Laguna Ridge Community Facilities District No. 2005-1, Series 2016	2017	2046	\$ 111,920,000
Laguna Ridge Community Facilities District No. 2005-1, Series 2018	2018	2018	\$ 19,145,000

Note 7: Fund Balance Policies

In the fund financial statements, fund balance is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based on the extent to which the City is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. The classifications of fund balance are:

<u>Nonspendable</u> – includes fund balance amounts that cannot be spent either because they are not in spendable form or because of legal or contractual constraints.

<u>Restricted</u> – includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes which are externally imposed by providers, such as creditors, or amounts constrained due to constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u> – includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by the government through formal action (Resolution) of the highest level of decision making authority (City Council) and do not lapse at year-end. All use of committed fund balance requires the City Council, which is the highest level of decision making authority, to take formal action with a resolution, including a budget resolution, to modify or rescind a committed fund balance.

The City Council amended the Fund Balance Reserve Policy in April 2019 by Resolution No. 2019-083 which states that the City Council approved to increase the General Fund Reserve for Economic Uncertainty target level from between 15% and 20% to between 20% and 25% to assist with economic uncertainty, emergencies and cash flow needs and the City Council voted to create

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019

a new Opportunity Reserve fund with a target level of 0% to 5% to add budget flexibility for the purpose of providing funding for projects, acquisitions, or unforeseen events or need. The Fund Balance Reserve Policy is intended to provide a framework for establishing annual reserve levels during the budget process that will provide the City with flexibility to adapt to local, regional and statewide economic changes and to stabilize the delivery of City services during periods of operational budget deficits while continuing to maintain sufficient balance for emergency spending. The reserve balance as a percentage of adjusted appropriations shall be no less than 20% of general fund adjusted appropriations. The City Council will approve any fund balance between 20% and 25% of adjusted appropriations as part of the annual budget resolution, provided that the level of reserves is not reduced below 20%. These reserves will be reported as part of the Committed Reserve Balance in the City's CAFR. Any appropriation of the REU below the 20% minimum shall be accompanied by findings articulating the need for the use of the REU and a plan for the replenishment of the REU within a reasonable period not to exceed three (3) budget years. All use of the REU must be approved by a majority (three votes) of the City Council. The exception is the event that a disaster situation is declared. In the event of a declared emergency, the City Manager may expend REU without prior City Council approval. After the emergency, the City Council shall evaluate the current REU level, and if necessary, publish, as an amendment to the current Budget Resolution, findings for the replenishment of the reserves within a reasonable period not to exceed three budget years. When the City successfully retains a REU amount beyond 25% and an Opportunity Reserve beyond 5% of Adjusted Appropriations for a given budget year the close out of the fiscal year will include the reallocation of reserves over the 30% to two purposes: one half to Capital Reserves and one half to economic development programs. Maintaining the target level funding for the projected fund balance amounts in the next fiscal year will be considered before a transfer of reserves is initiated. The City want to retain a Stabilization Reserve level of between 10% to 25% of revenues in other operating funds for any given budget year. Stabilization Reserves will be set aside each budget year to provide budget stabilization or to fund unanticipated projects deemed necessary. The City Council will approve any fund balance between 10% and 20% of other on-going operating revenues as part of the Annual Budget Resolution. If the level of Stabilization Reserves falls below 10%, the City may over several Fiscal Years restore the level of Reserve to the desirable level of over 10%. These reserves will be reported as part of the committed reserve balance.

<u>Assigned</u> – includes fund balance amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes that are neither considered restricted or committed. Assigned Fund Balance represents budgeted amounts set by City Council's approval of the subsequent year budget, as set forth in the Fund Balance Reserve Policy approved by the City Council in December 2009 by Resolution No. 2009-37 directs that Council will assign any restricted reserve (assigned) fund balance.

<u>Unassigned</u> – Unassigned includes positive fund balance within the General Fund which has not been classified within the above mentioned categories and negative fund balances in other governmental funds.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for specific expenditures, restricted resources are considered spent before unrestricted resources. Within unrestricted resources, committed and assigned are considered spent (if available) before unassigned amounts.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019

As of June 30, 2019, the fund balance details by classification are on the next page:

	General Fund	Affordable Housing Special Revenue Fund	(Federal Capital Grant Fund	Roadway Fee Capital Projects Fund		tigation and e Funds	R	Laguna idge CFD 2005-1 Fund	Fina	Grove ncing nority		GFA 2017	Gove	other rnmental unds		Total
Fund Balance:																	
Nonspendable																	
Advance to other funds	\$ 2,372,795	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,372,795
Restricted:																	
Affordable housing projects	-	82,841,107		-	-		-		-		-		-		801,261		83,642,368
CDBG	-	-		-	-		-		-		-		-		210,017		210,017
Development services fund	-	-		-	-		-		-		-		-		730,707		730,707
State homeless appropriations	-	-		-	-		-		-		-		-	4,	567,656		4,567,656
State grants	-	-		-	-		-		-		-		-		15,166		15,166
Public safety	-	-		-	-		-		-		-		-	3,	405,242		3,405,242
Public works maintenance	-	-		-	-		-		-		-		-	29,	498,125		29,498,125
Public works fund	-	-		-	-		-		-		-		-	1,	359,228		1,359,228
Agricultural preservation	-	-		-	-		-		-		-		-	2,	043,254		2,043,254
Swainson's Hawk	-	-		-	-		-		-		-		-	3,	171,483		3,171,483
Tree mitigation	-	-		-	-		-		-		-		-		987,096		987,096
Library	-	-		-	-		-		-		-		-	1,	036,473		1,036,473
Capital projects	-	-		-	32,019,398	12	,779,123		8,625,159		-		-	45,	948,944		99,372,624
Debt service	-	-		-	-		-		-	29	6,814	2	61,685		-		558,499
Committed:																	
Reserve for economic uncertainty	18,269,813	-		-	-		-		-		-		-		-		18,269,813
Opportunity reserves	3,653,963	-		-	-		-		-		-		-		-		3,653,963
Capital reserve	11,654,084	-		-	-		-		-		-		-		-		11,654,084
Economic development programs	3,866,372	-		-	-		-		-		-		-		-		3,866,372
Assigned:																	
Approriation of fund balance	2,359,382	-		-	-		-		-		-		-		-		2,359,382
Unassigned:	190,714	-	(3	3,741,309)	-		-		-		-		-	(2,	271,991)		(5,822,586)
Total Fund Balances	\$42,367,123	\$ 82,841,107	\$(3	3,741,309)	\$ 32,019,398	\$ 12	,779,123	\$	8,625,159	\$ 29	6,814	\$ 2	61,685	\$ 91,	502,661	\$ 2	266,951,761

Note 8: Interfund Transactions

Interfund balances as of June 30, 2019, consisted of the following:

Due From/To Other Funds:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General Fund	Other Governmental Funds	\$ 165,029
Roadway Fee Fund	Federal Capital Grants Fund	1,238,472
Roadway Fee Fund	Other Governmental Funds	101,727
Roadway Fee Fund	Transit Fund	2,929,808
		\$ 4,435,036

During the year, various funds borrowed cash to cover their operating cash deficits. These amounts are intended be repaid in the following fiscal year.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019

Advances From/To Other Funds:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General Fund	Other Governmental Funds	\$ 2,372,795
Other Governmental Funds Drainage Fund	Mitigation Fund Federal Capital Grants Fund	5,000,000 2,312,000
Roadway Fee Fund	Other Governmental Funds	614
Roadway Fee Fund Roadway Fee Fund	Transit Fund Federal Capital Grants Fund	688,819 76,589
		\$ 10,450,817

The City advanced funds between General Fund's Capital Reserve Fund and Street Lighting Maintenance District Funds Zones 1 and 2 for the LED Streetlight Replacement Capital Project. The remaining balance is \$2,372,795 is reflected as an advance from other funds in the Street Lighting Maintenance District Funds Zones. There are 6 years remaining with variable interest rate, tied to the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) investment earning. The advance is due August 28, 2025.

The Street Maintenance District Special Revenue Fund and the Capital Facilities Funds Capital Project Fund advanced \$3,500,000 and \$1,500,000, respectively to the Mitigation and Fee Fund and is related to an early settlement of reimbursement agreements between the City and Reynen & Bardis (R&B) at a discounted rate in fiscal year 2018-19. More details of the settlement can be found in Note 15 on page 80.

The City is undertaking the advancing of the Intelligent Transportation System Phase IV Project. In order to pursue the Advanced Funding Agreement, the City first needs to provide evidence of its ability to fully fund the project. The advance from the Drainage Fund to the Federal Grant Fund was approved by Council to provide the local funds. Repayment of the loan will be repaid any time during the five-year term. The loan will be amortized using a variable interest rate, tied to the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) investment earnings. The remaining balance is \$2,312,000.

The Transit Fund had a series of years prior to fiscal year 2009-10 where the fund operated in a deficit. The General Fund has assisted over the past fiscal years by reducing the Transit unrestricted deficit to the current balance of (\$3,872,763). The interfund transaction of \$2,929,808 included in the due to other funds represents the amount that is considered to be collected within a year, the \$688,819 is considered collectable outside of a year. The Transit operations budget has remained stable and more balanced over the last several years slowly reducing the overall negative net position is the Transit Operations fund. Per the forecast above, the negative net position is expected to turn positive in fiscal year 2023 and hence forth no longer rely on the General Fund Deficit Forgiveness contribution amount. Much of the success in reducing the negative fund balance can be attributed to the Comprehensive Operations Analysis (COA) adopted by Council in April of 2017, the anticipation of receiving increased revenues through Senate Bill 1 (SB 1) and the sound fiscal management by the Transit staff.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019

Transfer From	Transfer To	Amount	Purpose
General Fund	Other Governmental Funds	\$ 71,395	Cost Recovery
	Other Governmental Funds	44,793	Cost Recovery
	EG Finance Authority	365,213	Cost Recovery
	EG Finance Authority 2018		
	Debt Service Fund	690,000	Cost Recovery
	Recycling & Waste Fund	45,402	Cost Recovery
	Transit Fund	835,304	Transit Deficit Reduction
		2,052,107	
Affordable Housing	Other Governemntal Funds	8,918	Cost Recovery
	Roadway Fee Fund	60,814	Fee reimbursements
		69,732	
Federal Capital Grants Fund	Other Governmental Funds	144,136	Cost Recovery
Roadway Fee Fund	General Fund	37,897	Cost Pasouary
Roadway Fee Fund	Other Governmental Funds	801,238	Cost Recovery Cost Recovery
	Federal Capital Grants Fund	300,000	Cost Recovery
	Poderar Capital Orants Fund	1,139,135	Cost Recovery
Mitigation and Fee Fund	General Fund	53,237	Cost Recovery
	Other Governmental Funds	252,278	Cost Recovery
		305,515	
Laguna Ridge CFD			
2005-1 Fund	General Fund	103,018	Cost Recovery
	Other Governmental Funds	744,633	Cost Recovery
		847,651	

Interfund transfers as of June 30, 2019, consisted of the following:

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019

Transfer From	Transfer To	Amount	Purpose
Other Governmental Funds	General Fund	1,388,082	Cost Recovery
	General Fund	3,230,000	Police Funding
	Other Governmental Funds	1,560,488	Cost Recovery
	EG Finance Authority EG Finance Authority 2018	179,711	Cost Allocation
	Debt Service Fund	100,000	Cost Allocation
	Recycling & Waste Fund	70,393	Correct Revenue Posting
		6,528,674	
Solid Waste Fund	General Fund	575,365	Cost Recovery
	General Fund	86,438	Code Enforcement Services
	Other Governmental Funds	4,707	Cost Recovery
	EG Finance Authority	10,272	Cost Allocation
	·	676,782	
Transit Fund	General Fund	362,369	Cost Recovery
	Other Governmental Funds	523	Cost Recovery
	EG Finance Authority	13,291	Cost Recovery
	·	376,183	·
Drainage Fund	General Fund	125,606	Cost Recovery
	Other Governmental Funds	488,480	Cost Recovery
	EG Finance Authority	12,244	Debt Service Allocation
		626,330	
Internal Service Funds	General Fund	555,826	Cost Recovery
	Other Governmental Funds	1,400	Cost Recovery
	EG Finance Authority	19,269	Debt Service Allocation
		576,495	
		\$ 13,342,742	

Note 9: Excess Expenditures over Appropriations

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the following budgetary unit had expenditures that exceeded appropriations:

Fund	Ap	propriations	Expenditures	 Over
Special Revenue Funds				
Public Works Fund	\$	4,173,481	\$ 4,331,937	\$ (158,456)

Sufficient resources were available within each fund to finance these excesses.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019

Note 10: Deficit Fund Balances

As of June 30, 2019, the following funds had deficit fund balances. The deficits occurred because expenditures exceeded revenues. The City expects that future funding will reduce the deficits.

Fund	 Deficit	_
Special Revenue:		
Tire Collection & Disposal Grant Fund	\$ 22,811	Result of timing difference between expenditu and the receipt of Grant funding.
Local Police Grants Fund	45,014	Result of timing difference between expenditure and the receipt of Grant funding.
Street Lighting Maintenance District Funds	2,063,135	Result of interfund loan for LED street light replacement
Capital Projects:		
Federal Capital Grants Fund	3,741,309	Result of timing difference between expenditur and the receipt of Grant funding.
State Grants Fund	140,417	
Lakeside CFD Fund	614	Result of timing difference between expenditure and the receipt of funding.

Note 11: Other Postemployment Benefits Other than Pension Benefits

Plan Descriptions

The City provides three separate Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) plans for qualified executive staff and employees who retire from the City. One OPEB plan is a single employer defined benefit health reimbursement arrangement administered through the use of an OPEB Trust Fund (the HRA Plan), the second plan is a defined contribution plan to which the City and employees may contribute an amount each pay period to employee accounts (defined contribution plan), and the third OPEB plan is a single employer defined benefit plan providing a health insurance premium rate subsidy administered by California Public Employees Retirement System (CalPERS) on behalf of the City (the Health Insurance Rate Subsidy Plan).

Eligibility and Benefit Information of the HRA Plan

On August 22, 2007, the Elk Grove City Council adopted Resolution 2007-191 to establish an IRS Section 115 Trust for the City's HRA Plan, adopt eligibility criteria for employees to participate in the plan and designated \$1.5 million to prefund a portion of the future liability. The financial statements for the HRA Plan are included in the Retirement Health Trust Fund statement of fiduciary net position and statement of changes in fiduciary net position. Separate financial statements are not issued for the HRA Plan.

The benefit provided by the HRA Plan to eligible retirees of the City (Councilmembers and employees) is an irrevocable contribution of up to \$800 per month for each covered employee deposited into a health reimbursement account for use by the retiree and eligible dependents to

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019

pay for medical expenses allowed under the Internal Revenue Code. On December 9, 2009, the City Council amended the HRA plan with Resolution 2009-266 which limited employee eligibility in the HRA plan to employees within six years of CalPERS retirement eligibility at July 1, 2009. The eligibility criteria for employees established under the plan agreement are as follows:

- Executive staff who report directly to the City Council or the City manager who are retiring from the City in the CalPERS retirement system, with at least 5 consecutive years of service working with the City.
- All other staff who are retiring from the City in the CalPERS retirement system, with at least 10 consecutive years of service working with the City.
- Employees who terminate before retirement with the City forfeit contributions upon separation.

Eligibility and Benefit Information of the Defined Contribution Plan

Employees not meeting HRA plan eligibility have been enrolled in the Defined Contribution Plan where the City contributes an amount per pay period to a deferred compensation account with the HRA vendor in the employee's name, which is fully vested and has no funding liabilities. Employees are enrolled in this plan on their date of hire with no waiting period. Non Representative employees received an employer paid \$100 per pay period. Elk Grove Police Officers Association (EGPOA) employees covered by the Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) contributions are structured as outlined in the following tier structure.

Employee Age	Employee Contribution	Employer Contribution
34 and under	\$60.00	\$70.00
35-39	\$70.00	\$80.00
40-44	\$80.00	\$90.00
45 and over	\$90.00	\$100.00

The plan is administered by Health Secure HRA. Employee contributions for the fiscal year totaled \$361,768. Employer contributions of \$751,745 were paid into the Defined Contribution Plan. No liability for the defined contribution has been included in the report since the City fully paid the annual required contribution. Since the assets held under this plan are not the City's property and are not subject to claims by general creditors of the City, the assets have been excluded from these financial statements.

Eligibility and Benefit Information of the Health Insurance Rate Subsidy Plan

Under the Health Insurance Rate Subsidy Plan, the City provides retirees the ability to continue their healthcare coverage under the City's cafeteria plan at a cost to the retiree equal to current eligible employees, which is administered by CalPERS. The City pays the minimum mandatory Rate Subsidy amount required of State Statute. On February 26, 2014, the Elk Grove City Council adopted Resolution 2014-44 to establish an IRS Section 115 Trust for the City's Health Insurance Rate Subsidy Plan. The fiscal year 2018-19 Budget programmed \$32 per employee per pay period as planned funding for the existing plan's liability. The financial

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019

statements for the Health Insurance Rate Subsidy Plan are included in the Retirement Health Trust fund statement of fiduciary net position and statement of changes in fiduciary net position. Separate financial statements are not issued for the Health Insurance Rate Subsidy Plan. The current rate subsidy is \$136 per eligible retiree per month.

Funding Policies

For all three OPEB plans, the contribution requirements of plan members and the City are established and may be amended a) by the City Council through negotiations with the City's bargaining units, or b) by administrative directive for non-represented employees.

The following disclosures are for the HRA Plan and the Health Insurance Rate Subsidy Plan only. These disclosures do not apply to the Defined Contribution Plan since it does not have any defined benefit characteristics and no liability beyond the on-going employer contribution.

Plan Administration – The City is the Plan administrator. PARS administers the investment trust for the HRA Plan and ICMA administers the investment trust for the Rate Subsidy OPEB Plan.

Plan Membership – As of the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation date, membership in the Plans consisted of the following;

Data

	HRA Plan	Rate Subsidy Plan
Retirees and beneficiaries receiving benefits	40	23
Terminated plan members entitled to, but		
not yet receiving benefits	-	-
Active plan members	16	326
Total Number of Participants	56	349

Investment Policy – PARS and ICMA offer different investment portfolios as part of the investment vehicle. The investments held as of June 30, 2019 are included in Note 2.

Rate of Return - For the year ended June 30, 2019, the annual money-weighted rate of return on investments, net of investment expense, was 7.05% for the HRA Plan 3.65% for the Rate Subsidy Plan. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Changes in Net OPEB Liability (Asset) – The components of the changes in the net OPEB liability (asset) for each plan for the year ended at June 30, 2019, were as follows:

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019

HRA Plan	Increase (Decrease)						
	Т	otal OPEB	Pla	n Fiduciary	N	let OPEB	
		Liability	Ν	et Position	Lial	oility/(Asset)	
		(a)		(b)		(a) - (b)	
Balance at June 30, 2018	\$	5,025,742	\$	3,046,980	\$	1,978,762	
Changes Recognized for the Measurement Period:							
Service Cost		14,602		-		14,602	
Interest on the total OPEB liability		282,474		-		282,474	
Changes in benefit terms		-		-		-	
Differences between expected and actual experience		40,664		-		40,664	
Changes of assumptions		-		-		-	
Employer Contributions		-		470,332		(470,332)	
Actual Investment Income		-		179,331		(179,331)	
Investment Gains/Losses		-		43,760		(43,760)	
Administrative expenses		-		(14,252)		14,252	
Benefit payments		(366,252)		(366,252)		-	
Net changes		(28,512)		312,919		(341,431)	
Balance at June 30, 2019	\$	4,997,230	\$	3,359,899	\$	1,637,331	
Rate Subsidy Plan			Incre	ase (Decrease)			
	T	otal OPEB	Pla	n Fiduciary	N	let OPEB	
		Liability	Ν	et Position	Lial	oility/(Asset)	
		(a)		(b)		(a) - (b)	
Balance at June 30, 2018	\$	2,882,047	\$	3,044,740	\$	(162,693)	
Changes Recognized for the Measurement Period:							
Service Cost		195,422		-		195,422	
Service Cost Interest on the total OPEB liability		195,422 177,586		-		195,422 177,586	
				- -			
Interest on the total OPEB liability				- - -			
Interest on the total OPEB liability Changes in benefit terms				- - -			
Interest on the total OPEB liability Changes in benefit terms Differences between expected and actual experience				- - - 240,026			
Interest on the total OPEB liability Changes in benefit terms Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions				- - - 240,026 188,128		177,586 - - (240,026)	
Interest on the total OPEB liability Changes in benefit terms Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Employer Contributions				<i>,</i>		177,586 - - (240,026) (188,128)	
Interest on the total OPEB liability Changes in benefit terms Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Employer Contributions Actual Investment Income				188,128		177,586 - - (240,026) (188,128)	
Interest on the total OPEB liability Changes in benefit terms Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Employer Contributions Actual Investment Income Investment Gains/Losses				188,128 33,800		177,586 - - (240,026) (188,128) (33,800)	
Interest on the total OPEB liability Changes in benefit terms Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Employer Contributions Actual Investment Income Investment Gains/Losses Administrative expenses		177,586 - - - - - -		188,128 33,800 (18,574)		177,586 - - (240,026) (188,128) (33,800)	

Actuarial Assumptions - The total OPEB liabilities for the HRA Plan and Rate Subsidy Plan were determined by actuarial valuations as of June 30, 2018, rolled forward to June 30, 2019 using standard update procedures. The valuations used the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019

	HRA Plan	Rate Subsidy Plan
Inflation	2.75%	2.75%
Salary Increases	2.75%	2.75%
Investment Rate of Return	5.8%, net of OPEB plan investment expenses	6.0%, net of OPEB plan investment expenses
Healthcare Cost Trend Rates	4.00%	4.00%
	2014 CalPERS Mortality for Active Safety	2014 CalPERS Mortality for Active Safety
	Employees and Active Miscellaneous	Employees and Active Miscellaneous
Mortality Tables	Employees	Employees

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation as of June 30, 2019 are summarized in the following table:

	HR	A Plan		sidy Plan
Asset Class	Percentage of Portofolio	Assumed Gross Rate of Return	Percentage of Portofolio	Assumed Gross Rate of Return
Equities	50%	7.00%		
Fixed Income	50%	4.00%		
All US Domestic Stock			60%	7.795%
Long-Term Corporate Bonds			40.0%	5.295%

Rate

Discount rate - The discount rates used to measure the total OPEB liabilities as of June 30, 2019 were 5.8% and 6.0% for the HRA Plan and Rate Subsidy Plan, respectively. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that City contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plans' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liabilities.

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following presents the net OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using the discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

			H	IRA Plan		
	1% I	Decrease	Disco	ount Rate	1% I	ncrease
		4.80%		5.80%		6.80%
Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$	2,128,321	\$	1,637,331	\$	1,146,977
			Rate	Subsidy Plan		
	1% I	Decrease	Disco	ount Rate	1% I	ncrease
		5.00%		6.00%		7.00%
Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$	380,631	\$	(233,065)	\$	(721,624)

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates - The following presents the net OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's net OPEB liability would be if it

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019

were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

			E	IRA Plan		
			Hea	lthcare Cost		
	1% E	Decrease	T	rend Rate	1% I	ncrease
Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$	1,637,331	\$	1,637,331	\$	1,637,331
			Rate	Subsidy Plan		
			Hea	lthcare Cost		
	1% E	Decrease	T	rend Rate	1% I	ncrease
Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$	(754,367)	\$	(233,065)	\$	410,287

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB - For the year ended June 30, 2019, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$265,633 for the HRA Plan and \$198,539 for the Rate Subsidy Plan. At June 30, 2019, the City reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

HRA Plan	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between actual and expected experience Changes of assumptions Net differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments	\$	9,384	\$	(7,549)
Total Rate Subsidy Plan		9,384 ed Outflows esources		(7,549) rred Inflows Resources
Differences between actual and expected experience Changes of assumptions Net differences between projected and actual earnings on			\$	(178,809)
plan investments	\$	6,004		
Total	\$	6,004	\$	(178,809)
Total Both Plans	\$	15,388	\$	(186,358)

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized as part of OPEB expense as follows:

	Annual Amortization					
Year						
Ended June 30		HRA Plan	Rate	Subsidy Plan		Total
2020	\$	12,924	\$	(4,915)	\$	8,009
2021		3,540		(4,915)		(1,375)
2022		(5,877)		(18,356)		(24,233)
2023		(8,752)		(20,410)		(29,162)
2024		-		(13,650)		(13,650)
Thereafter		-		(110,559)		(110,559)

Note 12: Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Plan Description

All qualified permanent and probationary employees are eligible to participate in the Public Agency Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan (the Plan), administered by the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS). The Plan consists of individual rate plans (benefit tiers) within a safety risk pool (police and fire) and a miscellaneous risk pool (all other). Plan assets may be used to pay benefits for any employer rate plan of the safety and miscellaneous pools. Accordingly, rate plans within the safety or miscellaneous pools are not separate plans under generally accepted accounting principles. Individual employers may sponsor more than one rate plan in the miscellaneous or safety risk pools. The City sponsors 6 rate plans (three miscellaneous and three safety). Benefit provisions under the Plan are established by State statute and City resolution. CalPERS issues publicly available reports that include a full description of the pension plan regarding benefit provisions, assumptions and membership information that can be found on the CalPERS website.

Benefits Provided

The Plan provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full time employment. Classic members and PEPRA Safety members with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 with statutorily reduced benefits. PEPRA Miscellaneous members with five years of total service are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after five years of service. The death benefit is one of the following: the Basic Death Benefit, the 1957 Survivor Benefit, or the Optional Settlement 2W Death Benefit. The cost of living adjustments for each plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019

The Plans' provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2019, are summarized as follows:

	Employer Rate Plans in the Miscellaneous Risk Pool				
	Classic		Miscellaneous	PEPRA	
Employer rate plan	Miscellaneou	15	Second Tier	Miscellaneous	
	Prior to		On or after	On or after	
Hire date	August 12, 201	12	August 12, 2012*	January 1, 2013*	
Benefit formula	2.7% @	55	2.0% @ 55	2.0% @ 62	
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years of servi	ice	5 years of service	5 years of service	
Benefit payments	Monthly for 1	ife	Monthly for life	Monthly for life	
Retirement age	50-	55	50-63	52-67	
Monthly benefits, as of % of eligible					
compensation	2.0% to 2.7	7%	1.426% - 2.418%	1.0% to 2.5%	
Required employee contribution rates	8.00)%	7.00%	6.25%	
Required employer contribution rates	12.212	2%	9.409%	6.842%	
Requires UAL contribution	\$ 251,87	² 2 \$	1,015	\$ 1,615	

	Employer Rate Plans in the Safety Risk Pool						
	Safe	ty Police		Safety Police		PEPRA	
	C	lassic		Second Tier		Safety Police	
	P	rior to		On or after		On or after	
Hire date	Augus	t 12, 2012		August 12, 2012*		January 1, 2013*	
Benefit formula	3	.0% @ 50		3.0% @ 55		2.7% @ 57	
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years	of service		5 years of service		5 years of service	
Benefit payments	Mont	nly for life		Monthly for life		Monthly for life	
Retirement age		50		50-55		50-57	
Monthly benefits, as of % of eligible							
compensation		3.0%		2.4% to 3.0%		2.0% to 2.7%	
Required employee contribution rates		9.00%		9.00%		12.00%	
Required employer contribution rates		20.566%		18.677%		12.141%	
Required UAL contribution	\$	455,418	\$	1,869	\$	1,385	

*Employees hired on or after January 1, 2013, enter the City's second tier or PEPRA plans depending on previous experience. Employees who were previously participating in a PEPRA plan through CalPERS, or who were not participating in any CalPERS plan within six months prior to hire date, are enrolled in the City's PEPRA Miscellaneous or PEPRA Safety Police rate plans. Employees who were participating in a non-PEPRA CalPERS plan within six months prior to hire date are enrolled in the City's Miscellaneous or Safety Police Second tier plans.

Beginning in fiscal year 2016, CalPERS collects employer contributions for the Plan as a percentage of payroll for the normal cost portion as noted in the rates above and as a dollar amount for contributions toward the unfunded accrued liability (UAL). The dollar amount is billed on a monthly basis. The City's required contribution for the unfunded liability was \$713,174 in fiscal year 2019, as shown in the table above.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019

Contributions

Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers are determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. Contribution rates for the employer rate plans are determined through the CalPERS' annual actuarial valuation process. Each employer rate plan's actuarially determined rate is based on the estimated amount necessary to pay the employer rate plan's allocated share of the cost of benefits earned by employees during the year, and any unfunded accrued liability. The City is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees. The City's contributions to the Plan for the year ended June 30, 2019 were:

	Contributions			
Legally requried	\$	4,539,174		
Additional contributions		1,953,200		
Total contributions	\$	6,492,374		

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

As of June 30, 2019, the City reported a net pension liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability of the Plan of \$13,990,216.

The City's net pension liability for the Plan is measured as the proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability of the Plan is measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability for the Plan used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017 rolled forward to June 30, 2018 using standard update procedures. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of contributions to the Plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. The City's proportionate share of the net pension liability for the Plan as of June 30, 2017 and 2018 was as follows:

	Plan
Proportion - June 30, 2017	0.16676%
Proportion - June 30, 2018	0.14518%
Change - increase (decrease)	-0.02158%

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the City recognized pension expense of \$6,977,335. At June 30, 2019, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$ 6,492,374	\$ -	
Changes in assumptions	1,428,089	(236,477)	
Differences between expected and actual experience	359,481	(46,394)	
Changes in proportion and differences between the			
City's contributions and the City's proportionate			
share of contributions	4,910,458	(960,856)	
Net differences between projected and actual earnings			
on plan investments	88,350	-	
Total	\$ 13,278,752	\$ (1,243,727)	

\$6,492,374 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to legally required and additional contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

		Annual
Year Ended June 30	Amn	nortization
2020	\$	2,763,589
2021		2,437,216
2022		445,961
2023		(104,115)
Total	\$	5,542,651

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liabilities in the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuations were determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2017		
Measurement Date	June 30, 2018		
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry-Age Normal		
Actuarial Assumptions:			
	Derived using		
Montality Data Tabla	CalPERS'		
Mortality Rate Table	Membership Data		
	for all Funds (2)		
Discount Rate	7.15%		
Inflation	2.50%		
Duciante d Calamy In anagon	Varies by Entry		
Projected Salary Increase	Age and Service		
Investment Rate of Return	7.15% (1)		

(1) Net of pension plan investment and administrative expenses, including inflation

(2) The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS' specific data.

The table includes 15 years of Mortality improvements using the Society of Actuaries

Scale 90% of scale MP 2016. For more details on this table, please refer to the

December 2017 experience study report (based on CalPERS demographic data from 1997 to 2015) that can be found on the CalPERS website.

The underlying mortality assumptions and all other actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of a December 2017 actuarial experience study for the period 1997 to 2015. Further details of the Experience Study can be found on the CalPERS website.

Change of Assumptions – For the measurement date of June 30, 2018, the inflation rate reduced from 2.75% to 2.50%.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability for the Plan was 7.15%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate for the Plan assumed that contributions from all plan members in the Public Employees Retirement Fund (PERF) will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019

payments of current plan members for all plans in the PERF. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability for the Plan.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Such cash flows were developed assuming that both members and employers will make their required contributions on time and as scheduled in all future years. Using historical returns of all the Plan's asset classes, expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11+ years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and adjusted to account for assumed administrative expenses.

The table below reflects the long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation. These geometric rates of return are net of administrative expenses.

Asset Class (a)	New Strategic Allocation	Real Return Years 1-10 ^(b)	Real Return Years 11+ ^(c)
Global Equity	50.0%	4.80%	5.98%
Fixed Income	28.0%	1.00%	2.62%
Inflation Assets	0.0%	0.77%	1.81%
Private Equity	8.0%	6.30%	7.23%
Real Assets	13.0%	3.75%	4.93%
Liquidity	1.0%	0.00%	-0.92%
Total	100%		

(a) In the CalPERS CAFR, Fixed income is included in Global Debt Securities; Liquidity is included in Short-term Investments; Inflation Assets are included in both Global Equity Securities and Global Debt Securities.

(b) An expected inflation of 2.0% used for this period.

(c) An expected inflation of 2.92% used for this period.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability for the Plan, calculated using the discount rate for the Plan, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage-point lower or 1 percentage-point higher than the current rate:

	Discount Rate –1% (6.15%)	Current Discount Rate (7.15%)	Discount Rate +1% (8.15%)	
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$30,029,619	\$13,990,216	\$809,699	

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial reports.

Note 13: Deferred Compensation Plan

City employees may defer a portion of their compensation under a City sponsored deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Sections 457 and 414(h). Under these plans, participants are not taxed on the deferred portion of their compensation until distributed; distributions may be made only at termination, retirement, death or in an emergency as defined by the plan. Depending on the employee group, the City will match up to 2%, 3%, 4% or 5% of the covered payroll as a benefit under Internal Revenue Code Section 401(a). For the 2018-19 fiscal year the City's matching contribution was \$886,811.

The laws governing deferred compensation plan assets dictate that they be held in a Trust for the exclusive benefit of plan participants and their beneficiaries. Since the assets held under this plan are not the City's property and are not subject to claims by general creditors of the City, they have been excluded from these financial statements.

Note 14: Risk Management

Insurance Coverage

General Liability, Property, Pollution Liability, and Cyber Liability Coverage:

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City reports all insurance expense in the Risk Management internal service fund. The City has had no settlements exceeding insurance coverage in the last three fiscal years.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019

The City participates in a joint venture under a Joint Powers Agreement (JPA) with the California State Association of Counties – Excess Insurance Authority (CSAC-EIA). Established in 1979, CSAC-EIA is a risk pooling authority comprised of 55 of 58 California counties and provides viable and cost effective solutions for the entities' insurance and risk management needs. The purpose of CSAC-EIA is to spread the adverse effect of losses among the member entities and to purchase excess insurance as a group, thereby reducing its costs. The City is part of the General Liability I program (which includes Errors and Omissions coverage and Employment Liability coverage). CSAC-EIA also provides the City with property, pollution, cyber liability, and crime bond insurance.

CSAC-EIA is governed by a 65 member Board of Directors, composed of one representative from each member county and ten members elected by the public entity membership. The Board members actively participate in the development, oversight and future direction of the EIA's programs and services. The entire Board meets three times a year, on the first Friday of March, June and October. Each member entity pays a contribution commensurate with the level of coverage provided and shares surpluses and deficits proportionate to their participation.

Complete financial information for CSAC-EIA is available on their website <u>www.csac-eia.org</u> and at the following address:

CSAC-Excess Insurance Authority 750 Iron Point Circle, Suite 200 Folsom, CA 95630

The City's deductibles and maximum coverage follows:

	Self-Insured Retention	Limit Per Occurrence	Aggregate
General Liability Coverage	\$ 50,000	\$ 25,000,000	\$ 25,000,000
Property Coverage			
All Risk	5,000	25,000,000	300,000,000
Auto	10,000	25,000,000	300,000,000
Buses	100,000	25,000,000	300,000,000
Crime Coverage	2,500	1,000,000	1,000,000
Pollution Coverage	75,000	10,000,000	10,000,000
Cyber Liability Coverage	50,000	5,000,000	5,000,000

General Liability claims and judgments, including a provision for claims incurred but not reported, are recorded when a loss is deemed probable of assertion and the amount of the loss is reasonably determinable. As discussed above, the City has coverage for such claims, but it has retained the risk for the deductible or uninsured portion of these claims.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019

Changes in the reported liability resulted from the following:

	General		
	Liability		
Liability at June 30, 2017	\$	421,154	
Claims and changes in estimates		193,401	
Liability at June 30, 2018	\$	614,555	
Claims and changes in estimates		(217,555)	
Liability at June 30, 2019	\$	397,000	

Crime Coverage

Crime Insurance is secured through the Alliant Crime Insurance Program and provides the City with \$1,000,000 of per occurrence coverage and in the aggregate, and a deductible of \$2,500.

Fiduciary Coverage

Fiduciary Liability Insurance for the City's 457, 401(a) and OPEB plans is secured through Alliant Insurance Services and provides the City with \$2,000,000 in the aggregate and a retention of \$10,000.

Worker's Compensation Coverage

The City participates in a joint venture under a Joint Powers Agreement with the Northern California Cities Self-Insurance Fund (NCCSIF). Established in 1979, NCCSIF is a risk pooling authority comprised of 22 northern California cities. The purpose of NCCSIF is to spread the adverse effect of losses among the member entities and to purchase excess insurance as a group, thereby reducing its costs. The City is part of NCCSIF Workers' Compensation Program.

NCCSIF's most recent financial information is available from:

Alliant Insurance Services 1892 Tribute Rd Sacramento, CA 95815

The total limit of liability provided under the Workers' Compensation Program is Statutory for Workers' Compensation and \$5,000,000 for Employers' Liability. The program is divided into three separate coverage layers – Banking Fund, Shared Risk and Excess Coverage – as noted below:

Banking Fund	\$0 - \$100,000
Shared Risk	\$100,000 - \$500,000
Excess Coverage	\$500,000 – Statutory / Workers' Compensation
	\$500,000 - \$5,000,000 / Employers' Liability

The Banking Fund and the Shared Risk are self-insurance. The Excess Coverage is currently provided through participation in an excess workers' compensation joint powers authority,

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019

CSAC-EIA. CSAC-EIA shares risk up to \$5,000,000 and purchases excess and reinsurance coverage over that amount.

Activity for the City's banking layer administered by NCCSIF for the year ended June 30, 2019 is as follows:

			Investment			
		Deposits &	Income &	Claims	Claims	
	Balance	Other	FMV	Paid Net of	Admin. &	Balance
	6/30/2018	Income	Change	Refunds	Other Exp	6/30/2019
Worker's						
Compensation	\$ 807,163	\$ 680,276	\$ 122,162	\$ (879,743)	\$ (52,959)	\$ 676,899

Note 15: Commitments and Contingencies

Construction and Acquisition Commitment

The City has signed agreements for construction of various capital improvements and acquisition of capital assets subsequent to June 30, 2019. The balances owed on the existing construction and acquisition commitments were \$22,419,393 at June 30, 2019.

The City also contracts out its public works department for project management on the construction agreements. The City pays the contractor based on hourly rates ranging from \$32 to \$149 per hour for Federal/State funded project management services. For non-Federal/State, the hourly rates range from \$57 to \$222 per hour.

Revenue Neutrality Agreement

The City and the County of Sacramento (County) entered into an agreement pursuant to Government Code Section 56845. As a means of mitigating the financial impacts of the incorporation upon the County's general fund, the City shall share its secured and unsecured ad valorem property taxes levied and collected pursuant to state law within the City's corporate limits, with the exception of the Laguna West Annexation property tax allocation which is not subject to the Revenue Neutrality Agreement. All costs and expenses associated with the collection, administration and interest earning capabilities of the City property tax revenue shall be shared by the City and the County in accordance with the same percentages as the underlying property taxes.

The County's share of the City's property tax revenue shall be allocated by the County's Director of Finance directly to the County. The following table lists the remaining allocation percentages for years June 30, 2020 through June 30, 2026:

		County	City
Year	Fiscal Year	Share	Share
20	2019/2020	60%	40%
21	2020/2021	50%	50%
22	2021/2022	40%	60%
23	2022/2023	30%	70%
	- 0		

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019				
24	2023/2024	20%	80%	
25	2024/2025	10%	90%	
26	2025/2026	00%	100%	

As part of the revenue neutrality agreement, the City paid to the County \$7,067,279 during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

The Ridge EG East, LP Tax Incentive

On April 12, 2017 City Council adopted a resolution authorizing the City Manager to execute an Economic Development Incentive Agreement with a developer. The total amount of the incentive is \$8 million relating to the construction of Costco. The funds to provide the incentive will come from sales tax revenues generated by the store and received by the City. No current City revenues or services would be impacted by payment of the incentive. Payments will be made quarterly to the Land Owner for no more than 25 years in the amount of 50% of sales taxes received from the store. Once the incentive is paid off, or the agreement expires after 25 years, whichever comes first, the City would keep all sales tax revenues generated by the Elk Grove Costco. The City estimates the incentive would be paid off in approximately year 20 of the Agreement. As of June 30, 2019, the City has paid a total of \$274,357 of this incentive.

Reynen & Bardis Payment

The City Council in October 2006 approved several developer agreements between the City and Reynen & Bardis (R&B). The City and R&B agreed that they would pay off the agreement early in order to get the \$1 million discount. After the \$1 million discount was applied the total settlement was \$9,369,186 R&B consented to and directed payments from the City under the Settlement Agreement to the following entities: Maderia East V4, LLC received \$782,978, BTG EGZ Investments, LLC received \$337,100, Artisan Land Investments, LLC received \$403,797 and Reynen and Bardis Laguna Ridge, LP received \$7,845,311. This payment was made in June 2019. Payment to the entities mentioned previously shall fully discharge the City's obligation per the Settlement Agreement.

Fee Credits

Fee credits are a credit provided to a developer that can be applied towards fees that a developer may incur during future projects. The fee credits are approved by Council as part of an agreement that the developer will provide some form of asset or service on behalf of the City and the value is determined at the estimable cost or value of the asset or service being provided. In the past the fee credits were reported on the fund statements as a liability and expense upon adoption of the agreement. The liability would be extinguished, and the revenue would be recognized upon the usage of the fee credit. Management chose to change the City's accounting policy and remove the fee credit liabilities from the financial statements. Below is the amount of the outstanding commitment and fund in which the fee credits are associated with.

Capital Facilities Fee (CFF) – Transit (Fund 317)

• \$38,161 in earned fee credits

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019

Elk Grove Roadway Fee Program (Fund 328)

- \$3,922,106 in earned fee credits
- \$2,029,362 in unearned fee credits

LRSP Supplemental Park Fee – Land Acquisition (Fund 331)

- \$582,341 in earned fee credits
- \$236,817 in unearned fee credits

LRSP Supplemental Park Fee – Facilities (Fund 332)

• \$11,974 in earned fee credits

Sterling Meadows

On May 28, 2008, the City approved the Sterling Meadows project consisting of 200 acres located on the north side of Kammerer Road, approximately one-half mile west of the Grant Line Road/SR 99 Interchange adjacent to the Lent Ranch Mall. At that time, the City entered into a Development Agreement (DA) with Elk Grove Associates which vested the project approvals for a period of ten years, commencing on July 11, 2008 and expiring on July 11, 2018.

There have been several reassignments, as well as two amendments to the DA. The current assignee is VTL Sterling Meadows LLC, an affiliate of The True Live Companies. The first amendment was approved on May 9, 2018 and extended the term of the DA to October 9, 2018. It provided a short-term extension in order to allow the City, CCSD and the Applicant to work towards mutually-agreeable terms by which a longer-term extension could be supported. After approval of the First Amendment to the DA, the parties began negotiations on new terms for a Second Amendment and a formal application for a long-term extension, including the conveyance of approximately 22.7 acres at the southern end of the project to the City for commercial development. The second amendment was adopted on August 22, 2018 and extended the DA to October 9, 2021.

The project, as currently approved, allows for the development of up to 1,033 residential dwelling units, including 833 lots proposed for single-family development and one 10.8-acre lot intended to accommodate up to 200 multi-family units. In addition, the currently approved project allows for two park sites totaling approximately 18.5 acres, a detention basin of approximately 13.3 acres, and approximately 4.8 acres of parkways.

Site improvements and residential construction are on-going.

Wilton Rancheria

In February 2018, a Federal judge upheld the Federal Bureau of Indian Affairs' acceptance of 36 acres of land for the benefit of the Wilton Rancheria Indian Tribe (Tribe) for the development of a proposed casino resort project in the City of Elk Grove. The land is located just north of the approved outlet mall site. The casino will contain significant lifestyle amenities, including restaurants and entertainment venues. Start of construction and completion dates are unknown currently.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019

The proposed project consists of a 608,756 square foot hospitality and entertainment facility, including a 12-story 302 room hotel, pool, spa, 47,634-square foot convention center, six restaurants and bars, and a 110,260 square foot gaming floor. In order to mitigate the potential impacts of the Project, the City and the Tribe have executed a Memorandum of Understanding, approved by the City Council in September 2016, that provides funding to the City of Elk Grove, Elk Grove Unified School District, and local non-profit organizations to pay for services such as law enforcement and traffic impacts and compensate for loss of tax revenue. The total cumulative payment from the Tribe to the community over 20 years is approximately \$132 million.

On October 7, 2019 a Federal judge ruled in favor of the U.S. Department of the Interior's authority and decision to place the Elk Grove land into a federal trust. This is the final claims in suit against the Wilton Rancheria Casino-Resort.

Litigation

The City has various pending claims and lawsuits the outcome off which is not determinable at the time of the financial statements. In the opinion of the legal counsel, there is no pending litigation which is likely to have a material effect on the financial position of the City.

Note 16: Subsequent Events

Sacramento Regional Transit District

On March 13, 2019 the City Council executed a contract with Sacramento Regional Transit District (SacRT) to provide the City's fixed-route local and commuter transit services, Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) paratransit services, and supporting transit maintenance operations. The current transit services and maintenance operations with MV Transportation, Inc. (MV), ended June 30, 2019. On December 12, 2018, the City Council of the City of Elk Grove directed staff to negotiate a contract with SacRT to provide the City's transit services and maintenance operations following the expiration of MV's current contract. The contract with SacRT establishes a five-year term for SacRT to operate the City's transit services and maintenance operations, beginning on July 1, 2019, and ending on June 30, 2024. The City's fixed-route local and commuter transit services, ADA paratransit service, and supporting transit maintenance operations, beginning on July 1, 2019, with a total contract cost not-to-exceed \$36,000,000.

Agave Apartments

Agave Apartments is a 188-unit family affordable housing complex built in 2005 and located at 10070 Willard Parkway. The property's finances are fiscally sound. In 2018, the property generated gross revenues of around \$2.3 million, which was enough to pay its operating expenses and debt service, with an adjusted net income of \$1 million for the year.

Agave Associates, LP, the limited partnership created by Pacific West Communities for this project, received a City loan of \$2.5 million back in 2003. As a part of the transaction, the Owner executed a Loan Agreement, Promissory Note, Deed of Trust, and a Regulatory Agreement with the City. The Regulatory Agreement restricts 150 of the 188 units as affordable for a period of 30

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019

years. Other funding sources, including low-income housing tax credits, restricted additional units, and overall 187 of the 188 units are considered affordable.

The loan started accruing 3.5% interest annually as of October 1, 2008, with payments to be made from residual cash flow. In September 2019, the city received a \$3.46 million payment that included accrued interest and the original principle amount of \$2.5 million. This payment was deposited into the Affordable Housing Fund, which will help to support new affordable housing, such as land acquisition or development loans.

The primary risk to the City is that the Project would go into foreclosure and the affordability restrictions would be removed. City staff has mitigated against this by negotiating an Amendment to the Deed of Trust and Regulatory Agreement that ensures the major affordability restrictions will survive foreclosure. Staff analysis of the Project financials supports the Owner's assertion that the Project is financially sound, and the risk of foreclosure is low.

Note 17: **Restatement of Fund Balance and Net Position**

Management chose to change the City's accounting policy and remove the fee credit liabilities from the Financial Statements while moving the footnote disclosure from Unavailable Revenue to Commitments and enhancing the note disclosure with more detailed information and description of these contingent commitments. In the past the fee credits were reported on the fund statements as a liability and expense upon adoption of the agreement. The liability would be extinguished, and the revenue would be recognized upon the usage of the fee credit. This does not conform with fund accounting ideas of reporting current obligations, revenues and expenses and can often cause a disconnect between the recognition period of the revenues and expenses between fiscal years.

In addition, the City received \$2,237,767 in funds through the SCIP program in January of 2013. It was the understanding of the City that these funds were an advance and only recognized as revenue when the associated project was fully complete. As such, the City has been reporting this cash as unearned revenue in the Roadway Fee Fund as the project has not been fully completed. However, the City was able to clarify with the SCIP representatives that funds are earned based on qualified Roadway Fee expenses and not the completion of the project. Per review of the Roadway Fee Fund expenditure history, it was determined that these funds were earned back in fiscal year-end 2013. As such the City is recognizing the revenue back to fiscal year-end 2013 and increasing the beginning fund balance for the Roadway Fee Fund.

The implementation of this accounting policy change and prior year revenue required the City to make prior period adjustments. As a result, the beginning fund balance of the Roadway Fee Fund was restated and increased \$6,983,684. The Capital Facilities Fund's beginning fund balance was restated and increased \$38,161 and the Mitigation and Fee Funds' beginning fund balance was restated and increased \$7,597,671 for a total restatement. As a result of those restatements, the Governmental Activities beginning net position was restated and increased \$14,619,516.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019

Note 18: Future GASB Pronouncements

In January 2017, the GASB approved Statement No. 84. Fiduciary Activities. The objective of this Statement is to improve guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. This Statement establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities of all state and local governments. The focus of the criteria generally is on (1) whether a government is controlling the assets of the fiduciary activity and (2) the beneficiaries with whom a fiduciary relationship exists. Separate criteria are included to identify fiduciary component units and postemployment benefit arrangements that are fiduciary activities. An activity meeting the criteria should be reported in a fiduciary fund in the basic financial statements. Governments with activities meeting the criteria should present a statement of fiduciary net position and a statement of changes in fiduciary net position. An exception to that requirement is provided for a businesstype activity that normally expects to hold custodial assets for three months or less. This Statement describes four fiduciary funds that should be reported, if applicable: (1) pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds, (2) investment trust funds, (3) private-purpose trust funds, and (4) custodial funds. Custodial funds generally should report fiduciary activities that are not held in a trust or equivalent arrangement that meets specific criteria. A fiduciary component unit, when reported in the fiduciary fund financial statements of a primary government, should combine its information with its component units that are fiduciary component units and aggregate that combined information with the primary government's fiduciary funds. This Statement also provides for recognition of a liability to the beneficiaries in a fiduciary fund when an event has occurred that compels the government to disburse fiduciary resources. Events that compel a government to disburse fiduciary resources occur when a demand for the resources has been made or when no further action, approval, or condition is required to be taken or met by the beneficiary to release the assets. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2018.

In June 2017, the GASB approved Statement No. 87. *Leases*. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. This Statement increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019.

In August 2018 the GASB approved Statement No. 90 *Majority Equity Interests*. The primary objectives of this Statement are to improve the consistency and comparability of reporting a government's majority equity interest in a legally separate organization and to improve the relevance of financial statement information for certain component units. It defines a majority equity interest and specifies that a majority equity interest in a legally separate organization

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019

should be reported as an investment if a government's holding of the equity interest meets the definition of an investment. A majority equity interest that meets the definition of an investment should be measured using the equity method, unless it is held by a special-purpose government engaged only in fiduciary activities, a fiduciary fund, or an endowment (including permanent and term endowments) or permanent fund. Those governments and funds should measure the majority equity interest at fair value. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2018.

In May 2019 the GASB approved Statement No. 91 *Conduit Debt Obligations*. The primary objectives of this Statement are to provide a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. This Statement achieves those objectives by clarifying the existing definition of a conduit debt obligation; establishing that a conduit debt obligation is not a liability of the issuer; establishing standards for accounting and financial reporting of additional commitments and voluntary commitments extended by issuers and arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations; and improving required note disclosures. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2020.

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)



Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budgeted	Amo	ounts	Actual		ariance with inal Budget
REVENUES	 Original		Final	 Amounts	Posit	tive (Negative)
Taxes:						
Property taxes	\$ 26,220,577	\$	26,220,577	\$ 26,276,570	\$	55,993
Sales and use tax	28,231,460		28,231,460	29,355,281		1,123,821
Utility users' tax	6,152,560		6,152,560	5,847,341		(305,219)
Transient occupancy tax	2,196,447		2,196,447	2,154,659		(41,788)
Property transfer tax	1,167,693		1,167,693	1,145,189		(22,504)
Franchise tax	2,675,000		2,675,000	2,609,762		(65,238)
Licenses, fees and permits	521,400		521,400	550,773		29,373
Intergovernmental	95,000		95,000	197,710		102,710
Fines and forfeitures	260,622		260,622	245,488		(15,134)
Charges for services	85,000		85,000	102,414		17,414
Use of money and property	278,780		278,780	1,262,839		984,059
Other revenue	 906,070		926,703	 1,067,530		140,827
Total Revenues	68,790,609		68,811,242	70,815,556		2,004,314
EXPENDITURES						
General Government:						
City Council	311,865		349,163	290,085		59,078
Planning Commission	9,755		9,755	7,398		2,357
Planning	154,457		154,457	153,984		473
Economic Development	1,516,157		1,599,514	1,091,717		507,797
City Manager	3,687,258		4,396,282	3,018,487		1,377,795
City Attorney	1,392,026		1,392,026	1,398,316		(6,290)
City Clerk	645,833		645,833	610,969		34,864
Finance	2,864,046		2,864,046	2,795,792		68,254
Human Resources	990,567		985,167	911,501		73,666
Other - Non-Departmental	9,367,615		9,621,038	9,521,336		99,702
Revenue Neutrality	7,140,000		7,140,000	7,067,279		72,721
Total General Government	 28,079,579		29,157,281	 26,866,864		2,290,417
Public Safety:						
Law Enforcement	42,247,755		41,506,130	38,784,191		2,721,939
Total Public Safety	 42,247,755		41,506,130	 38,784,191		2,721,939
Community Development						
Code Enforcement	1,009,427		1,009,428	1,000,541		8,887
Community Grants	396,383		396,383	366,696		29,687
Total Community Development	1,405,810		1,405,811	 1,367,237		38,574
Capital Outlay	 4,702,175		3,280,575	 3,272,922		7,653
Total Expenditures	 76,435,319		75,349,797	 70,291,214		5,058,583
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures	 (7,644,710)		(6,538,555)	 524,342		7,062,897
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in	9,828,628		6,517,838	6,517,838		-
Transfers out	 (5,363,435)		(2,052,644)	 (2,052,107)		537
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 4,465,193		4,465,194	 4,465,731		537
Net Change in Fund Balance	(3,179,517)		(2,073,361)	4,990,073		7,063,434
Fund Balance, Beginning	 37,377,050		37,377,050	 37,377,050		
Fund Balance, Ending	\$ 34,197,533	\$	35,303,689	\$ 42,367,123	\$	7,063,434

Major Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule Affordable Housing Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Original Budgeted Amounts	Final Budgeted Amounts	geted Actual		riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
Revenues:					
Licenses, fees and permits	\$ 1,950,703	\$ 1,950,703	\$ 4,061,294	\$	2,110,591
Use of money and property	313,590	313,590	891,580		577,990
Total Revenues	2,264,293	2,264,293	4,952,874		2,688,581
Expenditures: Current: Community development Total Expenditures	6,830,137 6,830,137	6,829,022 6,829,022	115,306 115,306		6,713,716 6,713,716
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures	(4,565,844)	(4,564,729)	4,837,568		9,402,297
Net Change in Fund Balance	(4,565,844)	(4,564,729)	4,767,836		9,332,565
Fund Balance, Beginning	78,073,271	78,073,271	78,073,271		-
Fund Balance, Ending	\$73,507,427	\$73,508,542	\$ 82,841,107	\$	9,332,565

Notes to Budgetary Comparison Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. The City manager submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- 3. The budget is legally enacted through passage of a minute order.
- 4. Budget adjustments from restricted and unrestricted fund balance and between funds are approved by the City Council and budget transfers within fund or department are approved by City Manager. Expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the fund level.
- 5. Budgets are adopted for the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, Capital Project Funds and Debt Service Funds.
- 6. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year in all funds except Agency Funds.
- 7. Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) for all funds, except capital projects reported in the Capital Project Funds, which are budgeted on a project length basis.
- 8. Encumbrances represent commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods and services. Encumbrances outstanding at year end are reported as assignment of fund balance and do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because the commitment will be honored in the subsequent year.

Schedule of Changes in the City's Net OPEB Liabilities and Related Ratios Last Ten Fiscal Years (1)

For the Measurement Period Ended June 30	2					20	18		2017			
			Ra	te Subsidy			R	ate Subsidy			Ra	te Subsidy
	H	IRA Plan	Plan		HRA Plan		Plan		HRA Plan		Plan	
Total OPEB Liability												
Service Cost	\$	14,602	\$	195,422	\$	75,799	\$	177,595	\$	73,770	\$	172,842
Interest		282,474		177,586		244,637		170,836		241,901		152,480
Changes of benefit terms		-		-		-		-		-		-
Differences between expected and actual experience		40,664		-		428,202		(206,110)		-		-
Changes of assumptions		-		-		-		-		-		-
Benefit Payments		(366,252)		(40,026)		(265,878)		(37,488)		(266,052)		(6,041)
Other		-		-		-		-		-		-
Net change in Total OPEB Liability		(28,512)		332,982		482,760	_	104,833		49,619		319,281
Total OPEB Liability at beginning of year		5,025,742		2,882,047		4,542,982		2,777,214		4,493,363		2,457,933
Total OPEB Liability at end of year	\$	4,997,230	\$	3,215,029	\$	5,025,742	\$	2,882,047	\$	4,542,982	\$	2,777,214
Plan Fiduciary Net Position												
Contributions - employer	\$	470,332	\$	240,026	\$	470,000	\$	296,762	\$	400,000	\$	200,000
Contributions - member		-		-		-		-		-		-
Net investment income		223,091		221,928		88,056		155,075		185,597		207,963
Benefit payments		(366,252)		(40,026)		(265,878)		(37,488)		(266,052)		(6,041)
Administrative expenses		(14,252)		(18,574)		(13,331)		(16,807)		(5,627)		(8,102)
Net change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position		312,919		403,354		278,847		397,542		313,918		393,820
Plan Fiduciary Net Position at beginning of year	_	3,046,980		3,044,740	_	2,768,133		2,647,198		2,454,215		2,253,378
Plan Fiduciary Net Position at end of year	\$	3,359,899	\$	3,448,094	\$	3,046,980	\$	3,044,740	\$	2,768,133	\$	2,647,198
Authority's Net OPEB Liability (Asset) at end of year	\$	1,637,331	\$	(233,065)	\$	1,978,762	\$	(162,693)	\$	1,774,849	\$	130,016
Plan's Fiduciary Net Position as percentage of Total OPEB Liability		67.2%		107.2%		60.6%		105.6%		60.9%		95.3%
Covered-employee payroll		\$943,329	:	\$31,827,961		\$1,183,755		\$26,020,439		\$1,495,962		\$27,743,749
Net OPEB Liability as percentage of covered-employee payroll		173.57%		-0.73%		167.16%		-0.63%		118.64%		0.47%

Notes:

(1) Fiscal year 2017 was the first year of implementation

Schedule of City Contributions Last Ten Fiscal Years (1)

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30	201			9			2018				2017			
	HRA Plan			Rate Subsidy Plan		HRA Plan		te Subsidy Plan	HRA Plan		Rate Subsidy Plan			
Contractually Required Contributions Employer Contributions	\$	366,252 470,332	\$	40,026 240,026	\$	470,000 470,000	\$	296,762 296,762	\$	344,299 400,000	\$	194,712 200,000		
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	(104,080)	\$	(200,000)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(55,701)	\$	(5,288)		
Covered-Employee Payroll	\$	943,329	\$	31,827,961	\$	1,183,755	\$ 2	26,020,439	\$	1,495,962	\$ 2	27,743,749		
Contributions as percentage of covered-employee payroll		49.86%		0.75%		39.70%		1.14%		26.74%		0.72%		

Notes to Schedule:

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Valuation date	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2018
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal	Entry age normal
Inflation	2.75%	2.75%
Salary Increases	2.75%	2.75%
	5.8%, net of OPEB plan	6.0%, net of OPEB plan
Investment Rate of Return	investment expenses	investment expenses
Healthcare Cost Trend Rates	4.00%	4.00%
	2014 CalPERS Mortality	2014 CalPERS Mortality
	for Active Safety	for Active Safety
	Employees and Active	Employees and Active
	Miscellaneous	Miscellaneous
Mortality Tables	Employees	Employees

(1) Fiscal year 2017 was the first year of implementation

Schedule of Investment Returns Last Ten Fiscal Years (1)

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30	201	19	20	18	20	17
		Rate Subsidy		Rate Subsidy		Rate Subsidy
	HRA Plan	Plan	HRA Plan	Plan	HRA Plan	Plan
Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense	7.05%	3.65%	4.90%	2.80%	5.64%	4.70%

Notes:

(1) Fiscal year 2017 was the first year of implementation

Miscellaneous and Safety Rate Plans, a Cost Sharing-Employer Defined Pension Plan Last 10 Years*

SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY LAST TEN FIS CAL YEARS

Measurement Date	6/30/2018	6/30/2017	6/30/2016	6/30/2015	6/30/2014
City's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.14518%	0.16676%	0.16786%	0.16807%	0.17173%
City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability/(Asset)	\$13,990,216	\$16,537,686	\$ 14,525,447	\$11,536,416	\$10,686,132
City's Covered Payroll	\$ 29,962,680	\$27,840,009	\$33,456,412	\$ 34,404,915	\$31,212,147
City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability/(Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	46.69%	59.40%	43.42%	33.53%	34.24%
Plan's Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Plan's Total Pension Liability	75.26%	73.31%	74.06%	78.40%	79.82%

Notes to Schedule:

* - Fiscal year 2015 was the 1st year of implementation.

Miscellaneous and Safety Rate Plans, a Cost Sharing-Employer Defined Pension Plan Last 10 Years*

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS AS OF JUNE 30, 2019 LAST 10 YEARS

For the year Ended June 30		2019		2018		2017	2016		2015	
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions	\$	4,539,174 (4,539,174)	\$	4,283,503 (4,283,503)	\$	3,518,175 (3,518,175)	\$	3,181,199 (3,181,199)	\$	5,006,117 (5,006,117)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Covered payroll	\$	31,747,871	\$	29,962,680	\$	27,840,009	\$	33,456,412	\$	34,404,915
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		14.30%		14.30%		12.64%		9.51%		14.55%

 \ast Fiscal year 2015 was the 1st year of implementation.

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES



Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2019

	Special Revenue Funds		 Capital Projects Funds	Total	
<u>ASSETS</u>					
Cash and investments	\$	49,972,654	\$ 43,043,984	\$	93,016,638
Restricted cash and investments		21,261	-		21,261
Cash with fiscal agent		-	4,385,597		4,385,597
Accounts receivable		1,933,391	25,433		1,958,824
Interest receivable		190,086	41,390		231,476
Taxes Receivable		74,216	-		74,216
Due from other government agencies		1,119,969	162,294		1,282,263
Advances to other funds		3,500,000	1,500,000		5,000,000
Long-term loans receivable		554,008	-		554,008
Long-term development fees receivable		-	 445,760		445,760
Total Assets	\$	57,365,585	\$ 49,604,458	\$	106,970,043
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable	\$	5,797,631	\$ 2,470,332	\$	8,267,963
Accrued salaries and benefits		84,999	1,463		86,462
Due to other funds		165,029	101,727		266,756
Retention payable		24,613	625,756		650,369
Advances from other funds		2,372,795	614		2,373,409
Refundable deposits		1,419,545	-		1,419,545
Unearned revenue		102,773	 -		102,773
Total Liabilities		9,967,385	 3,199,892		13,167,277
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Unavailable revenue		1,829,539	 596,653		2,426,192
FUND BALANCES					
Restricted		47,699,621	45,948,944		93,648,565
Unassigned		(2,130,960)	(141,031)		(2,271,991)
Total Fund Balances		45,568,661	 45,807,913		91,376,574
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows					
of Resources and Fund Balances	\$	57,365,585	\$ 49,604,458	\$	106,970,043

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Revenues:		Special Revenue Funds		Capital Projects Funds		Total
	\$	9,799,178	\$	6 241 474	\$	16 040 652
Licenses, fees and permits	Ф		Ф	6,241,474	Ф	16,040,652
Intergovernmental		23,814,960		8,086,261		31,901,221
Charges for services		1,934,058		-		1,934,058
Use of money and property		2,610,619		1,394,614		4,005,233
Bond Proceeds		-		-		-
Total Revenues		38,158,815		15,722,349		53,881,164
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Public safety		1,113,934		-		1,113,934
Public ways and facilities		17,739,418		21,835,043		39,574,461
Community development		9,236,351		-		9,236,351
Debt Service:						
Tax administration		57,303		-		57,303
Total Expenditures		28,147,006		21,835,043		49,982,049
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over						
(Under) Expenditures		10,011,809		(6,112,694)		3,899,115
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfers in		3,978,853		144,136		4,122,989
Transfers out		(5,267,561)		(1,261,113)		(6,528,674)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(1,288,708)		(1,116,977)		(2,405,685)
Net Change in Fund Balances		8,723,101		(7,229,671)		1,493,430
Fund Balances, Beginning, as restated		36,845,560		53,037,584		89,883,144
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$	45,568,661	\$	45,807,913	\$	91,376,574

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

DEFINITION

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditures for particular purposes. Special Revenue Funds include:

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

Recycling Grant Fund – Established to account for funds provided by the recycling division of the State Department of Conservation. Funds were made available through the 1986 California Beverage Container Recycling and Litter Reduction Act for beverage container recycling and litter abatement programs. Grants are funded by the California Refund Value (CRV) beverage container fees.

Used Oil Grant Fund – Established to account for funds received from the California Integrated Waste Management Board to comply with waste diversion. Funds are used to educate the public on oil recycling.

Tire Collection and Disposal Grant – Established to account and track Tire Collection Disposal Grant funds for the cost of cleanup, abatement, and remedial action related to the disposal of waste tires at cleanup projects and amnesty events.

BSCC Local Police Grant – Established to account for funds received from the Board of State Community Corrections (BSCC). Funds were made available for Cities in Sacramento County to create mini-regional teams for the purpose of identifying, monitoring and closely supervising AB109 releases that have a high probability of relapsing into criminal behavior.

OTS Grants Fund – Established to account for grants provided by the Office of Traffic Safety (OTS) which include a mini-grant to be utilized to increase the level of seat belt enforcement hours; to conduct DUI enforcement crackdowns on drinking drivers in Sacramento County and education activities for the public concerning the problems associated with drinking and driving.

Local Police Grants Fund – Established to account for funds given by local businesses and organization for police programs, and miscellaneous police grants.

California Law Enforcement Equipment Fund – Established to account for grants used to supplement equipment needs of the Police Department.

Gas Tax Fund – Established to account for Gas Tax Street expenditure funding which provides a variety of transportation infrastructure maintenance services including implementation of the City's Pavement Management Program, construction of capital projects, and coordination with other entities as needed. Financing is provided by the City's share of State gasoline taxes and is restricted to street expenditures.

SB1 Street and Road Funds – Established to account for the Senate Bill 1 (SB1), which provides funds for pavement needs on local streets and roads. SB1 also provides grant funding for transportation infrastructure including streets and roads.

Agriculture Preservation Fund – Established to account for the fee imposed upon the development in the East Franklin Specific Plan area and in other parts of the City. The fee revenue is used to provide and preserve agricultural land.

Swainson's Hawk Fund – Established to account for the mitigation fee which is used to purchase land and/or easements to offset the loss of Swainson's hawk habitat.

Tree Mitigation Fund – Established to account for the fee which is to be used for preservation of oak trees.

Street Trench Cut Fee Fund – Established to account for funding for the associated cost of cutting pavement and the future maintenance of roadways.

Community Development Block Grant Fund – Established to account for funds received and disbursed under the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development Community Development Block Grant programs.

State Homeless Appropriations Fund – Established to account for appropriated through the State of California Budget Act of 2017 to implement a range of services aimed at navigating homeless individuals and families to permanent housing, including but not limited to the following: a navigation team to provide proactive outreach to homeless persons, acquisition and rehabilitation of property to serve as temporary or permanent housing, operations costs associated with homeless housing, and implementation of individualized strategies to promote permanent housing.

Police Services CFD Funds – Established to account for the CFD 2003-1 and CFD 2003-2. Funds are used to pay for a portion of the costs associated with providing police protection services in the City.

Maintenance Services CFD Funds – Established to account for CFD 2005-1 and CFD 2006-1. Funds are used to provide Maintenance Services citywide.

Street Maintenance District Funds – Established to account for the multi-zonal assessment district which funds a portion of street maintenance costs in development areas in the City.

Street Lighting Maintenance District Funds – Established to account for street lighting revenue and expenditures.

Asset Seizure Funds

State – Established to account for the funds received from the State for the equitable transfer of forfeited property and cash in which the City directly participates in the law enforcement efforts leading to the seizure and forfeiture of the property.

Federal – Established to account for the funds received from the Federal government for the equitable transfer of forfeited property and cash in which the City directly participates in the law enforcement efforts leading to the seizure and forfeiture of the property.

Library Ownership Fund – Established to account for revenue and expenditures directly related to the Elk Grove Library, owned by the City and operated by the library JPA.

HUD Home Grant – Established to account for funds received from the US Department of Housing and Urban Development (via the California Department of Housing and Community Development) to promote housing opportunities, including homeownership assistance and rental housing development, for lower-income households.

Neighborhood Stabilization Program Fund – Established to account for funds received and disbursed under the Federal Stimulus Neighborhood Stabilization Program.

Measure A Maintenance Fund – Established to account for the Measure A Transportation Expenditure Agreement funding spent on street maintenance.

Development Services Fund – Established to record revenues and expenditures directly related to development services, including public works, building services and planning. These services, previously accounted for in the general fund, were segregated in 2008 to provide a clearer picture of the results of this activity, and the impact of those results on the City's financial picture.

Public Works Fund – Established to record revenue and expenditures directly related to the administrative costs of the Public Works department including its Divisions of Administration, Capital Improvement Program, and Engineering Support. Expenditures in this fund are supported by overhead allocation revenue from the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, and Capital Funds.

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds June 30, 2019

			Tire	
	Recycling	Used Oil	Collection &	BSCC Local
	Grant	Grant	Disposal	Police
	Fund	Fund	Grant	Grant
ASSETS				
Cash and investments	\$ 55,189	\$44,768	\$ -	\$ 140,164
Restricted Cash and Investments	-	-	-	-
Accounts receivable	-	-	-	-
Interest receivable	135	54	-	-
Taxes Receivable	-	-	-	-
Due from other government agencies	-	-	21,011	-
Advance to other funds	-	-	-	-
Long term loans receivable				-
Total Assets	\$ 55,324	\$44,822	\$ 21,011	\$ 140,164
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	\$ 3,383	\$ 85	\$ 2,700	\$ -
Accrued salaries and benefits	-	-	-	-
Due to other funds	-	-	20,111	-
Retention payable	-	-	-	-
Refundable deposits	-	-	-	-
Advance from other funds	-	-	-	-
Unearned revenue	42,222	39,290	-	
Total Liabilities	45,605	39,375	22,811	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Unavailable revenue	-		21,011	
FUND BALANCES				
Restricted	9,719	5,447	-	140,164
Unassigned			(22,811)	-
Total Fund Balances	9,719	5,447	(22,811)	140,164
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows				
of Resources and Fund Balances	\$ 55,324	\$44,822	\$ 21,011	\$ 140,164

	OTS Grants Fund	Local Police Grants Fund	Enf	CA Law Forcement Juipment Fund	Gas Tax Fund	SB1 Streets and Roads Fund			gricultural eservation Fund	Swainson's Hawk Fund		
_			<i>ф</i>	226 (21	¢ 1 01 C 100	<i>•</i>	2 224 126	¢	2 0 41 00 4	<i>ф</i>	2 1 62 622	
\$	-	\$ -	\$	236,621	\$4,016,499	\$	3,224,136	\$	2,041,094	\$	3,168,698	
	-	-		-	-		-		-		-	
	-	-		- 243	6,584 3,915		- 3,780		- 2,160		1,469,206	
	-	-		- 245	5,915		5,780		2,100		3,375	
	- 133,358	- 105,336		- 146,352	-		- 618,903		-		-	
	-	-		-			-				_	
	-	-		-	_		-		_		-	
\$	133,358	\$ 105,336	\$	383,216	\$4,026,998	\$	3,846,819	\$	2,043,254	\$	4,641,279	
\$	9,136	\$ -	\$	2,632	\$1,501,457	\$	250	\$	_	\$	359	
ψ	7,222	5,061	Ψ	3,898	۹1,501,457 1,136	ψ	-	Ψ	_	Ψ	231	
	21,455	94,553		-	-		_		_		-	
	-	-		-	14,603		-		_		-	
	_	-		_	,		_		_		-	
	-	-		-	-		-		-		-	
	-	-		-	-		-		-		-	
	37,813	99,614		6,530	1,517,196		250		-		590	
	1.70.6	50 726		146.252							1.460.006	
	4,796	50,736		146,352	-		-		-		1,469,206	
	90,749	-		230,334	2,509,802		3,846,569		2,043,254		3,171,483	
	-	(45,014)		-	-		-		-		-	
	90,749	(45,014)		230,334	2,509,802		3,846,569		2,043,254		3,171,483	
\$	133,358	\$ 105,336	\$	383,216	\$4,026,998	\$	3,846,819	\$	2,043,254	\$	4,641,279	
											continued	

Combining Balance Sheet (continued) Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds June 30, 2019

	Tree Mitigation Fund		Street Trench Cut Fee Fund	Dev	mmunity elopment ock Grant Fund		State Iomeless propriations Fund
ASSETS							
Cash and investments	\$	1,021,016	\$ 413,375	\$	-	\$	4,574,785
Restricted Cash and Investments		-	-		21,261		-
Accounts receivable		-	-		-		-
Interest receivable		1,080	432		38,026		4,860
Taxes Receivable		-	-		-		-
Due from other government agencies		-	-		95,009		-
Advance to other funds		-	-		-		-
Long term loans receivable		-	-	· <u> </u>	180,220		-
Total Assets	\$	1,022,096	\$ 413,807	\$	334,516	\$	4,579,645
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable	\$	35,000	\$-	\$	35,024	\$	10,587
Accrued salaries and benefits		-	-		1,278		1,402
Due to other funds		-	-		28,910		-
Retention payable		-	-		-		-
Refundable deposits		-	-		-		-
Advance from other funds		-	-		-		-
Unearned revenue		-			21,261		-
Total Liabilities		35,000			86,473		11,989
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable revenue		_	-		38,026		_
FUND BALANCES						_	
Restricted		987,096	413,807		210,017		4,567,656
Unassigned		-			-		-
Total Fund Balances		987,096	413,807		210,017		4,567,656
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows							
of Resources and Fund Balances	\$	1,022,096	\$ 413,807	\$	334,516	\$	4,579,645

Police Services CFD Funds	Maintenance Services CFD Funds	Street aintenance District Funds	Street Lighting Maintenance District Funds		ar	Asset Seizure State nd Federal Funds	Library Ownership Fund	I	HUD Home Grant
\$ 1,657,755	\$ 11,870,707	\$ 3,635,759	\$	347,032	\$	1,538,501	\$1,043,106	\$	_
-	-	-		-		-	-		-
-	24,191	8,138		-		-	-		-
1,782	12,635	3,861		378		-	1,107		6,933
40,020	11,637	9,693		12,866		-	-		-
-	-	-		-		-	-		-
-	-	3,500,000		-		-	-		-
 -		 -		-		-			40,000
\$ 1,699,557	\$ 11,919,170	\$ 7,157,451	\$	\$ 360,276 \$ 1,538,50		1,538,501	\$1,044,213	\$	46,933
\$ -	\$ 512,546	\$ 77,817	\$	50,616	\$	291,609	\$ 7,740	\$	-
448	7,038	-		-		-	-		-
-	-	-		-		-	-		-
-	-	-		-		2,006	-		-
-	-	-		-		-	-		-
-	-	-		2,372,795		-	-		-
-	-	-		-		-	-		-
 448	519,584	 77,817		2,423,411		293,615	7,740		-
 -		 -							6,933
1,699,109	11,399,586	7,079,634		-		1,244,886	1,036,473		40,000
 -	-	 -		(2,063,135)		-			-
 1,699,109	11,399,586	 7,079,634		(2,063,135)		1,244,886	1,036,473		40,000
\$ 1,699,557	\$ 11,919,170	\$ 7,157,451	\$	360,276	\$	1,538,501	\$1,044,213	\$	46,933
 		 							ntinued

Combining Balance Sheet (continued) Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds June 30, 2019

	Sta	ghborhood abilization Program Fund	leasure A aintenance Fund	evelopment Services Fund	Public Works Fund	Total
ASSETS						
Cash and investments	\$	427,014	\$ 5,821,699	\$ 3,079,880	\$ 1,614,856	\$ 49,972,654
Restricted Cash and Investments		-	-	-	-	21,261
Accounts receivable		-	43,579	178,727	202,966	1,933,391
Interest receivable		92,938	9,125	3,267	-	190,086
Taxes Receivable		-	-	-	-	74,216
Due from other government agencies		-	-	-	-	1,119,969
Advance to other funds		-	-	-	-	3,500,000
Long term loans receivable		333,788	 -	 -	 -	 554,008
. Total Assets	\$	853,740	\$ 5,874,403	\$ 3,261,874	\$ 1,817,822	\$ 57,365,585
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$ 1,624,256	\$ 1,312,260	\$ 320,174	\$ 5,797,631
Accrued salaries and benefits		-	1,420	26,281	29,584	84,999
Due to other funds		-	-	-	-	165,029
Retention payable		-	-	8,004	-	24,613
Refundable deposits		-	-	1,310,709	108,836	1,419,545
Advance from other funds		-	-	-	-	2,372,795
Unearned revenue		-	 -	 -	 -	 102,773
. Total Liabilities			 1,625,676	 2,657,254	 458,594	 9,967,385
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Unavailable revenue		92,479	 -	 -	 -	1,829,539
FUND BALANCES						
Restricted		761,261	4,248,727	604,620	1,359,228	47,699,621
Unassigned		-	 -	 -	 -	 (2,130,960)
Total Fund Balances		761,261	 4,248,727	 604,620	 1,359,228	 45,568,661
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows						
of Resources and Fund Balances	\$	853,740	\$ 5,874,403	\$ 3,261,874	\$ 1,817,822	\$ 57,365,585

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Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

			Tire							
	Re	ecycling	U	sed Oil	Co	llection &	BS	CC Local		
		Grant		Grant	Γ	Disposal		Police		
		Fund		Fund	Grant		Grant			
Revenues:										
Licenses, fees and permits	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-		
Intergovernmental		42,452		7,500		-		-		
Charges for services		-		-		-		-		
Use of money and property		4,096		2,226		-		-		
Total Revenues		46,548	9,726			-		-		
Expenditures:										
Current:										
Public Safety		-		-		-		61,700		
Public ways and facilities		-		-		-		-		
Community development		42,451		53,597		12,845		-		
Debt Service:										
Tax administration		-		-		-		-		
Total Expenditures		42,451		53,597		12,845		61,700		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over										
(Under) Expenditures		4,097		(43,871)		(12,845)		(61,700)		
Other Financing Sources (Uses):										
Transfers in		-		-		-		-		
Transfers out		(62,655)		(7,738)		-		-		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(62,655)		(7,738)		-		-		
Net Change in Fund Balance		(58,558)		(51,609)		(12,845)		(61,700)		
Fund Balances, Beginning		68,277		57,056		(9,966)		201,864		
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$	9,719	\$	5,447	\$	(22,811)	\$	140,164		

OTS Grants Fund	Local Police Grants Fund	CA Law Enforcement Equipment Fund	Gas Tax Fund	SB1 Streets and Roads Fund	Agricultural Preservation Fund	Swainson's Hawk Fund
\$ -	\$ -	\$-	\$ 84,857	\$-	\$ -	\$ 1,666,987
407,236	139,797	389,167	3,179,455	3,716,702	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	10,864	359,826	67,189	85,252	119,049
407,236	139,797	400,031	3,624,138	3,783,891	85,252	1,786,036
419,168	190,533	412,984	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	4,317,520	686,119	749	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	1,035,542
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
419,168	190,533	412,984	4,317,520	686,119	749	1,035,542
(11,932)	(50,736)	(12,953)	(693,382)	3,097,772	84,503	750,494
-	-	-	- (261,094)	-	-	-
			(261,094)			
			(201,0) ()			
(11,932)	(50,736)	(12,953)	(954,476)	3,097,772	84,503	750,494
102,681	5,722	243,287	3,464,278	748,797	1,958,751	2,420,989
\$ 90,749	\$ (45,014)	\$ 230,334	\$ 2,509,802	\$ 3,846,569	\$ 2,043,254	\$ 3,171,483
						continued

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances (continued) Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

				Street	Co	mmunity		State
		Tree]	French	Dev	elopment	I	Homeless
	Ν	litigation	С	ut Fees	Blo	ock Grant	App	propriations
		Fund		Fund	Fund			Fund
Revenues:								
Licenses, fees and permits	\$	413,900	\$	48,563	\$	-	\$	-
Intergovernmental		-		-		655,246		-
Charges for services		-		-		-		-
Use of money and property		49,601		16,014		28,014		126,666
Total Revenues		463,501		64,577		683,260		126,666
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Public safety		-		-		-		-
Public ways and facilities		-		140		-		-
Community development		700,355		-		564,019		125,392
Debt Service:								
Tax administration		-		-				-
Total Expenditures		700,355		140		564,019		125,392
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over								
(Under) Expenditures		(236,854)		64,437		119,241		1,274
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Transfers in		-		-		45		-
Transfers out		-		(4,401)		-		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-		(4,401)		45		-
Net Change in Fund Balance		(236,854)		60,036		119,286		1,274
Fund Balances, Beginning	1,223,950		353,771		90,731			4,566,382
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$	987,096	\$	413,807	\$	210,017	\$	4,567,656

S	Police ervices CFD Funds	aintenance Services CFD Funds]	Street intenance District Funds	Ma	Street Lighting aintenance District Funds	Asset Seizure State and Federal Funds		Library Ownership Fund		ł	HUD Iome Grant
\$	14,800	\$ 23,955	\$	14,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
	3,664,223	4,027,272		1,772,086		1,072,959		332,388		129,579		-
	-	42,234		-		-		-		-		-
	46,980	 440,380		236,898		17,055		-		38,036		-
	3,726,003	 4,533,841		2,022,984		1,090,014		332,388		167,615		-
	29,549	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-	2,755,295		680,196		425,938		676,590		38,380		-
	-	-		-	-			-		-		-
	7,137	 4,103		7,110		38,953		-		-		-
	36,686	 2,759,398		687,306		464,891		676,590		38,380		-
	3,689,317	1,774,443		1,335,678		625,123		(344,202)		129,235		_
		 , ,				, ,		<u> </u>		, ,		
	-	-		-		-		-		-		-
(3,262,510)	(95,212)		(111,897)		(72,450)		-		(2,646)		-
((3,262,510)	(95,212)		(111,897)		(72,450)		-		(2,646)		-
	426,807	1,679,231		1,223,781		552,673		(344,202)		126,589		-
_	1,272,302	 9,720,355		5,855,853		(2,615,808)		1,589,088		909,884		40,000
\$	1,699,109	\$ 11,399,586	\$	7,079,634	\$	(2,063,135)	\$	1,244,886	\$	1,036,473	\$	40,000
											co	ntinued

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances (continued) Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Stab Pr	iborhood ilization ogram Fund	leasure A aintenance Fund	evelopment Services Fund		Public Works Fund		Total
Revenues:								
Licenses, fees and permits	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 6,949,218	\$	582,898	\$	9,799,178
Intergovernmental		-	4,278,898	-		-		23,814,960
Charges for services		-	-	1,891,824		-		1,934,058
Use of money and property		17,656	 404,953	 75,457		464,407		2,610,619
Total Revenues		17,656	 4,683,851	 8,916,499		1,047,305		38,158,815
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Public Safety		-	-	-		-		1,113,934
Public ways and facilities		1,011	3,651,402	174,141		4,331,937		17,739,418
Community development		-	-	6,702,150	-			9,236,351
Debt Service:								
Tax administration		-	-	-		-		57,303
Total Expenditures		1,011	 3,651,402	 6,876,291		4,331,937		28,147,006
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over								
(Under) Expenditures		16,645	 1,032,449	 2,040,208		(3,284,632)		10,011,809
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Transfers in		8,917	-	-		3,969,891		3,978,853
Transfers out		-	(171,529)	(1,072,628)		(142,801)		(5,267,561)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		8,917	 (171,529)	 (1,072,628)		3,827,090		(1,288,708)
Net Change in Fund Balance		25,562	860,920	967,580		542,458		8,723,101
Fund Balances, Beginning		735,699	 3,387,807	 (362,960)		816,770		36,845,560
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$	761,261	\$ 4,248,727	\$ 604,620	\$	1,359,228	\$	45,568,661

Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule Recycling Grant Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

				V	ariance
				F	ositive
	В	udget	 Actual	(N	egative)
Revenues:					
Intergovernmental	\$	42,452	\$ 42,452	\$	-
Use of money and property		1,620	 4,096		2,476
Total Revenues		44,072	 46,548		2,476
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Community development		42,452	 42,451		1
Total Expenditures		42,452	 42,451		1
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures		1,620	 4,097		2,477
Net Change in Fund Balance		1,620	(58,558)		(60,178)
Fund Balance, Beginning		68,277	 68,277		-
Fund Balance, Ending	\$	69,897	\$ 9,719	\$	(60,178)

Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule Used Oil Grant Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	I	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Intergovernmental	\$	7,500	\$ 7,500	\$-
Use of money and property		730	2,226	1,496
Total Revenues		8,230	9,726	1,496
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Community development	_	53,597	53,597	
Total Expenditures		53,597	53,597	- <u> </u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures		(45,367)	(43,871)	1,496
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers out		-	(7,738)	7,738
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-	(7,738)	(7,738)
Net Change in Fund Balance		(45,367)	(51,609)	(6,242)
Fund Balance, Beginning		57,056	57,056	
Fund Balance, Ending	\$	11,689	\$ 5,447	\$ (6,242)

Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule Tire Collection & Disposal Grant For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

				V	Variance
]	Positive
	В	Budget	 Actual	()	legative)
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Community development	\$	12,845	\$ 12,845	\$	-
Total Expenditures		12,845	 12,845		-
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures		(12,845)	(12,845)		-
Net Change in Fund Balance		(12,845)	(12,845)		-
Fund Balance, Beginning		(9,966)	 (9,966)		-
Fund Balance, Ending	\$	(22,811)	\$ (22,811)	\$	-

Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule BSCC Local Police Grant For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budget Actual					Variance Positive (Negative)			
Expenditures:									
Current:									
Public safety	\$	61,700	\$	61,700	\$	-			
Total Expenditures		61,700		61,700		-			
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(61,700)		(61,700)		-			
Net Change in Fund Balance		(61,700)		(61,700)		-			
Fund Balance, Beginning		201,864		201,864					
Fund Balance, Ending	\$	140,164	\$	140,164	\$	-			

Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule OTS Grants Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

					Variance Positive
	В	udget	Actual		(Negative)
Revenues:					
Intergovernmental	\$	407,236	\$	407,236	\$-
Total Revenues		407,236		407,236	
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Public safety		419,168		419,168	-
Total Expenditures		419,168		419,168	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures		(11,932)		(11,932)	
Net Change in Fund Balance		(11,932)		(11,932)	-
Fund Balance, Beginning		102,681		102,681	<u> </u>
Fund Balance, Ending	\$	90,749	\$	90,749	\$ -

Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule Local Police Grants Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

			Variance				
					Positive		
	B	udget		Actual	(Negative)		
Revenues:							
Current:							
Intergovernmental	\$	139,777	\$	139,797	\$	20	
Use of money and property		20		-		(20)	
Total Revenues		139,797		139,797		-	
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Public safety		190,533		190,533		-	
Total Expenditures		190,533		190,533		-	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over (Under) Expenditures		(50,736)		(50,736)		-	
Net Change in Fund Balance		(50,736)		(50,736)		-	
Fund Balance, Beginning		5,722		5,722		-	
Fund Balance, Ending	\$	(45,014)	\$	(45,014)	\$	-	

Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule CA Law Enforcement Equipment Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

					Variance Positive
Budget			Actual		Negative)
\$	389,167	\$	389,167	\$	-
	-		10,864		10,864
	389,167		400,031		10,864
	412,984		412,984		-
	412,984		412,984		-
_	(23,817)		(12,953)		10,864
	(23,817)		(12,953)		10,864
	243,287		243,287		-
\$	219,470	\$	230,334	\$	10,864
	\$	\$ 389,167 - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ 389,167 \$ - 389,167 412,984 412,984 (23,817) (23,817) (23,817) 243,287	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Budget Actual (\$ 389,167 \$ 389,167 \$ - 10,864 - 389,167 400,031 - 412,984 412,984 - 412,984 412,984 - (23,817) (12,953) - (23,817) (12,953) - 243,287 243,287 -

Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule Gas Tax Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

			,	Variance
				Positive
	Budget	Actual	(1	Negative)
Revenues:				
Licenses, fees and permits	\$ -	\$ 84,857	\$	84,857
Intergovernmental	3,574,945	3,179,455		(395,490)
Use of money and property	 344,164	 359,826		15,662
Total Revenues	 3,919,109	 3,624,138		(294,971)
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Public ways and facilities	4,895,350	4,317,520		577,830
Total Expenditures	 4,895,350	 4,317,520		577,830
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	 (976,241)	 (693,382)		282,859
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers out	(261,095)	(261,094)		(1)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (261,095)	 (261,094)		1
Net Change in Fund Balance	(1,237,336)	(954,476)		282,860
Fund Balance, Beginning	 3,464,278	 3,464,278		
Fund Balance, Ending	\$ 2,226,942	\$ 2,509,802	\$	282,860

Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule SB1 Streets and Roads Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Variance			
			Positive		
	Budget		Actual	()	legative)
Revenues:					
Intergovernmental	\$ 3,454,614	\$	3,716,702	\$	262,088
Use of money and property	 -		67,189		67,189
Total Revenues	 3,454,614		3,783,891		329,277
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Public ways and facilities	686,119		686,119		-
Total Expenditures	 686,119		686,119		-
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures	 2,768,495		3,097,772		329,277
Net Change in Fund Balance	2,768,495		3,097,772		329,277
Fund Balance, Beginning	 748,797		748,797		-
Fund Balance, Ending	\$ 3,517,292	\$	3,846,569	\$	329,277

Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule Agricultural Preservation Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

		A / 1	Variance Positive		
	 Budget	 Actual	((Negative)	
Revenues:					
Use of money and property	\$ 29,580	\$ 85,252	\$	55,672	
Total Revenues	 29,580	85,252		55,672	
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Public ways and facilities	 1,901,700	749		1,900,951	
Total Expenditures	 1,901,700	 749		1,900,951	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures	 (1,872,120)	 84,503		1,956,623	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(1,872,120)	84,503		1,956,623	
Fund Balance, Beginning	 1,958,751	 1,958,751		-	
Fund Balance, Ending	\$ 86,631	\$ 2,043,254	\$	1,956,623	

Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule Swainson's Hawk Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Dudaré Artici					Variance Positive		
		Budget		Actual	(.	Negative)		
Revenues:								
Licenses, fees and permits	\$	211,000	\$	1,666,987	\$	1,455,987		
Use of money and property		25,000		119,049		94,049		
Total Revenues		236,000		1,786,036		1,550,036		
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Community development		1,289,816		1,035,542		254,274		
Total Expenditures		1,289,816		1,035,542		254,274		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over (Under) Expenditures		(1,053,816)		750,494		1,804,310		
Net Change in Fund Balance		(1,053,816)		750,494		1,804,310		
Fund Balance, Beginning		2,420,989		2,420,989		-		
Fund Balance, Ending	\$	1,367,173	\$	3,171,483	\$	1,804,310		

Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule Tree Mitigation Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	-	Budget	Variance Positive (Negative)		
		Buuget	 Actual	(1	egative)
Revenues:					
Licenses, fees and permits	\$	100,000	\$ 413,900	\$	313,900
Use of money and property		14,610	 49,601		34,991
Total Revenues		114,610	 463,501		348,891
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Community development		701,140	 700,355		785
Total Expenditures		701,140	 700,355		785
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures		(586,530)	 (236,854)		349,676
Net Change in Fund Balance		(586,530)	(236,854)		349,676
Fund Balance, Beginning		1,223,950	 1,223,950		_
Fund Balance, Ending	\$	637,420	\$ 987,096	\$	349,676

Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule Street Trench Cut Fee Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

					Variance Positive	
	E	Budget	Actual		(N	legative)
Revenues:						
Licenses, fees and permits	\$	90,000	\$	48,563	\$	(41,437)
Use of money and property		7,080		16,014		8,934
Total Revenues		97,080		64,577		(32,503)
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Public ways and facilities		400		140		260
Community development		100,000		-		100,000
Total Expenditures		100,400		140		100,260
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures		(3,320)		64,437		67,757
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfers out		(4,401)	_	(4,401)		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(4,401)		(4,401)		-
Net Change in Fund Balance		(7,721)		60,036		67,757
Fund Balance, Beginning		353,771		353,771		-
Fund Balance, Ending	\$	346,050	\$	413,807	\$	67,757

Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule Community Development Block Grants Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

				Variance Positive
	 Budget	 Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:				
Intergovernmental	\$ 1,679,570	\$ 655,246	\$	(1,024,324)
Use of money and property	100	28,014		27,914
Total Revenues	 1,679,670	 683,260		(996,410)
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Community development	1,024,024	564,019		460,005
Total Expenditures	 1,024,024	 564,019		460,005
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	 655,646	 119,241		(536,405)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers in	-	45		45
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 -	 45		45
Net Change in Fund Balance	655,646	119,286		(536,360)
Fund Balance, Beginning	 90,731	 90,731		
Fund Balance, Ending	\$ 746,377	\$ 210,017	\$	(536,360)

Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule State Homeless Appropriations Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budget	 Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)		
Revenues:					
Use of money and property	\$ -	\$ 126,666	\$	126,666	
Total Revenues	 	 126,666		126,666	
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Community development	2,494,812	125,392		2,369,420	
Total Expenditures	 2,494,812	 125,392		2,369,420	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures	 (2,494,812)	 1,274		2,496,086	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(2,494,812)	1,274		2,496,086	
Fund Balance, Beginning	 4,566,382	 4,566,382		-	
Fund Balance, Ending	\$ 2,071,570	\$ 4,567,656	\$	2,496,086	

Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule Police Services CFD Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

				Var	iance
				Ро	sitive
		Budget	 Actual	(Neg	gative)
Revenues:					
Licenses, fees and permits	\$	10,000	\$ 14,800	\$	4,800
Intergovernmental		3,630,000	3,664,223		34,223
Use of money and property	_	8,430	46,980		38,550
Total Revenues		3,648,430	 3,726,003		77,573
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Public safety		34,054	29,549		4,505
Debt Service:					
Tax administration		7,500	 7,137		363
Total Expenditures		41,554	 36,686		4,868
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures		3,606,876	 3,689,317		82,441
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Transfers out		(3,262,510)	(3,262,510)		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(3,262,510)	 (3,262,510)		_
Net Change in Fund Balance		344,366	426,807		82,441
Fund Balance, Beginning		1,272,302	 1,272,302		-
Fund Balance, Ending	\$ 12	1,616,668	\$ 1,699,109	\$	82,441

Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule Maintenance Services CFD Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

				Variance Positive
	 Budget	 Actual	(.	Negative)
Revenues:				
Licenses, fees and permits	\$ 10,000	\$ 23,955	\$	13,955
Intergovernmental	4,030,000	4,027,272		(2,728)
Charges for services	64,616	42,234		(22,382)
Use of money and property	125,520	440,380		314,860
Total Revenues	 4,230,136	 4,533,841		303,705
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Public ways and facilities	3,491,604	2,755,295		736,309
Debt Service:				
Tax administration	6,000	4,103		1,897
Total Expenditures	 3,497,604	 2,759,398		738,206
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	 732,532	 1,774,443		1,041,911
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers out	(95,213)	(95,212)		1
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (95,213)	 (95,212)		1
Net Change in Fund Balance	637,319	1,679,231		1,041,912
Fund Balance, Beginning	 9,720,355	 9,720,355		-
Fund Balance, Ending	\$ 10,357,674	\$ 11,399,586	\$	1,041,912

Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule Street Maintenance District Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

					Variance
					Positive
_	 Budget	Actual		1)	Negative)
Revenues:					
Licenses, fees and permits	\$ 15,000	\$	14,000	\$	(1,000)
Intergovernmental	1,773,000		1,772,086		(914)
Use of money and property	83,500		236,898		153,398
Total Revenues	1,871,500		2,022,984		151,484
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Public ways and facilities	719,297		680,196		39,101
Debt Service:					
Tax administration	11,000		7,110		3,890
Total Expenditures	730,297		687,306		42,991
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures	1,141,203		1,335,678		194,475
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Transfers out	(111,894)		(111,897)		(3)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(111,894)		(111,897)		(3)
Net Change in Fund Balance	1,029,309		1,223,781		194,472
Fund Balance, Beginning	5,855,853		5,855,853		-
Fund Balance, Ending	\$ 6,885,162	\$	7,079,634	\$	194,472

Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule Street Lighting Maintenance District Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budget			Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)		
Revenues:							
Intergovernmental	\$	1,057,000	\$	1,072,959	\$	15,959	
Use of money and property		3,240		17,055		13,815	
Total Revenues		1,060,240		1,090,014		29,774	
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Public ways and facilities		528,642		425,938		102,704	
Debt Service:							
Tax administration		37,500		38,953		(1,453)	
Total Expenditures		566,142		464,891		101,251	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over (Under) Expenditures		494,098		625,123		(71,477)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Transfers out		(72,450)		(72,450)		-	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(72,450)		(72,450)		-	
Net Change in Fund Balance		421,648		552,673		(71,477)	
Fund Balance, Beginning		(2,615,808)		(2,615,808)		-	
Fund Balance, Ending	\$	(2,194,160)	\$	(2,063,135)	\$	(71,477)	

Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule Asset Seizure State and Federal Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

			Variance Positive		
]	Budget	Actual	(Negat	ive)
Revenues:					
Intergovernmental	\$	332,388	\$ 332,388	\$	-
Total Revenues		332,388	 332,388		-
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Public ways and facilities		676,590	676,590		-
Total Expenditures		676,590	 676,590		-
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures		(344,202)	 (344,202)		-
Net Change in Fund Balance		(344,202)	(344,202)		-
Fund Balance, Beginning		1,589,088	 1,589,088		-
Fund Balance, Ending	\$	1,244,886	\$ 1,244,886	\$	-

Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule Library Ownership Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budget Actual				Variance Positive (Negative)		
Revenues:							
Intergovernmental	\$	115,000	\$	129,579	\$	14,579	
Use of money and property		12,240		38,036		25,796	
Total Revenues		127,240		167,615		40,375	
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Public way and facilities		49,902		38,380		11,522	
Total Expenditures		49,902		38,380		11,522	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over (Under) Expenditures		77,338		129,235		51,897	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Transfers out		(2,646)		(2,646)		-	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(2,646)		(2,646)		-	
Net Change in Fund Balance		74,692		126,589		51,897	
Fund Balance, Beginning		909,884		909,884		-	
Fund Balance, Ending	\$	984,576	\$	1,036,473	\$	51,897	

Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule HUD Home Grant For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

			Variance Positive			
Bu	ıdget	A	ctual	(Negative)		
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
	-		-		-	
	-		-		-	
	40,000		40,000		-	
\$	40,000	\$	40,000	\$	-	
	\$	- 40,000	<u>\$</u> - <u>\$</u> - - 40,000	<u>\$</u> <u>-</u> <u>\$</u> <u>-</u> <u>-</u> <u>-</u> <u>40,000</u> <u>40,000</u>	Budget Actual (Neg \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - - \$ - \$ - \$ -	

Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule Neighborhood Stabilization Program Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

					Variance Positive		
	I	Budget	A	Actual		legative)	
Revenues:							
Use of money and property	\$	60,660	\$	17,656	\$	(43,004)	
Total Revenues		60,660		17,656		(43,004)	
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Public ways and facilities		265,330		1,011		264,319	
Total Expenditures		265,330		1,011		264,319	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over (Under) Expenditures		(204,670)		16,645		221,315	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Transfers in		-		8,917		8,917	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-		8,917		8,917	
Net Change in Fund Balance		(204,670)		25,562		230,232	
Fund Balance, Beginning		735,699		735,699		-	
Fund Balance, Ending	\$	531,029	\$	761,261	\$	230,232	

Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule Measure A Maintenance Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

						Variance Positive		
		Budget		Actual		Vegative)		
Revenues:								
Intergovernmental	\$	4,164,922	\$	4,278,898	\$	113,976		
Use of money and property		48,590		404,953		356,363		
Total Revenues		4,213,512		4,683,851		470,339		
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Public ways and facilities		3,857,432		3,651,402		206,030		
Total Expenditures		3,857,432		3,651,402		206,030		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over (Under) Expenditures		356,080		1,032,449		676,369		
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Transfers out		(171,529)		(171,529)		-		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(171,529)		(171,529)		-		
Net Change in Fund Balance		184,551		860,920		676,369		
Fund Balance, Beginning		3,387,807		3,387,807		-		
Fund Balance, Ending	\$	3,572,358	\$	4,248,727	\$	676,369		

Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule Development Services Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

				,	Variance
					Positive
	Budget	Actual		(1	Negative)
Revenues:					
Licenses, fees and permits	\$ 6,693,300	\$	6,949,218	\$	255,918
Charges for services	2,786,900		1,891,824		(895,076)
Use of money and property	 -		75,457		75,457
Total Revenues	 9,480,200		8,916,499		(563,701)
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Public ways and facilities	422,003		174,141		247,862
Community development	 7,685,967		6,702,150		983,817
Total Expenditures	 8,107,970		6,876,291		1,231,679
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures	 1,372,230		2,040,208		667,978
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Transfers out	(1,072,628)		(1,072,628)		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (1,072,628)		(1,072,628)		
Net Change in Fund Balance	299,602		967,580		667,978
Fund Balance, Beginning	 (362,960)		(362,960)		-
Fund Balance, Ending	\$ (63,358)	\$	604,620	\$	667,978

Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule Public Works Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

						Variance	
					Positive		
		Budget	Actual		(Negative)	
Revenues:							
Licenses, fees and permits	\$	476,000	\$	582,898	\$	106,898	
Use of money and property		442,500		464,407		21,907	
Total Revenues		918,500		1,047,305		128,805	
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Public ways and facilities		4,173,481		4,331,937		(158,456)	
Total Expenditures		4,173,481		4,331,937		(158,456)	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over (Under) Expenditures		(3,254,981)		(3,284,632)		(29,651)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Transfers in		3,875,670		3,969,891		94,221	
Transfers out		(142,983)		(142,801)		182	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		3,732,687		3,827,090		94,403	
Net Change in Fund Balance		477,706		542,458		64,752	
Fund Balance, Beginning		816,770		816,770			
Fund Balance, Ending	\$	1,294,476	\$	1,359,228	\$	64,752	

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

DEFINITION

The Capital Projects Funds were established to account for financial resources for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities.

Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds

State Grant Funds – Established to account for money from the State of California to fund capital projects.

Measure A Construction Funds – Established to account for monies received under the Measure A Transportation Expenditure Agreement, approved by the voters in 1988, which pays for transportation infrastructure projects.

LTF (Local Transportation Fund) – Bikes & Pedestrians Fund – Established to account for the bicycle/pedestrian allocation of TDA funding which is used for public transportation planning, public transportation services, and community transit purposes.

Capital Facilities Funds – Established to account for new developments' share of construction and acquisition of a civic center, police facility, corporation yard, intelligent transportation system, library, railroad over crossing, rapid transit and other City facilities.

Laguna West Service Area Fund – Established to account for fees that fund the ongoing operations and maintenance costs for specialized services related to drainage, roadways, and street sweeping the Laguna West area.

Lakeside Service Area Fund – Established to account for fees that fund the ongoing operations and maintenance costs for specialized services related to drainage, roadways, and street sweeping the Lakeside area.

In Lieu Funds – Established to account for the monies received in lieu of developer built infrastructure.

East Franklin CFD 2002-1 Fund – Established to account for special revenue taxes and the costs of infrastructure within the boundaries of this finance district.

Poppy Ridge CFD 2003-1 Fund – Established to account for special taxes to fund the cost of infrastructure and a portion of police protection operational costs within the boundaries of this finance district.

Animal Shelter Fund – Established to pay for the construction expenses related to the City of Elk Grove Animal Shelter.

Laguna CFD Fund – Fund the acquisition and construction of certain public facilities required in connection with the development of the land within the district which consists of approximately 2,440 acres.

Laguna West CFD Fund – Established to fund the acquisition and construction of certain public facilities within the boundaries of this finance district.

Lakeside CFD Fund – Established to fund the acquisition and construction of certain public facilities within the boundaries of this finance district.

Southeast Policy Area (SEPA) Mitigation Fund – Established to account for development impact fees.

Major Capital Projects Fund Supplemental Budgetary Comparison Schedule Federal Capital Grants Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

				Variance
				Positive
	 Budget	 Actual	(1	Negative)
Revenues:				
Intergovernmental	\$ 3,738,425	\$ 3,738,425	\$	-
Use of money and property	-	 22,213		22,213
Total Revenues	 3,738,425	 3,760,638		22,213
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Public ways and facilities	 3,986,937	 3,986,937		-
Total Expenditures	 3,986,937	 3,986,937		_
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	 (248,512)	 (226,299)		22,213
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers In	300,000	300,000		-
Transfers out	 -	 (144,136)		(144,136)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 300,000	 155,864		(144,136)
Net Change in Fund Balance	51,488	(70,435)		(121,923)
Fund Balance, Beginning, as restated	 (3,670,874)	(3,670,874)		-
Fund Balance, Ending	\$ (3,619,386)	\$ (3,741,309)	\$	(121,923)

Major Capital Projects Fund Supplemental Budgetary Comparison Schedule Roadway Fee Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budget Actual				Variance Positive (Negative)		
Revenues:							
Licenses, fees and permits	\$	7,682,311	\$	8,919,834	\$	1,237,523	
Intergovernmental		-		3,422,919		3,422,919	
Use of money and property		450,000		1,686,323		1,236,323	
Total Revenues		8,132,311		14,029,076	_	5,896,765	
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Public ways and facilities		12,923,339		11,322,552		1,600,787	
Total Expenditures		12,923,339		11,322,552	_	1,600,787	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over (Under) Expenditures		(4,791,028)		2,706,524		7,497,552	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Transfers In		-		60,814		60,814	
Transfers out		(1,139,135)		(1,139,135)		-	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(1,139,135)		(1,078,321)		60,814	
Net Change in Fund Balance		(5,930,163)		1,628,203		7,558,366	
Fund Balance, Beginning, as restated		30,391,195		30,391,195		-	
Fund Balance, Ending	\$	24,461,032	\$	32,019,398	\$	7,558,366	

Major Capital Projects Fund Supplemental Budgetary Comparison Schedule Mitigation and Fee Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

				Variance
				Positive
	 Budget	Actual		(Negative)
Revenues:				
Licenses, fees and permits	\$ 6,802,107	\$ 2,857,835	\$	(3,944,272)
Use of money and property	277,900	1,110,379		832,479
Total Revenues	 7,080,007	 3,968,214	_	(3,111,793)
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Public ways and facilities	17,345,684	17,239,349		106,335
Total Expenditures	 17,345,684	 17,239,349		106,335
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	 (10,265,677)	 (13,271,135)		(3,005,458)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers out	(534,511)	(305,515)		228,996
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (534,511)	 (305,515)		228,996
Net Change in Fund Balance	(10,800,188)	(13,576,650)		(2,776,462)
Fund Balance, Beginning	 26,355,773	 26,355,773		-
Fund Balance, Ending	\$ 15,555,585	\$ 12,779,123	\$	(2,776,462)

Major Capital Projects Fund Supplemental Budgetary Comparison Schedule Laguna Ridge CFD 2005-1 Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

			Variance		
			Positive		
	Budget	Actual	(Negative)		
Revenues:					
Intergovernmental	\$ -	\$ 1,936,458	\$ 1,936,458		
Bond Proceeds	23,280,000	16,030,000	(7,250,000)		
Use of money and property	2,500	169,643	167,143		
Total Revenues	23,282,500	18,136,101	(5,146,399)		
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Public ways and facilities	33,529,616	28,637,680	4,891,936		
Total Expenditures	33,529,616	28,637,680	4,891,936		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures	(10,247,116)	(10,501,579)	(254,463)		
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Transfers out	(847,652)	(847,651)	1		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(847,652)	(847,651)	1		
Net Change in Fund Balance	(11,094,768)	(11,349,230)	(254,462)		
Fund Balance, Beginning	19,974,389	19,974,389			
Fund Balance, Ending	\$ 8,879,621	\$ 8,625,159	\$ (254,462)		

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Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds June 30, 2019

					LTF	
	State	Ν	leasure A	В	ikes &	Capital
	Grants	Co	onstruction	Pe	destrian	Facilities
	Fund		Funds		Fund	Funds
ASSETS						
Cash and investments	\$ -	\$	2,622,120	\$	571,211	\$ 12,550,973
Cash with fiscal agent	-		-		-	-
Accounts receivable	22,235		-		-	3,198
Interest receivable	-		2,700		621	13,365
Due from other government agencies	150,893		-		5,137	-
Advances to other funds	-		-		-	1,500,000
Long-term development fees receivable	 -				-	 445,760
Total Assets	\$ 173,128	\$	2,624,820	\$	576,969	\$ 14,513,296
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$ 56,057	\$	295,828	\$	11,788	\$ 49,281
Accrued salaries and benefits	-		-		-	789
Due to other funds	101,727		-		-	-
Retention payable	4,868		16,833		-	-
Advances from other funds	 		-		-	
Total Liabilities	 162,652		312,661		11,788	 50,070
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Unavailable revenue	 150,893		-		-	 445,760
FUND BALANCES						
Restricted	-		2,312,159		565,181	14,017,466
Unassigned	 (140,417)		-		-	
Total Fund Balances	 (140,417)		2,312,159		565,181	 14,017,466
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows						
of Resources and Fund Balances	\$ 173,128	\$	2,624,820	\$	576,969	\$ 14,513,296
						continued

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds (continued) June 30, 2019

	Laguna West Service Area Fund		Lakeside Service Area Fund		In Lieu Funds		ast Franklin IFD 2002-1 Fund
<u>ASSETS</u>							
Cash and investments	\$	518,526	\$	83,434	\$	3,077,107	\$ 20,462,497
Cash with fiscal agent		-		-		-	-
Accounts receivable		-		-		-	-
Interest receivable		540		81		-	21,761
Due from other government agencies		617		-		-	2,920
Advances to other funds		-		-		-	-
Long-term development fees receivable		-		-		-	 -
Total Assets	\$	519,683	\$	83,515	\$	3,077,107	\$ 20,487,178
<u>LIABILITIES</u>							
Accounts payable	\$	552	\$	-	\$	37,151	\$ 301,276
Accrued salaries and benefits		-		-		-	337
Due to other funds		-		-		-	-
Retention payable		-		-		-	4,505
Advances from other funds		-		-		-	
Total Liabilities		552		-		37,151	 306,118
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Unavailable revenue		-		-		-	 -
FUND BALANCES							
Restricted		519,131		83,515		3,039,956	20,181,060
Unassigned		-		-		-	 -
Total Fund Balances		519,131		83,515		3,039,956	 20,181,060
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows							
of Resources and Fund Balances	\$	519,683	\$	83,515	\$	3,077,107	\$ 20,487,178

-	py Ridge D 2003-1 Fund	 Animal Shelter Fund	aguna CFD Fund	aguna est CFD Fund	(xeside CFD und	SEPA Mitigation Funds		Mitigation	
\$	782,102	\$ 524,102	\$ 731,837	\$ 136,714	\$	-	\$ 9	983,361	\$	43,043,984
	211	4,385,386	-	-		-		-		4,385,597
	-	-	-	-		-		-		25,433
	837	567	783	135		-		-		41,390
	2,727	-	-	-		-		-		162,294
	-	-	-	-		-		-		1,500,000
	-	 -	 -	 -		-		-		445,760
\$	785,877	\$ 4,910,055	\$ 732,620	\$ 136,849	\$	-	\$ 9	983,361	\$	49,604,458
\$	34,845	\$ 1,683,554	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,470,332
	337	-	-	-		-		-		1,463
	-	-	-	-		-		-		101,727
	-	599,550	-	-		-		-		625,756
	-	 -	 -	 -		614		-		614
	35,182	 2,283,104	 	 -		614		-		3,199,892
	-	 -	 -	 -		-		-		596,653
	750,695	2,626,951	732,620	136,849		-	ç	983,361		45,948,944
	-	 -	 -	 -		(614)		-		(141,031)
	750,695	 2,626,951	 732,620	 136,849		(614)		983,361		45,807,913
\$	785,877	\$ 4,910,055	\$ 732,620	\$ 136,849	\$	-	\$ 9	983,361	\$	49,604,458

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Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Revenues: Licenses, fees and permits Intergovernmental	\$ State Grants Fund - 141,541	leasure A onstruction Funds - 1,020,083	Bike & destrians Fund - 146,910	\$ Capital Facilities Funds 3,929,296
Bond Proceeds	,	-,,		
Use of money and property	 -	 112,952	 20,746	 638,574
Total Revenues	 141,541	 1,133,035	 167,656	 4,567,870
Expenditures:				
Current: Public ways and facilities	216,319	1,358,698	49,489	1,599,588
Total Expenditures	 216,319	 1,358,698	 49,489	 1,599,588
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	 (74,778)	 (225,663)	 118,167	2,968,282
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers in	-	144,136	-	-
Transfers out	-	(102,132)	(8,145)	(243,595)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 -	 42,004	 (8,145)	(243,595)
Net Change in Fund Balances	(74,778)	(183,659)	110,022	2,724,687
Fund Balances, Beginning, as restated	 (65,639)	 2,495,818	 455,159	 11,292,779
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ (140,417)	\$ 2,312,159	\$ 565,181	\$ 14,017,466 continued

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances (continued) Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Ŭ	una West vice Area Fund	Lakeside Service Area Fund		In Lieu Funds	East Franklin CFD 2002-1 Fund	
Revenues:							
Licenses, fees and permits	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 1,335,560	\$ -	
Intergovernmental		61,242		-	-	1,592,918	
Bond Proceeds						-	
Use of money and property		20,845		3,491	21,101	528,203	
Total Revenues		82,087		3,491	1,356,661	2,121,121	
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Public ways and facilities		7,626		31	3,247,053	924,100	
Total Expenditures		7,626		31	3,247,053	924,100	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over							
(Under) Expenditures		74,461		3,460	(1,890,392)	1,197,021	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Transfers in		-		-	-	-	
Transfers out		(2,843)		(570)	(13,767)	(172,779)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(2,843)		(570)	(13,767)	(172,779)	
Net Change in Fund Balances		71,618		2,890	(1,904,159)	1,024,242	
Fund Balances, Beginning, as restated		447,513		80,625	4,944,115	19,156,818	
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$	519,131	\$	83,515	\$ 3,039,956	\$ 20,181,060	

CFE	y Ridge 2003-1	Animal Shelter]	Laguna CFD	Laguna West CFD Fund		Ι	Lakeside CFD Fund		SEPA Mitigation Funds		
F	und	 Fund		Fund		Fund		Fund	Fu	inds		Total
\$ 5	- ,092,998	\$ -	\$	- 30,569	\$	-	\$	-	\$9	76,618 -	\$	6,241,474 8,086,261
	- 29,246	 7,012		-		5,701				- 6,743		- 1,394,614
5	,122,244	 7,012		30,569		5,701			9	83,361		15,722,349
2	,580,651	11,851,380		-		50		58		-		21,835,043
2	,580,651	 11,851,380		-		50		58		-		21,835,043
2	,541,593	 (11,844,368)		30,569		5,651		(58)	9	83,361		(6,112,694)
	- (716,726)	 -		-		-		(556)		-		144,136 (1,261,113)
	(716,726)	 -		-		-		(556)		-		(1,116,977)
1	,824,867	(11,844,368)		30,569		5,651		(614)	9	83,361		(7,229,671)
(1	,074,172)	 14,471,319		702,051		131,198		_		-		53,037,584
\$	750,695	\$ 2,626,951	\$	732,620	\$	136,849	\$	(614)	\$ 9	83,361	\$	45,807,913

Capital Projects Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule State Grants Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

				Variance Positive		
]	Budget	 Actual	(Negative)		
Revenues:						
Intergovernmental	\$	141,671	\$ 141,541	\$	(130)	
Total Revenues		141,671	 141,541		(130)	
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Public ways and facilities		216,320	216,319		1	
Total Expenditures		216,320	 216,319		1	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures		(74,649)	 (74,778)		129	
Net Change in Fund Balance		(74,649)	(74,778)		129	
Fund Balance, Beginning		(65,639)	 (65,639)		-	
Fund Balance, Ending	\$	(140,288)	\$ (140,417)	\$	(129)	

Capital Projects Fund Supplemental Budgetary Comparison Schedule Measure A Construction Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

				Variance		
					I	Positive
	Budget			Actual	(N	legative)
Revenues:						
Intergovernmental	\$	999,254	\$	1,020,083	\$	20,829
Use of money and property		24,720		112,952		88,232
Total Revenues		1,023,974		1,133,035		109,061
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Public ways and facilities		1,366,419		1,358,698		7,721
Total Expenditures		1,366,419		1,358,698		7,721
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures		(342,445)		(225,663)		116,782
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfers In		-		144,136		144,136
Transfers out		(105,173)		(102,132)		3,041
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(105,173)		42,004		147,177
Net Change in Fund Balance		(447,618)		(183,659)		263,959
Fund Balance, Beginning		2,495,818		2,495,818		-
Fund Balance, Ending	\$	2,048,200	\$	2,312,159	\$	263,959

Capital Projects Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule LTF Bike & Pedestrians Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

						ariance ositive
	H	Budget		Actual	(Ne	egative)
Revenues:						
Intergovernmental	\$	145,000	\$	146,910	\$	1,910
Use of money and property		5,910	_	20,746		14,836
Total Revenues		150,910		167,656		16,746
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Public ways and facilities		49,489		49,489		-
Total Expenditures		49,489		49,489		-
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures		101,421		118,167		16,746
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfers out		(8,145)		(8,145)		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(8,145)		(8,145)		-
Net Change in Fund Balance		93,276		110,022		16,746
Fund Balance, Beginning		455,159		455,159		-
Fund Balance, Ending	\$	548,435	\$	565,181	\$	16,746

Capital Projects Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule Capital Facilities Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budget		Actual		Variance Positive Negative)
Revenues:					
Licenses, fees and permits	\$ 2,694,435	\$	3,929,296	\$	1,234,861
Use of money and property	171,460		638,574		467,114
Total Revenues	 2,865,895		4,567,870		1,701,975
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Public ways and facilities	1,715,489		1,599,588		115,901
Total Expenditures	 1,715,489		1,599,588		115,901
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures	 1,150,406		2,968,282		1,817,876
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Transfers out	(243,595)		(243,595)		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (243,595)		(243,595)		-
Net Change in Fund Balance	906,811		2,724,687		1,817,876
Fund Balance, Beginning, as restated	 11,292,779		11,292,779		-
Fund Balance, Ending	\$ 12,199,590	\$	14,017,466	\$	1,817,876

Capital Projects Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule Laguna West Service Area Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Revenues:	Budget			Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)		
Intergovernmental	\$	61,000	\$	61,242	\$	242	
Use of money and property		7,120		20,845		13,725	
Total Revenues		68,120		82,087		13,967	
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Public ways and facilities		81,410		7,626		73,784	
Total Expenditures		81,410		7,626		73,784	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over (Under) Expenditures		(13,290)		74,461		87,751	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Transfers out		(2,842)		(2,843)		(1)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(2,842)		(2,843)		(1)	
Net Change in Fund Balance		(16,132)		71,618		87,750	
Fund Balance, Beginning		447,513		447,513		-	
Fund Balance, Ending	\$	431,381	\$	519,131	\$	87,750	

Capital Projects Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule Lakeside Service Area Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

				Variance Positive		
	В	udget	A	Actual	(Negative)	
Revenues:						
Use of money and property	\$	1,230	\$	3,491	\$	2,261
Total Revenues		1,230		3,491		2,261
Expenditures :						
Current:						
Public ways and facilities		80		31		49
Total Expenditures		80		31		49
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures		1,150		3,460		2,310
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfers out		(584)		(570)	_	14
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(584)		(570)		14
Net Change in Fund Balance		566		2,890		2,324
Fund Balance, Beginning		80,625		80,625		
Fund Balance, Ending	\$	81,191	\$	83,515	\$	2,324

Capital Projects Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule In Lieu Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Revenues: Licenses, fees and permits Use of money and property Total Revenues	\$ Budget 60,000 479,802 539,802	\$ Actual 1,335,560 21,101 1,356,661		Variance Positive Negative) 1,275,560 (458,701) 816,859
Trenon di tananga				
Expenditures: Current:				
Public ways and facilities	3,252,052	3,247,053		4,999
Total Expenditures	 3,252,052	 3,247,053	4,999	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	 (2,712,250)	 (1,890,392)		821,858
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers out	(13,783)	(13,767)		(16)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (13,783)	 (13,767)		16
Net Change in Fund Balance	(2,726,033)	(1,904,159)		821,874
Fund Balance, Beginning	 4,944,115	 4,944,115		
Fund Balance, Ending	\$ 2,218,082	\$ 3,039,956	\$	821,874

Capital Project Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule East Franklin CFD 2002-1 Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

					Variance
					Positive
	Budget		Actual		Negative)
Revenues:					
Intergovernmental	\$ -	\$	1,592,918	\$	1,592,918
Use of money and property	75,000		528,203		453,203
Bond Proceeds	 1,400,000		-		(1,400,000)
Total Revenues	 1,475,000	2,121,121			646,121
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Public ways and facilities	935,232		924,100		11,132
Total Expenditures	 935,232		924,100	11,132	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures	 539,768		1,197,021		657,253
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Transfers out	(304,520)		(172,779)		(131,741)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (304,520)		(172,779)		131,741
Net Change in Fund Balance	235,248		1,024,242		788,994
Fund Balance, Beginning	 19,156,818		19,156,818		-
Fund Balance, Ending	\$ 19,392,066	\$	20,181,060	\$	788,994

Capital Projects Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule Poppy Ridge CFD 2003-1 Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

					Variance	
					Positive	
	Budget	Actual		(Negative)	
Revenues:						
Intergovernmental	\$ -	\$	5,092,998	\$	5,092,998	
Use of money and property	42,460		29,246		(13,214)	
Bond Proceeds	 4,850,000		-		(4,850,000)	
Total Revenues	 4,892,460		5,122,244	229,784		
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Public ways and facilities	 2,588,266		2,580,651	7,615		
Total Expenditures	 2,588,266		2,580,651		7,615	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures	 2,304,194		2,541,593		237,399	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfers out	(716,726)		(716,726)		-	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (716,726)	_	(716,726)		-	
Net Change in Fund Balance	1,587,468		1,824,867		237,399	
Fund Balance, Beginning	 (1,074,172)		(1,074,172)		-	
Fund Balance, Ending	\$ 513,296	\$	750,695	\$	237,399	

Capital Projects Fund Supplemental Budgetary Comparison Schedule Animal Shelter Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

			Variance Positive			
	Budget A			Actual	(1	Negative)
Revenues:						
Use of money and property	\$	-	\$	7,012	\$	7,012
Total Revenues				7,012		7,012
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Public ways and facilities		11,851,321		11,851,380	(59)	
Total Expenditures	11,851,321		11,851,380		(59)	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures		(11,851,321)		(11,844,368)		6,953
Net Change in Fund Balance	(11,851,321)		(11,844,368)			6,953
Fund Balance, Beginning	14,471,319		14,471,319 14,471,3		4,471,319	
Fund Balance, Ending	\$	2,619,998	\$	2,626,951	\$	6,953

Capital Projects Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule Laguna CFD Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

					Variance		
					Р	ositive	
	I	Budget		Actual	(N	egative)	
Revenues:							
Intergovernmental	\$	-	\$	30,569	\$	30,569	
Use of money and property	_	10,630		-	_	(10,630)	
Total Revenues		10,630		30,569		19,939	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over (Under) Expenditures		10,630		30,569		19,939	
Net Change in Fund Balance		10,630		30,569		19,939	
Fund Balance, Beginning		702,051		702,051		-	
Fund Balance, Ending	\$	712,681	\$	732,620	\$	19,939	

Capital Projects Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule Laguna West CFD Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	T	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:			 	(8
Use of money and property	\$	1,980	\$ 5,701	\$	3,721
Total Revenues		1,980	 5,701	Ψ 	3,721
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Public ways and facilities		120	50		70
Total Expenditures		120	 50		70
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures		1,860	 5,651		3,791
Net Change in Fund Balance		1,860	5,651		3,791
Fund Balance, Beginning		131,198	 131,198		-
Fund Balance, Ending	\$	133,058	\$ 136,849	\$	3,791

Capital Projects Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule Lakeside CFD Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

					Variance Positive		
	Bu	dget	Ac	ctual	(Neg	ative)	
Expenditures :							
Public ways and facilities	\$	58	\$	58	\$	-	
Total Expenditures		58		58		-	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(58)		(58)		-	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Transfers out		(556)		(556)		-	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(556)		(556)		-	
Net Change in Fund Balance		(614)		(614)		-	
Fund Balance, Beginning		-		-		-	
Fund Balance, Ending	\$	(614)	\$	(614)	\$	-	

Capital Projects Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule SEPA Mitigation Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

					Variance			
					Positive			
	Bu	dget	Actual		(N	egative)		
Revenues:								
Licenses, fees and permits	\$	-	\$	976,618	\$	976,618		
Use of money and property	_	-		6,743	_	6,743		
Total Revenues		-		983,361		983,361		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over (Under) Expenditures	_	-		983,361	_	983,361		
Net Change in Fund Balance		-		983,361		983,361		
Fund Balance, Beginning		-		-		-		
Fund Balance, Ending	\$	-	\$	983,361	\$	983,361		

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DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

DEFINITION

The Debt Service is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, long-term debt principal and interest. Major debt service funds include:

Major Debt Service Funds

Elk Grove Finance Authority (EGFA) 2017 - Established to pay for debt service on outstanding Lease Revenue Bonds that were issued to finance and re-finance certain City-owned buildings. The fund accumulates and disburses lease revenues semi-annually to pay for debt service on the outstanding bonds

Elk Grove Finance Authority (EGFA) 2018 – Established to pay for debt service on Lease Revenue Bonds that will be issued to finance the Animal Shelter. The fund accumulates and disburses lease revenues semi-annually to pay for debt service on the outstanding bonds.

Major Debt Service Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule Elk Grove Finance Authority Debt Service Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

					Varia	nce with
	Bı	udgeted			Fina	l Budget
	А	mounts			Po	ositive
		Final	Actu	al Amounts	(Ne	gative)
Revenues:						
Use of money and property	\$	4,190	\$	13,270	\$	9,080
Total Revenues		4,190		13,270		9,080
Expenditures:						
Debt Service:						
Tax administration		4,170		638		3,532
Principal		470,000		470,000		-
Interest		112,668		112,668		-
Total Expenditures		586,838		583,306	3,53	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures		(582,648)		(570,036)		12,612
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfers in		600,000		600,000		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		600,000		600,000		-
Net Change in Fund Balance		17,352		29,964		12,612
Fund Balance, Beginning		266,850		266,850		
Fund Balance, End	\$	284,202	\$	296,814	\$	12,612

Major Debt Service Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule Elk Grove Finance Authority 2018 Debt Service Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

P		udgeted mounts Final	Actua	al Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)				
Revenues:	¢		¢	24 706	¢	24706			
Use of money and property	\$	-	\$	34,796	\$	34,796			
Total Revenues		-		34,796		34,796			
Expenditures:									
Debt Service:									
Tax administration		20,000		2,774		17,226			
Interest		766,753		766,753		-			
Total Expenditures		786,753		769,527		17,226			
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues									
Over (Under) Expenditures		(786,753)		(734,731)		52,022			
Other Financing Sources (Uses):									
Transfers in		790,000		790,000		-			
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		790,000		790,000		-			
Net Change in Fund Balance		3,247		55,269		52,022			
Fund Balance, Beginning		206,416		206,416		-			
Fund Balance, End	\$	209,663	\$	261,685	\$	52,022			

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INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

DEFINITION

Internal Service Funds were established to finance and account for services and commodities furnished by a designated agency of a governmental unit to other departments of the same government unit. Since the services and commodities are supplied exclusively to other departments of a governmental jurisdiction, they are distinguishable from those public services which are rendered to the public in general and which are accounted for in General or Special Revenue Funds.

Self-Insurance Fund – Established to account for the self-insured position of the City's workers compensation and general liability insurance.

Facilities and Fleet Fund – Established to account for the operation, maintenance and repair of City facilities and fleet.

IT and GIS Fund – Established to account for the operation, maintenance and repair of the City's Information Technology assets and Geographic Information Services.

State Unemployment Insurance Fund – Established to account for unemployment insurance premiums collected from all departments with City employees and makes payments on their behalf to the California Employment Development Department.

Balance Sheet Internal Service Funds June 30, 2019

	Self-Insurance Fund		Facilities and Fleet Fund		IT and GIS Fund		State Unemployment Insurance Fund			Totals
<u>ASSETS</u>										
Current Assets:										
Cash and Investments	\$	5,472,207	\$	3,847,605	\$	2,234,855	\$	227,847	\$ 1	11,782,514
Accounts Receivable		39,013		-		-		330		39,343
Interest Receivable		5,832		4,104		2,376		-		12,312
Total Assets	\$	5,517,052	\$	3,851,709	\$	2,237,231	\$	228,177	\$ 1	11,834,169
LIABILITIES										
Current Liabilities:										
Accounts payable	\$	276,889	\$	171,282	\$	46,136	\$	-	\$	494,307
Accrued salaries and benefits		-		10,222		16,686		-		26,908
Compensated absences - current		2,833		2,842		4,982		-		10,657
Total Current Liabilities		279,722		184,346		67,804		-		531,872
Noncurrent Liabilities:										
Compensated absences - long term		26,680		26,761		46,911		-		100,352
Claims payable - long term		397,000		-		-		-		397,000
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		423,680		26,761		46,911		-		497,352
Total Liabilities		703,402		211,107		114,715				1,029,224
Net Position										
Unrestricted		4,813,650		3,640,602		2,122,516		228,177	1	10,804,945
Total Net Position		4,813,650		3,640,602		2,122,516		228,177]	10,804,945
Total Liabilities and Net Position	\$	5,517,052	\$	3,851,709	\$	2,237,231	\$	228,177	\$ 1	11,834,169

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Self-Insurance Fund	Facilities and Fleet Fund	IT and GIS Fund	State Unemployment Insurance Fund	Totals
Operating Revenues:					
Charges for services	\$ 3,816,741	\$ 4,702,629	\$ 3,166,223	\$ 38,101	\$ 11,723,694
Total Operating Revenues	3,816,741	4,702,629	3,166,223	38,101	11,723,694
Operating Expenses:					
Salaries and benefits	244,502	535,957	967,016	-	1,747,475
Services and supplies	2,331,739	2,377,272	1,841,059	-	6,550,070
Claims expense	542,668			13,279	555,947
Total Operating Expenses	3,118,909	2,913,229	2,808,075	13,279	8,853,492
Operating Income	697,832	1,789,400	358,148	24,822	2,870,202
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses):					
Interest income	207,047	144,031	78,912	1,562	431,552
Total Non-Operating					
Revenues (Expenses)	207,047	144,031	78,912	1,562	431,552
Net Income Before Transfers	904,879	1,933,431	437,060	26,384	3,301,754
Transfers Out	(196,063)	(212,651)	(167,781)		(576,495)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(196,063)	(212,651)	(167,781)	<u> </u>	(576,495)
Change in Net Position	708,816	1,720,780	269,279	26,384	2,725,259
Net Position - Beginning of Year	4,104,834	1,919,822	1,853,237	201,793	8,079,686
Net Position - End of Year	\$ 4,813,650	\$ 3,640,602	\$ 2,122,516	\$ 228,177	\$ 10,804,945

Combining Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Self-Insurance Fund	Facilities and Fleet Fund	IT and GIS Fund	State Unemployment Insurance Fund	Totals
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
Cash receipts from customers/ other funds	\$ 3,810,031	\$ 4,702,629	\$ 3,211,223	\$ 37,877	\$ 11,761,760
Cash paid to suppliers for goods and services	(2,864,422)	(2,374,495)	(1,855,677)	(13,279)	(7,107,873)
Cash paid to employees for services	(236,704)	(532,984)	(966,432)		(1,736,120)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	708,905	1,795,150	389,114	24,598	2,917,767
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Transfers In (Out)	(196,063)	(212,651)	(167,781)		(576,495)
Net Cash (Used) by Noncapital Financing					
Activities	(196,063)	(212,651)	(167,781)		(576,495)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES					
Investment income (loss)	204,289	141,303	77,787	1,562	424,941
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	204,289	141,303	77,787	1,562	424,941
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	717,131	1,723,802	299,120	26,160	2,766,213
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year	4,755,076	2,123,803	1,935,735	201,687	9,016,301
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$ 5,472,207	\$ 3,847,605	\$ 2,234,855	\$ 227,847	\$ 11,782,514
RECONCILLIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET					
CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	* ** * *	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	•	A A A A A A A A A A
Operating income (loss)	\$ 697,832	\$ 1,789,400	\$ 358,148	\$ 24,822	\$ 2,870,202
Adjustments to reconcile operating income					
(loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:					
Changes in assets and liabilities:					
(Increase) decrease in:					
Accounts receivable	(6,710)	-	45,000	(224)	38,066
Increase (decrease) in:	(0,0-00)		,	()	
Accounts payable	227,540	2,777	(14,618)	-	215,699
Accrued salaries and benefits payable	-	1,359	(2,077)	-	(718)
Compensated absences	7,798	1,614	2,661	-	12,073
Claims payable	(217,555)				(217,555)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$ 708,905	\$ 1,795,150	\$ 389,114	\$ 24,598	\$ 2,917,767

AGENCY FUNDS

DEFINITION

Agency funds are used to account for assets held by the City as an agent for individuals, other governments and other organizations.

Agency Funds

Performance Bonds Fund – Established to account for Developer deposits intended as payment for future permits and fees.

Community Services District & Sac County Funds – Established to account for development fees, which are collected and remitted to the Cosumnes Community Services District or to Sacramento County for fire and recreation and transportation facilities as well as landscape maintenance. The Funds established for this purpose are:

East Elk Grove Park Fee Fund East Franklin Park Fee Fund Elk Grove Fire Fee Fund STA Transportation Fee Fund Laguna West Park Fee Fund

Laguna Springs Open Space Preserve – Established to maintain the wetlands.

Laguna Ridge/Poppy Ridge Reclaimed Water Fund – Established to account for the collection of fees for reclaimed water.

East Elk Grove Specific Plan Fund – Established to account for developer impact fees which are collected for the East Elk Grove Specific Plan.

Elk Grove Employee Sunshine Fund – Established to account for the donation by payroll deduction of Employee funds which are collected and used for Employee functions and activities.

Donation Community Programs – Established to account for the donations by citizens for various City programs.

Special Assessment/Community Facility District (CFDs) – Established to account for the monies collected and disbursed for land-based debt, where the City is not obligated for the debt.

Laguna Ridge CFD 2005-1 Fund	East Franklin CFD 2002-1 Fund
Poppy Ridge CFD 2003-1 Fund	

Utility Billing Refund Fund – Established to account for the Utility bill refund checks which have remained unclaimed by the property owner and have become stale dated. The City publishes an itemized listing of these funds on the website which is kept current.

EGPD Property & Evidence Fund – Established to account for the collection for confiscated funds which may become evidence or asset seizures.

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Combining Statement of Assets and Liabilities Agency Funds June 30, 2019

			Special Assessment/Community Facility Districts (CFD's)								
	Performance Bonds Fund		Community Service District & Sac County Funds		Laguna Springs Open Space Preserve		En Su	k Grove nployee Inshine Funds			
ASSETS:											
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	345,350	\$	2,600,469	\$	87,976	\$	36,713			
Investments		-		-		-		-			
Accounts receivable		-		196,897		-		-			
Interest receivable		378		1,970		81		376			
Total Assets	\$	345,728	\$	2,799,336	\$	88,057	\$	37,089			
LIABILITIES:											
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	2,580,247	\$	-	\$	4			
Interest payable		2,284		8,630		6,884		-			
Due to member agencies		-		210,459		-		-			
Due to bondholders and others		-		-		81,173		-			
Deposits		343,444				-		37,085			
Total Liabilities	\$	345,728	\$	2,799,336	\$	88,057	\$	37,089			
							(co	ntinued)			

Combining Statement of Assets and Liabilities Agency Funds (continued) June 30, 2019

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	Cor	onation mmunity ograms	Laguna Ridge CFD 2005-1 Fund		 D 2002-1 E Franklin	-	FD 2003-1 ppy Ridge
ASSETS:							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	10,128	\$	3,198,143	\$ 3,824,598	\$	1,545,638
Investments		-		12,578,062	60		60
Accounts receivable		-		109,649	151,609		358,160
Interest receivable		-		3,402	 -		-
Total Assets	\$	10,128	\$	15,889,256	\$ 3,976,267	\$	1,903,858
LIABILITIES:							
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
Interest payable		69		-	26,227		10,599
Due to member agencies		-		-	-		-
Due to bondholders and others		-		15,889,256	3,950,040		1,893,259
Deposits		10,059		-	 -		-
Total Liabilities	\$	10,128	\$	15,889,256	\$ 3,976,267	\$	1,903,858

Unclaimed Payments Fund	Proj Ev	EGPD perty & idence Fund	Total			
\$ 210,442 -	\$	46,562 -	\$	11,906,019 12,578,182		
-		-		816,315		
	<u></u>	-		6,207		
\$ 210,442	\$	46,562	\$	25,306,723		
\$ 187	\$	-	\$	2,580,438		
1,443		126		56,262		
-		-		210,459		
-		-		21,813,728		
208,812		46,436		645,836		
\$ 210,442	\$	46,562	\$	25,306,723		

Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities Agency Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

		J	Balance uly 1, 2018	 Additions	I	Deductions	alance at le 30, 2019
PERFORMANCE BON	NDS FUND						
ASSETS:							
	Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,487,050	\$ 120,016	\$	3,261,716	\$ 345,350
	Interest receivable		2,235	 378	. <u> </u>	2,235	 378
	Total Assets	\$	3,489,285	\$ 120,394	\$	3,263,951	\$ 345,728
LIABILITI	IES:						
	Accounts payable		-	\$ 2,590,167	\$	2,590,167	\$ -
	Interest payable		177,382	116,997		292,095	2,284
	Deposits		3,311,903	 54,410	<u> </u>	3,022,869	 343,444
	Total Liabilitie	es \$	3,489,285	\$ 2,761,574	\$	5,905,131	\$ 345,728
<u>Community Service</u> EAST ELK GROVE PA	e District & Sac County Fun ARK FEE FUND	<u>ds</u>					
	Cash and cash equivalents	\$	548,652	\$ 1,157,993	\$	1,300,663	\$ 405,982
	Interest receivable		355	 432		355	 432
	Total Assets	\$	549,007	\$ 1,158,425	\$	1,301,018	\$ 406,414
LIABILITI	IES:						
	Accounts Payable	\$	(1)	\$ 1,703,303	\$	1,300,489	\$ 402,813
	Interest payable		(5,896)	13,918		4,422	3,600
	Due to member agencies		554,904	 1,143,800		1,698,703	 1
	Total Liabilitie	es \$	549,007	\$ 2,861,021	\$	3,003,614	\$ 406,414

Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities Agency Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Balance ly 1, 2018	Additions Deduct		Deductions		Balance at ne 30, 2019
EAST FRANKLIN PARK FEE FUND							
ASSETS:							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	369,245	\$ 1,249,373	\$	1,181,266	\$	437,352
Interest receivable		238	 459		239		458
Total Asset	s \$	369,483	\$ 1,249,832	\$	1,181,505	\$	437,810
LIABILITIES:							
Accounts payable	\$	2	\$ 1,614,960	\$	1,181,026	\$	433,936
Due to member agencies		369,481	1,249,833		1,615,440		3,874
Total Liabil	ities \$	369,483	\$ 2,864,793	\$	2,796,466	\$	437,810
ELK GROVE FIRE FEE							
ASSETS:							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	737,722	\$ 2,289,018	\$	1,999,277	\$	1,027,463
Accounts receivable		181,213	139,158		123,474		196,897
Interest receivable		487	 1,079	·	486	·	1,080
Total Asse	s \$	919,422	\$ 2,429,255	\$	2,123,237	\$	1,225,440
LIABILITIES:							
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$ 3,018,076	\$	1,998,635	\$	1,019,441
Due to member agencies		919,422	 2,365,812		3,079,235	·	205,999
Total Liabil	ities \$	919,422	\$ 5,383,888	\$	5,077,870	\$	1,225,440
							continued

Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities Agency Funds (continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

STA TRANSPORTATION FEE FUND Total Assets S 683,883 S 1,355,781 S 1,310,608 S 729,056 ASSETS: Cash and cash equivalents S 684,371 S 1,355,781 S 1,310,608 S 729,056 LIABIL/TIES: Accounts payable S 670,314 S 2,665,717 S 2,621,032 S 729,056 LAGUNA WEST PARK FEE FUND Accounts payable S 670,314 S 2,665,717 S 2,621,032 S 729,056 LAGUNA WEST PARK FEE FUND Asserts S 590 S 2.7 S 1 S 616 Total Labilities S 590 S 2.7 S 1 S 616 LAGUNA WEST PARK FEE FUND Asserts S 590 S 2.7 S 1 S 616 LIABIL/TIES: Interest payable S 5 S 2.7 S 1 S 616 Tot			Balance July 1, 2018 Additions			Deductions		Balance at June 30, 2019		
ASSETS: Cach and cach equivalents ASSETS: Cach and cach equivalents Total Assets S 648.371 S 1.355.781 S 1.310.008 S 729.056 A88 2	GTA TDANGDODTATI	ON FEE FUND		liy 1, 2010		raditions			<u> </u>	10 50, 2017
Cash and cash equivalents S 683,883 S 1,355,781 S 1,310,608 S 729,056 Total Assets S 684,371 S 1,355,783 S 1,311,098 S 729,056 LIABILITIES: Accounts payable S 670,314 S 2,647,449 S 2,593,706 S 724,057 Interest payable S 670,314 S 2,665,717 S 2,621,032 S 729,056 LAGUNA WEST PARK FFE FUND Assets S 590 S 277 S 1 S 616 LIABILITIES: Cash and cash equivalents S 590 S 277 S 1 S 616 LIABILITIES: Interest payable S 590 S 277 S 1 S 616 LIABILITIES: Interest payable S 590 S 277 S 1 S 616 LIABILITIES: Interest payable S 590 S 277 S 1 S 616 Cash		ON FEEFUND								
Interest receivable 488 2 490 - Total Assets \$ 684.371 \$ 1,355.783 \$ 1,311.098 \$ 729,056 LIABILITIES: Accounts payable \$ 670,314 \$ 2,647,449 \$ 2,593,706 \$ 729,056 LAGUNA WEST PARK FEE FUND S 2,665,717 \$ 2,621,032 \$ 729,056 LAGUNA WEST PARK FEE FUND ASSETS: Cash and cash equivalents \$ 590 \$ 277 \$ 1 \$ 616 LIABILITIES: Total Assets \$ 590 \$ 277 \$ 1 \$ 616 LIABILITIES: Interest payable \$ 590 \$ 277 \$ 1 \$ 616 LABILITIES: Interest payable \$ 590 \$ 277 \$ 1 \$ 616 LABILITIES: Cash and cash equivalents \$ 2,590,092 \$ 6,052,192 \$ 5,918,81	ASSETS:	Cash and cash aquivalants	¢	602 002	¢	1 255 791	¢	1 210 609	¢	720.056
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		•	φ		φ		φ		φ	729,030
LIABILITIES: Accounts payable \$ $670,314$ \$ $2,647,449$ \$ $2,593,706$ \$ $724,057$ Interest payable 14,057 18,268 27,326 4,999 Total Liabilities \$ $684,371$ \$ $2,665,717$ \$ $2,621,032$ \$ $729,056$ LAGUNA WEST PARK FEE FUND ASSETS: Cash and cash equivalents \$ 590 \$ 27 \$ 1 \$ 616 Total Assets \$ 590 \$ 27 \$ 1 \$ 616 LIABILITIES: Cash and cash equivalents \$ 590 \$ 27 \$ 1 \$ 31 Due to member agencies \$ 5 \$ 27 \$ 1 \$ 31 Accounts provide \$ 590 \$ 27 \$ 1 \$ 585 Total Liabilities \$ 590 \$ 27 \$ 1 \$ 516 ILABILITIES: Total Liabilities \$ $2,340,092$ <td< td=""><td></td><td>Interest receivable</td><td></td><td>400</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>470</td><td><u> </u></td><td></td></td<>		Interest receivable		400				470	<u> </u>	
Accounts payable \$ 670.314 \$ 2.647.449 \$ 2.593.706 \$ 724.057 Interest payable Total Liabilities \$ 684.371 \$ 2.665.717 \$ 2.621.032 \$ 729.056 LIGUNA WEST PARK FEE FUND ASSETS: Cash and cash equivalents \$ 590 \$ 2.7 \$ 1 \$ 616 Total Assets \$ 590 \$ 2.7 \$ 1 \$ 616 LIABILITIES: Interest payable \$ 5 5 \$ 2.7 \$ 1 \$ 616 Due to member agencies \$ 590 \$ 2.77 \$ 1 \$ 616 SETS: Total Liabilities \$ 590 \$ 2.77 \$ 1 \$ 616 Due to member agencies \$ 5 590 \$ 2.77 \$ 1 \$ 616 LIABILITIES: Interest payable \$ 5.90 \$ 2.77 \$ 5 5.16 \$		Total Assets	\$	684,371	\$	1,355,783	\$	1,311,098	\$	729,056
Accounts payable \$ 670.314 \$ 2.647.449 \$ 2.593.706 \$ 724.057 Interest payable Total Liabilities \$ 684.371 \$ 2.665.717 \$ 2.621.032 \$ 729.056 LIGUNA WEST PARK FEE FUND ASSETS: Cash and cash equivalents \$ 590 \$ 2.7 \$ 1 \$ 616 Total Assets \$ 590 \$ 2.7 \$ 1 \$ 616 LIABILITIES: Interest payable \$ 5 5 \$ 2.7 \$ 1 \$ 616 Due to member agencies \$ 590 \$ 2.77 \$ 1 \$ 616 SETS: Total Liabilities \$ 590 \$ 2.77 \$ 1 \$ 616 Due to member agencies \$ 5 590 \$ 2.77 \$ 1 \$ 616 LIABILITIES: Interest payable \$ 5.90 \$ 2.77 \$ 5 5.16 \$		F9.								
Interest payable 14,057 18,268 27,326 4,999 Total Liabilities \$ 684,371 \$ 2,665,717 \$ 2,621,032 \$ 729,056 LAGUNA WEST PARK FEE FUND ASSETS: Cash and cash equivalents \$ 590 \$ 277 \$ 1 \$ 666 Total Assets \$ 590 \$ 277 \$ 1 \$ 616 LIABILITIES: Interest payable \$ 5 5 \$ 277 \$ 1 \$ 616 Due to member agencies \$ 590 \$ 277 \$ 1 \$ 616 Cash and cash equivalents \$ 590 \$ 277 \$ 1 \$ 31 Due to member agencies \$ 590 \$ 277 \$ 1 \$ 616 Total Liabilities \$ 590 \$ 277 \$ 1 \$ 616 Total Assets \$ 590 \$ 277	LIABILITI		¢	670 314	¢	2 647 440	¢	2 503 706	¢	724 057
Total Liabilities \$ 684,371 \$ 2,665,717 \$ 2,621,032 \$ 729,056 LAGUNA WES T PARK FEE FUND ASSETS: Cash and cash equivalents \$ 590 \$ 27 \$ 1 \$ 616 Total Assets \$ 590 \$ 27 \$ 1 \$ 616 LIABILITIES: Interest payable \$ 5 \$ 27 \$ 1 \$ 616 LIABILITIES: Interest payable \$ 5 \$ 27 \$ 1 \$ 31 Due to member agencies \$ 5 \$ 27 \$ 1 \$ 31 Due to member agencies \$ 5 \$ 27 \$ 1 \$ 31 Due to member agencies \$ 5 \$ 277 \$ 1 \$ 31 Due to member agencies \$ 5 900 \$ 277 \$ 1 \$ 616 Total Liabilities \$ 2,340,092 \$ 6.052,192 \$			φ		φ		φ		φ	
LAGUNA WEST PARK FEE FUND ASSETS: Cash and cash equivalents \$ 590 \$ 27 \$ 1 \$ 616 Total Assets \$ 590 \$ 27 \$ 1 \$ 616 LIABILITIES: Interest payable \$ 5 \$ 27 \$ 1 \$ 616 LIABILITIES: Interest payable \$ 5 \$ 27 \$ 1 \$ 31 Due to member agencies 585 - - - 585 Total Liabilities \$ 590 \$ 27 \$ 1 \$ 31 Due to member agencies 5 590 \$ 27 \$ 1 \$ 616 Total Liabilities \$ 590 \$ 277 \$ 1 \$ 616 Total Liabilities \$ 590 \$ 277 \$ 1 \$ 616 Total Community Service District & Sac County Funds \$ 2,340,092		interest payable		14,037		18,208		27,320		4,999
ASSETS: Cash and cash equivalents \$ 590 \$ 27 \$ 1 \$ 616 Total Assets \$ 590 \$ 277 \$ 1 \$ 616 LIABILITIES: Interest payable \$ 5 \$ 277 \$ 1 \$ 31 Due to member agencies \$ 585 \$ 277 \$ 1 \$ 31 Due to member agencies \$ 585 \$ 277 \$ 1 \$ 31 Due to member agencies \$ 590 \$ 277 \$ 1 \$ 31 Due to member agencies \$ 590 \$ 277 \$ 1 \$ 31 Due to member agencies \$ 590 \$ 277 \$ 1 \$ 616 Total Liabilities \$ 590 \$ 277 \$ 1 \$ 616 Total Assets \$ 2,340,092 \$ 6,052,192 \$ 5,791,815 \$ 2,600,469		Total Liabilities	\$	684,371	\$	2,665,717	\$	2,621,032	\$	729,056
ASSETS: Cash and cash equivalents \$ 590 \$ 27 \$ 1 \$ 616 Total Assets \$ 590 \$ 277 \$ 1 \$ 616 LIABILITIES: Interest payable \$ 5 \$ 277 \$ 1 \$ 31 Due to member agencies \$ 585 \$ 277 \$ 1 \$ 31 Due to member agencies \$ 585 \$ 277 \$ 1 \$ 31 Due to member agencies \$ 590 \$ 277 \$ 1 \$ 31 Due to member agencies \$ 590 \$ 277 \$ 1 \$ 31 Due to member agencies \$ 590 \$ 277 \$ 1 \$ 616 Total Liabilities \$ 590 \$ 277 \$ 1 \$ 616 Total Assets \$ 2,340,092 \$ 6,052,192 \$ 5,791,815 \$ 2,600,469	I ACTINA WEST DADK	FFF FUND								
Cash and cash equivalents \$ 590 \$ 27 \$ 1 \$ 616 Total Assets \$ 590 \$ 27 \$ 1 \$ 616 LIABILITIES: Interest payable \$ 5 \$ 27 \$ 1 \$ 616 LIABILITIES: Interest payable \$ 5 \$ 27 \$ 1 \$ 31 Due to member agencies \$ 585 - - - 585 Total Liabilities \$ 590 \$ 27 \$ 1 \$ 31 Due to member agencies 585 - - - 585 - - 585 Total Liabilities \$ 590 \$ 27 \$ 1 \$ 616 Total Assets \$ 2,340,092 \$ 6,052,192 \$ 5,791,815 \$ 2,600,469 Accounts receivable 181,213 139,158 123,474 196,897 Interest receivable 1,568 1,972 1,570<		THEFOND								
Total Assets \$ 590 \$ 27 \$ 1 \$ 616 LIABILITIES: Interest payable \$ 5 \$ 27 \$ 1 \$ 31 Due to member agencies 585 - - 585 - - 585 Total Liabilities \$ 590 \$ 27 \$ 1 \$ 31 Due to member agencies 585 - - - 585 - - 585 Total Liabilities \$ 590 \$ 27 \$ 1 \$ 616 Total Community Service District & Sac County Funds - - - - 587 Assets \$ 2,340,092 \$ 6,052,192 \$ 5,791,815 \$ 2,600,469 Accounts receivable 181,213 139,158 123,474 196,897 196,897 Interest receivable 1,568 1.972 1,570 1,970 Total Assets \$ 2,522,873 \$ 6,193,322 \$ 5,916,859 <	A35E15:	Cash and cash aquivalants	¢	590	¢	27	¢	1	¢	616
LIABILITIES: Interest payable \$ 5 \$ 27 \$ 1 \$ 31 Due to member agencies 585 - - - 585 - - 585 Total Liabilities \$ 590 \$ 27 \$ 1 \$ 31 Due to member agencies 585 - - - 585 - - 585 Total Liabilities \$ 590 \$ 27 \$ 1 \$ 616 Total Community Service District & Sac County Funds 616 Total Cost and cash equivalents \$ 2,340,092 \$ 6,052,192 \$ 5,791,815 \$ 2,600,469 Accounts receivable 181,213 139,158 123,474 196,897 Interest receivable 1,568 1,972 1,570 1,970 1,970 Total Assets \$ 2,522,873 \$ 6,193,322 \$ 5,916,859 \$ 2,799,336 LIABILITIES: Accounts payable \$ <th< td=""><td></td><td>Cash and cash equivalents</td><td>φ</td><td>590</td><td>φ</td><td>21</td><td>φ</td><td>1</td><td>φ</td><td>010</td></th<>		Cash and cash equivalents	φ	590	φ	21	φ	1	φ	010
Interest payable \$ 5 \$ 27 \$ 1 \$ 31 Due to member agencies 585 - - - 585 Total Liabilities \$ 590 \$ 27 \$ 1 \$ 616 Total Liabilities \$ 590 \$ 27 \$ 1 \$ 616 Total Community Service District & Sac County Funds \$ 2,340,092 \$ 6,052,192 \$ 5,791,815 \$ 2,600,469 Accounts receivable 181,213 139,158 123,474 196,897 Interest receivable 1,568 1,972 1,570 1,970 Total Assets \$ 2,522,873 \$ 6,193,322 \$ 5,916,859 \$ 2,799,336 LIABILITIES: Accounts payable \$ 670,315 \$ 8,983,788 \$ 7,073,856 \$ 2,580,247 Interest payable \$ 670,315 \$ 8,983,788 \$ 7,073,856 \$ 2,580,247 Interest payable \$ 670,315 \$		Total Assets	\$	590	\$	27	\$	1	\$	616
Interest payable \$ 5 \$ 27 \$ 1 \$ 31 Due to member agencies 585 - - - 585 Total Liabilities \$ 590 \$ 27 \$ 1 \$ 616 Total Liabilities \$ 590 \$ 27 \$ 1 \$ 616 Total Community Service District & Sac County Funds \$ 2,340,092 \$ 6,052,192 \$ 5,791,815 \$ 2,600,469 Accounts receivable 181,213 139,158 123,474 196,897 Interest receivable 1,568 1,972 1,570 1,970 Total Assets \$ 2,522,873 \$ 6,193,322 \$ 5,916,859 \$ 2,799,336 LIABILITIES: Accounts payable \$ 670,315 \$ 8,983,788 \$ 7,073,856 \$ 2,580,247 Interest payable \$ 670,315 \$ 8,983,788 \$ 7,073,856 \$ 2,580,247 Interest payable \$ 670,315 \$	LIABILITI	ES.								
Due to member agencies 585 - 585 Total Liabilities \$ 590 \$ 27 \$ 1 \$ 616 Total Liabilities \$ 590 \$ 27 \$ 1 \$ 616 Total Community Service District & Sac County Funds 585 Assets \$ 2,340,092 \$ 6,052,192 \$ 5,791,815 \$ 2,600,469 Accounts receivable 181,213 139,158 123,474 196,897 Interest receivable 1,568 1,972 1,570 1,970 Total Assets \$ 2,522,873 \$ 6,193,322 \$ 5,916,859 \$ 2,799,336 LIABILITIES: Accounts payable \$ 670,315 \$ 8,983,788 \$ 7,073,856 \$ 2,580,247 Interest payable \$ 1,844,392 4,759,445 6,393,378 210,459	LIADILITI		\$	5	\$	27	\$	1	\$	31
Total Liabilities \$ 590 \$ 27 \$ 1 \$ 616 Total Community Service District & Sac County Funds ASSETS: Cash and cash equivalents \$ 2,340,092 \$ 6,052,192 \$ 5,791,815 \$ 2,600,469 Accounts receivable 181,213 139,158 123,474 196,897 Interest receivable 1,568 1,972 1,570 1,970 Total Assets \$ 2,522,873 \$ 6,193,322 \$ 5,916,859 \$ 2,799,336 LIABILITIES: Accounts payable \$ 670,315 \$ 8,983,788 \$ 7,073,856 \$ 2,580,247 Interest payable \$ 1,844,392 4,759,445 6,393,378 210,459			ψ		ψ	-	φ	-	φ	
Total Community Service District & Sac County Funds ASSETS: Cash and cash equivalents \$ 2,340,092 \$ 6,052,192 \$ 5,791,815 \$ 2,600,469 Accounts receivable 181,213 139,158 123,474 196,897 Interest receivable 1,568 1,972 1,570 1,970 Total Assets \$ 2,522,873 \$ 6,193,322 \$ 5,916,859 \$ 2,799,336 LIABILITIES: Accounts payable \$ 670,315 \$ 8,983,788 \$ 7,073,856 \$ 2,580,247 Interest payable \$ 1,844,392 4,759,445 6,393,378 210,459		0		505						505
ASSETS: Cash and cash equivalents \$ 2,340,092 \$ 6,052,192 \$ 5,791,815 \$ 2,600,469 Accounts receivable 181,213 139,158 123,474 196,897 Interest receivable 1,568 1,972 1,570 1,970 Total Assets \$ 2,522,873 \$ 6,193,322 \$ 5,916,859 \$ 2,799,336 LIABILITIES: Accounts payable \$ 670,315 \$ 8,983,788 \$ 7,073,856 \$ 2,580,247 Interest payable \$ 1,844,392 4,759,445 6,393,378 210,459		Total Liabilities	\$	590	\$	27	\$	1	\$	616
ASSETS: Cash and cash equivalents \$ 2,340,092 \$ 6,052,192 \$ 5,791,815 \$ 2,600,469 Accounts receivable 181,213 139,158 123,474 196,897 Interest receivable 1,568 1,972 1,570 1,970 Total Assets \$ 2,522,873 \$ 6,193,322 \$ 5,916,859 \$ 2,799,336 LIABILITIES: Accounts payable \$ 670,315 \$ 8,983,788 \$ 7,073,856 \$ 2,580,247 Interest payable \$ 1,844,392 4,759,445 6,393,378 210,459										
Cash and cash equivalents \$ 2,340,092 \$ 6,052,192 \$ 5,791,815 \$ 2,600,469 Accounts receivable 181,213 139,158 123,474 196,897 Interest receivable 1,568 1,972 1,570 1,970 Total Assets \$ 2,522,873 \$ 6,193,322 \$ 5,916,859 \$ 2,799,336 LIABILITIES: Accounts payable \$ 670,315 \$ 8,983,788 \$ 7,073,856 \$ 2,580,247 Interest payable \$ 1,844,392 4,759,445 6,393,378 210,459		ervice District & Sac County	Fu	<u>nds</u>						
Accounts receivable 181,213 139,158 123,474 196,897 Interest receivable 1,568 1,972 1,570 1,970 Total Assets \$ 2,522,873 \$ 6,193,322 \$ 5,916,859 \$ 2,799,336 LIABILITIES: Accounts payable \$ 670,315 \$ 8,983,788 \$ 7,073,856 \$ 2,580,247 Interest payable 8,166 32,213 31,749 8,630 Due to member agencies 1,844,392 4,759,445 6,393,378 210,459	ASSETS:									
Interest receivable 1,568 1,972 1,570 1,970 Total Assets \$ 2,522,873 \$ 6,193,322 \$ 5,916,859 \$ 2,799,336 LIABILITIES: Accounts payable \$ 670,315 \$ 8,983,788 \$ 7,073,856 \$ 2,580,247 Interest payable \$ 8,166 32,213 31,749 \$ 8,630 Due to member agencies 1,844,392 4,759,445 6,393,378 210,459		-	\$		\$		\$		\$	
Total Assets \$ 2,522,873 \$ 6,193,322 \$ 5,916,859 \$ 2,799,336 LIABILITIES: Accounts payable \$ 670,315 \$ 8,983,788 \$ 7,073,856 \$ 2,580,247 Interest payable 8,166 32,213 31,749 8,630 Due to member agencies 1,844,392 4,759,445 6,393,378 210,459										
LIABILITIES: Accounts payable \$ 670,315 \$ 8,983,788 \$ 7,073,856 \$ 2,580,247 Interest payable 8,166 32,213 31,749 8,630 Due to member agencies 1,844,392 4,759,445 6,393,378 210,459		Interest receivable		1,568		1,972		1,570		1,970
Accounts payable\$670,315\$8,983,788\$7,073,856\$2,580,247Interest payable8,16632,21331,7498,630Due to member agencies1,844,3924,759,4456,393,378210,459		Total Assets	\$	2,522,873	\$	6,193,322	\$	5,916,859	\$	2,799,336
Accounts payable\$670,315\$8,983,788\$7,073,856\$2,580,247Interest payable8,16632,21331,7498,630Due to member agencies1,844,3924,759,4456,393,378210,459										
Interest payable8,16632,21331,7498,630Due to member agencies1,844,3924,759,4456,393,378210,459	LIABILITI	ES:								
Due to member agencies 1,844,392 4,759,445 6,393,378 210,459		Accounts payable	\$	670,315	\$	8,983,788	\$	7,073,856	\$	2,580,247
				8,166		32,213		31,749		8,630
Total Liabilities \$ 2,522,873 \$ 13,775,446 \$ 13,498,983 \$ 2,799,336		Due to member agencies		1,844,392		4,759,445		6,393,378		210,459
		Total Liabilities	\$	2,522,873	\$	13,775,446	\$	13,498,983	\$	2,799,336

Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities Agency Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Balance July 1, 2018 Addi		dditions	Deductions		Balance at June 30, 2019		
LAGUNA SPRINGS O	PEN SPACE PRESERVE								
ASSETS:									
	Cash and cash equivalents	\$	89,935	\$	3,774	\$	5,733	\$	87,976
	Interest receivable		58	· . <u></u>	81		58		8.
	Total Assets	\$	89,993	\$	3,855	\$	5,791	\$	88,057
LIABILITI	ES:								
	Accounts payable	\$	5,596	\$	-	\$	5,596	\$	-
	Interest payable		3,222		3,856		194		6,884
	Due to bondholders and others		81,175	·	(2)		-	·	81,173
	Total Liabilities	\$	89,993	\$	3,854	\$	5,790	\$	88,057
	PY RIDGE RECLAIMED WATER F	UND							
ASSETS:									
	Cash and cash equivalents	\$	15,273	\$	559	\$	15,832	\$	-
	Interest receivable		10		-		10		-
	Total Assets	\$	15,283	\$	559	\$	15,842	\$	
LIABILITI	ES:								
	Interest payable	\$	1,868	\$	558	\$	2,426	\$	-
	Due to member agencies		13,415	· <u> </u>	15,787		29,202		
	Total Liabilities	\$	15,283	\$	16,345	\$	31,628	\$	_
AST ELK GROVE SF	PECIFIC PLAN FUND								
ASSETS:									
	Cash and cash equivalents	\$	660	\$	20	\$	680	\$	-
	Total Assets	\$	660	\$	20	\$	680	\$	-
LIABILITI	ES:								
	Interest payable	\$	660	\$	18	\$	678	\$	-
	Total Liabilities	\$	660	\$	18	\$	678	\$	-
									continue

continued

Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities Agency Funds (continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Balance July 1, 2018		Additions		Deductions		Balance at June 30, 2019	
ELK GROVE EMPLOYI	EE SUNSHINE FUND								
ASSETS:									
	Cash and cash equivalents	\$	27,720	\$	21,906	\$	12,913	\$	36,713
	Interest receivable		301		376		301		376
	Total Assets	\$	28,021	\$	22,282	\$	13,214	\$	37,089
LIABILITIE	S:								
	Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	12,869	\$	12,865	\$	4
	Deposits		28,021		22,282		13,218		37,085
	Total Liabilities	\$	28,021	\$	35,151	\$	26,083	\$	37,089
DONATION - COMMU	INITY PROGRAMS								
ASSETS:									
	Cash and cash equivalents	\$	10,059	\$	69	\$	-	\$	10,128
	Total Assets	\$	10,059	\$	69	\$		\$	10,128
LIABILITIE	S:								
	Interest payable	\$	-	\$	69	\$	-	\$	69
	Deposits		10,059		-		-		10,059
	Total Liabilities	\$	10,059	\$	69	\$		\$	10,128

Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities Agency Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Balance						Balance at		
	J	uly 1, 2018		Additions		Deductions		June 30, 2019	
Sanoial Association and Community Fraility District	Г	nda (CEDa	,						
<u>Special Assesment/Community Facility District</u> LAGUNA RIDGE CFD 2005-1 FUND	<u>r u</u>	nas (CFDs	2						
ASSETS:									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,427,404	\$	23,238,453	\$	23,467,714	\$	3,198,143	
Investments		28,673,590		112,951		16,208,479		12,578,062	
Accounts receivable		161,066		109,648		161,065		109,649	
Interest receivable		1,892		3,401		1,891		3,402	
Total Assets	\$	32,263,952	\$	23,464,453	\$	39,839,149	\$	15,889,256	
LIABILITIES:									
Due to bondholders and others	\$	32,263,952	\$	16,087,833	\$	32,462,529	\$	15,889,256	
Total Liabilities	\$	32,263,952	\$	16,087,833	\$	32,462,529	\$	15,889,256	
CFD 2002-1 E FRANKLIN FUND ASSETS:									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	4,732,971	\$	4,105,371	\$	5,013,744	\$	3,824,598	
Investments		-		14,669	·	14,609		60	
Accounts receivable		107,315		151,610		107,316		151,609	
Total Assets	\$	4,840,286	\$	4,271,650	\$	5,135,669	\$	3,976,267	
	Ŧ	.,,	-	.,	-	-,,	-	-,,	
LIABILITIES:									
Interest payable	\$	-	\$	26,227	\$	-	\$	26,227	
Due to bondholders and others		4,840,286		7,878,494		8,768,740		3,950,040	
Total Liabilities	\$	4,840,286	\$	7,904,721	\$	8,768,740	\$	3,976,267	
								continued	

Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities (continued) Agency Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Balance July 1, 2018			Additions Deductions			Balance at June 30, 2019		
FD 2003-1 POPPY RI	DGE FUND									
ASSETS:										
	Cash and cash equivalents	\$	5,915,639	\$	3,744,857	\$	8,114,858	\$	1,545,638	
	Investments		74		12,428		12,442		60	
	Accounts receivable		239,017		358,160		239,017		358,160	
	Total Assets	\$	6,154,730	\$	4,115,445	\$	8,366,317	\$	1,903,858	
LIABILITI	ES:									
	Interest payable	\$	-	\$	10,599	\$	-	\$	10,599	
	Due to bondholders and others		6,154,730		7,432,160	. <u> </u>	11,693,631		1,893,259	
	Total Liabilities	s \$	6,154,730	\$	7,442,759	\$	11,693,631	\$	1,903,858	
otal Special Asses	ment/Community Facility Di	istr	ict Funds (CFI	<u>Ds)</u>					
ASSETS:										
	Cash and cash equivalents	\$	14,076,014	\$	31,088,681	\$	36,596,316	\$	8,568,379	
	Investments		28,673,664		140,048		16,235,530		12,578,182	
	Accounts receivable		507,398		619,418		507,398		619,418	
	Interest receivable		1,892		3,401		1,891		3,402	
	Total Assets	\$	43,258,968	\$	31,851,548	\$	53,341,135	\$	21,769,381	
LIABILITI	ES:									
	Due to bondholders and others	\$	43,258,968	\$	31,398,487	\$	52,924,900	\$	21,732,555	
	Interest payable		-		36,826		-		36,826	

 Total Liabilities
 \$ 43,258,968
 \$ 31,435,313
 \$ 52,924,900
 \$ 21,769,381

Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities Agency Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Balance							Balance at	
		July 1, 2018		Additions		Deductions		June 30, 2019		
UNCLAIMED PAYMEN	NTS FUND									
ASSETS:										
	Cash and cash equivalents	\$	226,143	\$	11,433	\$	27,134	\$	210,442	
	Total Assets	\$	226,143	\$	11,433	\$	27,134	\$	210,442	
LIABILITI	ES:									
	Accounts payable	\$	210	\$	14,404	\$	14,427	\$	187	
	Interest payable		8,048		2,288		8,893		1,443	
	Deposits		217,885		6,371		15,444		208,812	
	Total Liabilities	\$	226,143	\$	23,063	\$	38,764	\$	210,442	
EGPD PROPERTY & E	WIDENCE FUND									
ASSETS:										
	Cash and cash equivalents	\$	46,409	\$	7,242	\$	7,089	\$	46,562	
	Total Assets	\$	46,409	\$	7,242	\$	7,089	\$	46,562	
LIABILITI	ES:									
	Interest payable	\$	126	\$	-	\$	-	\$	126	
	Deposits		46,283		7,089		6,936		46,436	
	Total Liabilities	\$	46,409	\$	7,089	\$	6,936	\$	46,562	
									continued	

continued

Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities Agency Funds (continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

TOTAL ALL AGENCY FUNDS

	Balance			Balance at
	July 1, 2018	Additions	Deductions	June 30, 2019
ASSETS:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 20,319,355	\$ 37,305,892	\$ 45,719,228	\$ 11,906,019
Investments	28,673,664	140,048	16,235,530	12,578,182
Accounts receivable	688,611	758,576	630,872	816,315
Interest receivable	6,064	6,208	6,065	6,207
Total Assets	\$ 49,687,694	\$ 38,210,724	\$ 62,591,695	\$ 25,306,723
Accounts payable	\$ 676,121	\$ 11,601,228	\$ 9,696,911	\$ 2,580,438
Interest payable	199,472	192,825	336,035	56,262
Due to member agencies	1,857,807	4,775,232	6,422,580	210,459
Due to bondholders	43,340,143	31,398,485	52,924,900	21,813,728
Deposits	3,614,151	90,152	3,058,467	645,836
Total Liabilities	\$ \$ 49,687,694	\$ 48,057,922	\$ 72,438,893	\$ 25,306,723

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

STATISTICAL SECTION (UNAUDITED)



STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City of Elk Grove's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

Contents	Page
Financial Trends	186
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	
Revenue Capacity	194
These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue sources, sales tax and property tax.	
Debt Capacity	200
These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	
Demographic and Economic Information	206
These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.	
Operating Information	210
These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.	

Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years At June 30, 2019

	2010	2011	2012	2013
Governmental activities				
Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted Total governmental activities net position	\$ 1,158,959,596 174,395,146 24,989,287 1,358,344,029	\$ 1,140,771,925 185,275,736 5,023,205 1,331,070,866	\$ 1,111,694,296 175,800,872 6,493,570 1,293,988,738	\$ 1,078,400,474 180,771,790 5,047,782 1,264,220,046
Business-type activities Net investment in capital assets	7,953,478	18,645,141	18,799,468	21,427,305
Restricted	-	-	-	-
Unrestricted Total business-type activities net position	14,257,180 22,210,658	8,508,066	<u> 15,187,176</u> 33,986,644	17,698,799 39,126,104
Primary government				
Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	1,166,913,074 174,395,146 39,246,467	1,159,417,066 185,275,736 13,531,271	1,130,493,764 175,800,872 21,680,746	1,099,827,779 180,771,790 22,746,581
Total primary government net position	\$ 1,380,554,687	\$ 1,358,224,073	\$ 1,327,975,382	\$ 1,303,346,150

Source: The City of Elk Grove CAFR

 2014	 2015	 2016	 2017	 2018	 2019
\$ 1,039,981,256 186,903,329 11,298,487	\$ 1,022,527,119 189,080,327 196,869	\$ 976,664,371 215,829,204 20,295,785	\$ 1,053,280,603 257,008,259 22,513,816	\$ 1,110,618,821 280,624,842 (69,766,957)	\$ 1,076,838,610 277,972,813 (4,465,698)
1,238,183,072	1,211,804,315	1,212,789,360	1,332,802,678	1,321,476,706	1,350,345,725
22,023,121	22,404,646	28,132,236	28,608,561	32,936,365	34,554,021
-	1,180,453	1,398,464	272,077	187,918	1,548,460
 22,689,582	24,944,050	 27,615,148	 29,735,624	 30,498,920	 32,981,295
 44,712,703	 48,529,149	57,145,848	 58,616,262	63,623,203	 69,083,776
1,062,004,377	1,045,953,748	1,004,796,607	1,081,889,164	1,143,555,186	1,111,392,631
186,903,329	190,260,780	217,227,668	257,280,336	280,812,760	279,521,273
 33,988,069	 25,140,918	 47,910,933	 52,249,440	(39,268,037)	 28,515,597
				 <u>, </u>	
\$ 1,282,895,775	\$ 1,261,355,446	\$ 1,269,935,208	\$ 1,391,418,940	\$ 1,385,099,909	\$ 1,419,429,501

Changes in Net Position, Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis) For The Years Ended June 30, 2019

	2010		2011		2012	2013	2014		2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Expenses				_				_					
Governmental activities													
General government	\$ 17,752	,747	\$ 17,209,695	\$	16,861,125	\$ 20,774,018	\$ 16,175,748	\$	14,105,998	\$ 18,070,372	\$ 19,975,018	\$ 25,593,798	\$ 24,142,627
Public safety	27,784	,118	28,802,715		30,872,143	31,181,737	33,121,110		34,793,685	32,251,277	33,957,641	38,640,457	41,095,844
Public ways and facilities	52,543	,091	52,292,021		74,520,124	52,655,196	58,379,175		57,464,510	60,661,733	79,170,655	71,142,386	81,387,088
Community development	6,260	,318	6,944,808		6,510,594	6,636,749	7,810,427		7,375,422	9,688,271	9,373,576	9,714,155	10,325,402
Interest on long-term debt	5,792	,696	5,645,665		5,478,761	5,285,258	4,845,038		4,875,918	6,364,518	501,705	565,679	819,458
Total governmental activities expenses	110,132	,970	110,894,904		134,242,747	 116,532,958	120,331,498		118,615,533	127,036,171	142,978,595	145,656,475	157,770,419
Business-type activities													
Solid Waste	10,655	,859	10,748,028		12,035,454	11,881,280	13,106,912		14,142,088	15,688,146	16,025,115	3,295,078	3,170,889
Transit	8,390	,331	8,871,403		9,175,116	9,515,572	9,589,073		9,030,560	10,827,002	11,549,568	10,985,466	11,037,095
Drainage	3,100	,355	3,260,816		3,170,283	3,261,545	3,087,492		3,374,484	3,427,573	4,195,296	4,534,163	4,574,416
Other activities		-	-		-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-
Total business-type activities expenses	22,146	,545	22,880,247		24,380,853	 24,658,397	25,783,477		26,547,132	29,942,721	31,769,979	18,814,707	18,782,400
Total primary government expenses	132,279	,515	133,775,151		158,623,600	 141,191,355	 146,114,975		145,162,665	 156,978,892	 174,748,574	164,471,182	176,552,819
Program Revenues													
Governmental activities													
Charges for services													
General government	347	,152	312,771		-	-	-		-	-	1,062,583	910,363	847,681
Public safety	3,542	,004	2,142,992		2,650,254	2,608,338	1,585,802		1,203,963	1,152,599	7,300	20,700	14,800
Public ways and facilities	14,717	,080	4,050,967		11,816,787	6,162,251	8,745,249		12,932,599	15,141,731	13,173,695	27,601,261	26,637,537
Other activities	3,532	,440	3,909,310		7,430,163	7,954,482	9,174,547		8,831,340	9,963,980	2,206,419	4,048,193	5,772,373
Operating grants, interest, and contributions	17,378	,788	29,380,039		32,863,969	30,507,890	34,884,138		35,982,947	27,881,745	15,651,340	22,515,041	22,117,670
Capital grants, interest and contributions	13,472	,830	7,889,875	_	3,420,832	 2,502,248	 10,639,110		4,724,172	16,286,252	79,906,262	12,679,620	36,757,932
Total governmental activities program revenues	52,990	,294	47,685,954		58,182,005	49,735,209	65,028,846		63,675,021	70,426,307	112,007,599	67,775,178	92,147,993
Business-type activities													
Charges for services													
Solid Waste	12,432	,532	12,622,145		13,547,383	14,586,613	15,261,474		15,139,025	17,080,638	16,863,927	3,634,335	3,791,031
Transit	1,384	,883	1,271,734		1,567,661	1,560,881	1,583,621		1,618,573	1,454,582	1,430,071	1,319,149	1,289,226
Drainage	4,735	,185	4,423,385		4,992,891	5,163,800	5,257,252		5,359,836	5,448,108	5,632,309	5,706,721	5,702,933
Operating grants, interest, and contributions	6,394	,112	4,570,588		9,705,378	6,261,715	8,803,329		8,737,006	12,468,916	8,869,845	12,576,884	11,421,609
Capital grants, interest and contributions	234	,416	3,975,118		1,080,600	 -	 -			 -	 -		
Total business-type activities program revenues	25,181	,128	26,862,970		30,893,913	27,573,009	30,905,676		30,854,440	36,452,244	 32,796,152	23,237,089	22,204,799
Total primary government program revenues	78,171	,422	74,548,924		89,075,918	 77,308,218	 95,934,522		94,529,461	 106,878,551	 144,803,751	91,012,267	114,352,792

Changes in Net Position, Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis) For The Years Ended June 30, 2019

	2010	 2011	 2012	 2013	 2014	 2015	 2016	 2017	2018	2019
Net (Expense) Revenue										
Governmental activities	(57,142,676)	(63,208,950)	(76,060,742)	(66,797,749)	(55,302,652)	(54,940,512)	(56,609,864)	(30,970,996)	(77,881,297)	(65,622,426)
Business-type activities	3,034,583	 3,982,723	 6,513,060	 2,914,612	 5,122,199	 4,307,308	 6,509,523	 1,026,173	4,422,382	3,422,399
Total primary government net revenue (expense)	\$ (54,108,093)	\$ (59,226,227)	\$ (69,547,682)	\$ (63,883,137)	\$ (50,180,453)	\$ (50,633,204)	\$ (50,100,341)	\$ (29,944,823)	\$ (73,458,915)	\$ (62,200,027)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position Governmental activities										
Property taxes	\$ 8,315,364	\$ 9,242,320	\$ 9,089,959	\$ 10,174,450	\$ 9,680,843	\$ 10,748,517	\$ 11,443,260	\$ 23,670,228	\$ 25,079,951	\$ 26,276,570
Sales & Use tax	10,942,740	11,797,182	13,169,204	13,708,848	15,365,390	16,567,321	20,504,422	25,535,498	27,320,405	29,355,281
In-Lieu sales tax	2,965,668	3,785,803	3,955,955	4,710,293	4,845,534	5,583,730	4,704,053	5,681,559	-	-
Other taxes	5,883,338	7,254,112	8,829,483	8,591,465	8,905,914	9,319,299	10,174,956	4,510,259	11,580,750	11,756,951
Unrestricted interest income	3,591,288	3,393,386	3,098,231	3,611,324	3,933,612	7,107,416	4,671,926	-	-	-
Other Revenue	5,500	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,727,764	3,946,919	11,754,931
Transfers	1,078,878	463,014	835,752	(479,287)	908,351	868,712	1,096,291	1,098,174	1,010,576	728,196
Total governmental activities	32,782,776	 35,935,817	38,978,584	 40,317,093	43,639,644	50,194,995	52,594,908	 66,223,482	68,938,601	79,871,929
Business-type activities										
Other taxes	1,177,304	1,125,885	1,073,091	1,014,591	1,129,497	1,235,074	1,301,708	1,379,717	1,456,673	1,532,613
Unrestricted interest income	341.028	196,955	83,038	165,275	243,254	164,758	879,777	-,	-,	-,,
Other	2.078.699	100,000	-		,		-	162,698	138,462	1,233,757
Transfers	(1,078,878)	(463,014)	(835,752)	479,287	(908,351)	(868,712)	(1,096,291)	(1,098,174)	(1,010,576)	(728,196)
Total business-type activities	2,518,153	 959,826	 320,377	 1,659,153	 464,400	 531,120	 1,085,194	 444,241	584,559	2,038,174
		 	 	 -,	 	 	 -,	 ,		
Total primary government	35,300,929	 36,895,643	 39,298,961	 41,976,246	 44,104,044	 50,726,115	 53,680,102	 66,667,723	69,523,160	81,910,103
Change in governmental activities net position before special item Special item:	(24,359,900)	(27,273,133)	(37,082,158)	(26,480,656)	(11,663,008)	(4,745,517)	(4,014,956)	35,252,486	(8,942,696)	14,249,503
Loss on sale of Vineyard Property Bad debt expense	-	-	-	-	(14,373,966)	- (12,141,141)	-	-	-	-
Change in Net Position:		 -	 -	 -	 	 (12,171,171)	 -	 		
Governmental activities	(24,359,900)	(27,273,133)	(37,082,158)	(26,480,656)	(26,036,974)	(16,886,658)	(4,014,956)	35,252,486	(8,942,696)	14,249,503
Business-type activities	5,552,736	4,942,549	6,833,437	4,573,765	5,586,599	4,838,428	7,594,717	1,470,414	5,006,941	5,460,573
Dusiness type activities	5,552,750	 7,772,547	 0,055,457	 +,575,705	 5,500,599	 4,000,420	 1,3,247,117	 1,770,714	5,000,741	5,400,575
Total primary government	\$ (18,807,164)	\$ (22,330,584)	\$ (30,248,721)	\$ (21,906,891)	\$ (20,450,375)	\$ (12,048,230)	\$ 3,579,761	\$ 36,722,900	\$ (3,935,755)	\$ 19,710,076

Note: Information is available since GASB Statement No. 34 was implemented in 2003.

* These numbers include Property Tax in Leiu of Vehicle License Fee (VLF). Beginning in 2008 the Property Tax in Leiu VLF was moved to intergovernmental, and in 2017 it was moved to property taxes.

Source: The City of Elk Grove CAFR

Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting) For The Years Ended June 30, 2019

	 2010		2011	 2012	 2013	 2014
General Fund						
Reserved	\$ 67,455	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Unreserved	23,525,761		-	-	-	-
Nonspendable			13,869	-	-	-
Committed			19,363,473	19,151,034	18,950,057	18,604,618
Assigned			287,779	-	-	-
Unassigned			4,772,737	7,369,071	4,876,432	5,995,555
Total General Fund	\$ 23,593,216	\$	24,437,858	\$ 26,520,105	\$ 23,826,489	\$ 24,600,173
All Other Governmental Funds						
Reserved	\$ 38,554,055	\$	- 1	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Unreserved reported in,						
Special revenue funds	19,615,909		-	-	-	-
Capital projects funds	69,294,665		-	-	-	-
Nonspendable	-		-	-	-	-
Restricted	-		123,223,457	107,450,983	109,716,431	113,819,244
Committed	-		501,453	-	-	-
Assigned	-		-	-	-	-
Unassigned	 -		(10,077,779)	 (8,379,471)	 (5,952,761)	 (14,415,146)
Total All Other Governmental Funds	\$ 127,464,629	\$	113,647,131	\$ 99,071,512	\$ 103,763,670	\$ 99,404,098

Source: The City of Elk Grove CAFR

¹The change in All Other Governmental Funds in 2011 is due to the implementation of GASB No. 54, *Fund Balance* Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions.

 2015	2	016	2	2017	2	2018	2	019
\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
-		-		-		-		-
-		-	3	,510,730	2	,801,341	2,	372,795
19,227,947	20,	096,678	21	,000,138	22	,407,940	37,	444,232
1,649,271		346,141		357,858		373,349	2,	359,382
1,381,845	7,	498,226	9	,447,603	11	,794,420		190,714
\$ 22,259,063	\$ 27,	941,045	\$ 34	,316,329	\$ 37	,377,050	\$ 42,	367,123
\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
-		-		-		-		-
-		-		-		-		-
65,738,124	66,	458,363		-		-		-
124,249,316	151.	376,738	242	.335,680	234	,660,067	230.	471,851
-	20,	096,678		-		-		-
-		346,141		-		-		-
(14,415,146)		262,256)	(4	,644,863)	(7	,799,419)	(6,	013,300)
\$ 175,572,294	\$ 235,	015,664	\$237	,690,817	\$ 226	,860,648	\$ 224,	458,551

Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years Ending June 30, 2018 (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2010	2011	2012	2013
REVENUES	¢ 00 107 110	¢ 22.070.417	¢ 25 044 c01	¢ 27.195.056
Taxes Licenses, fees and permits	\$ 28,107,110 7,226,695	\$ 32,079,417	\$ 35,044,601	\$ 37,185,056
Intergovernmental		7,699,245	17,066,136	12,925,467
Fines and forfeitures	27,951,148 1,643,163	38,799,953 1,709,371	36,944,835	33,646,054 1,525,078
Charges for services	15,472,824	, ,	1,748,945	, ,
8	2,197,050	1,768,835 1,687,347	1,920,769 2,568,929	2,234,212 1,294,280
Investment earnings Contributions from property owners	2,197,030	1,087,547	2,308,929	1,294,280
Contributions and donations	-	-	-	-
Other Revenue	201,394	- 193,731	360,233	459,128
Total revenues	82,799,384	83,937,899	95,654,448	89,269,275
EXPENDIT URES:				
General government	17,438,537	16,331,869	16,379,380	19,017,525
Public safety	26,501,367	27,594,225	30,040,279	30,592,175
Public ways and facilities	11,080,202	11,101,470	31,766,320	9,277,761
Community development	9,567,413	16,627,411	10,151,471	7,868,412
Capital outlay	23,340,145	17,768,992	13,179,940	12,525,633
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	2,885,000	3,000,000	3,145,000	3,290,000
Interest and fiscal charges	5,604,871	5,512,967	5,353,597	5,290,067
Bond issue costs				
T otal expenditures	96,417,535	97,936,934	110,015,987	87,861,573
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER)				
EXPENDITURES	(13,618,151)	(13,999,035)	(14,361,539)	1,407,702
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Long-term liabilities issued	-	-	-	-
Premium (discount) on debt issued	-	-	-	-
Refunding bonds issued	-	-	-	-
Payments to refunded bond escrow agent	-	-	-	-
Transfers from other funds	30,529,279	13,375,223	8,504,158	11,008,485
Transfers to other funds	(20,693,884)	(12,349,044)	(6,635,991)	(10,417,645)
Total other financing sources (uses)	9,835,395	1,026,179	1,868,167	590,840
Net Change in Fund Balances before				
special item	(3,782,756)	(12,972,856)	(12,493,372)	1,998,542
Special Item:				
Sale of Vineyard Property				
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$ (3,782,756)	\$(12,972,856)	\$(12,493,372)	\$ 1,998,542
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures.	11.62%	10.62%	8.78%	11.39%

(1) On April 9, 2014, the City sold Vineyard land for \$3,347,156. Source: The City of Elk Grove CAFR

2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
\$ 38,797,684	\$ 42,218,867	\$ 46,826,691	\$ 59,397,544	\$ 63,981,106	\$ 38,797,684
15,574,986	19,444,219	23,521,281	13,741,076	29,558,628	15,574,986
44,698,377	40,589,946	42,849,356	24,099,150	30,160,655	44,698,377
1,319,758	488,299	387,185	354,504	281,523	1,319,758
3,083,121	3,308,827	2,481,403	1,804,824	3,219,568	3,083,121
1,985,204	3,122,257	4,040,144	5,097,917	1,882,216	1,985,204
-	-	-	72,700,000	1,400,000	-
-	-	-	30,000	1,000,000	-
356,980	1,352,612	970,243	947,939	991,515	356,980
105,816,110	110,525,027	121,076,303	178,172,954	132,475,211	105,816,110
18,789,272	19,891,965	19,971,477	23,312,594	26,431,508	18,789,272
32,537,512	34,796,247	35,356,689	36,067,903	37,703,232	32,537,512
15,306,831	15,453,017	15,331,077	59,011,979	80,059,131	15,306,831
8,433,339	7,329,328	9,444,746	9,193,193	9,522,145	8,433,339
20,853,268	22,636,496	19,170,128	488,306	6,752,813	20,853,268
2 460 000	2 620 000	1 215 000	2 225 000	265 000	2 460 000
3,460,000	3,620,000	1,315,000	2,335,000	265,000	3,460,000
4,968,805	4,803,957	5,121,900	679,930 104 578	194,439 275,440	4,968,805
		1,356,411	104,578	275,440	
104,349,027	108,531,010	107,067,428	131,193,483	161,203,708	104,349,027
1,467,083	1,994,017	14,008,875	46,979,471	(28,728,497)	1,467,083
_	_	90,630,000	_	18,530,000	_
_	-	9,594,496	_	973,533	-
_	-	-	4,940,000	-	-
-	-	(89,402,398)	(7,200,000)	-	-
11,695,534	17,862,895	35,802,601	13,408,691	29,617,243	11,695,534
(9,423,825)	(15,470,054)	(33,280,777)	(10,827,097)	(28,161,727)	(9,423,825)
2,271,709	2,392,841	13,343,922	321,594	20,959,049	2,271,709
				·	
3,738,792	4,386,858	27 252 707	47,301,065	(7,769,448)	2 729 702
3,738,792	4,380,838	27,352,797	47,501,005	(7,709,448)	3,738,792
3,347,156 (1)					3,347,157
\$ 7,085,948	\$ 4,386,858	\$ 27,352,797	\$ 47,301,065	\$ (7,769,448)	\$ 7,085,949
	,		,	(.,,	
	0.014			0.000	
10.09%	9.81%	7.32%	2.31%	0.30%	10.09%

Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal

Year					Less	Total Taxable	Total
Ended	Residential	Commercial	Industrial		Tax Exempt	Assessed	Direct
June 30	Property	Property	Property	Other	Property	Value	Tax Rate
2010	12,008,553,550	1,848,882,546	464,328,201	846,991,020	324,208,752	14,844,546,565	0.06348
2011	12,094,994,805	1,909,454,205	439,941,669	776,945,046	296,152,644	14,925,183,081	0.06474
2012	11,825,574,057	1,692,436,063	431,092,987	675,131,790	333,570,758	14,290,664,139	0.64360
2013	11,029,428,330	1,532,669,836	385,075,524	608,914,724	346,233,652	13,209,854,762	0.06453
2014	12,146,070,163	1,500,346,050	392,460,053	567,434,705	359,424,853	14,246,886,118	0.06480
2015	13,492,526,952	1,587,754,482	419,089,413	619,856,390	398,318,801	15,720,908,436	0.06460
2016	14,087,121,936	1,687,253,176	442,986,037	675,804,195	430,877,261	16,462,288,083	0.06451
2017	14,979,885,692	1,836,489,273	465,865,942	725,782,693	426,240,108	17,581,783,492	0.06443
2018	16,057,715,795	2,134,418,574	489,962,755	780,522,286	487,229,789	18,975,389,621	0.06432
2019	16,984,457,684	2,232,189,341	516,630,510	904,022,876	451,113,557	20,186,186,854	0.06421

Source: HdL from the Sacramento County Assessor 2009/10-2018/19 Combined Tax Rolls

Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates Last Ten Fiscal Years (Per \$100 of Assessed Value)

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
City's Share of 1% Levy Per Prop 13/										
City of Elk Grove Direct Rate ³	0.05740	0.05740	0.05740	0.05740	0.05740	0.05740	0.05740	0.05740	0.05740	0.05740
Overlapping Rates:										
Sacramento County General	0.38220	0.38220	0.38220	0.38220	0.38220	0.38220	0.38220	0.38220	0.38220	0.38220
Elk Grove Unified School District	0.25490	0.25490	0.25490	0.25490	0.25490	0.25490	0.25490	0.25490	0.25490	0.25490
Cosumnes CSD - Fire District	0.22140	0.22140	0.22140	0.22140	0.22140	0.22140	0.22140	0.22140	0.22140	0.22141
Los Rios Community College District	0.03640	0.03640	0.03640	0.03640	0.03640	0.03640	0.03640	0.03640	0.03640	0.03640
Sacramento County Library	0.02040	0.02040	0.02040	0.02040	0.02040	0.02040	0.02040	0.02040	0.02040	0.02040
Sacramento - Yolo Mosquito	0.00866	0.00866	0.00866	0.00866	0.00866	0.00866	0.00866	0.00866	0.00866	0.00866
Physically Handicapped-unified	0.00459	0.00459	0.00459	0.00459	0.00459	0.00459	0.00459	0.00459	0.00459	0.00459
Childrens Institution	0.00447	0.00447	0.00447	0.00447	0.00447	0.00447	0.00447	0.00447	0.00447	0.00447
Elk Grove - Cosumnes Cemetery	0.00275	0.00275	0.00275	0.00275	0.00275	0.00275	0.00275	0.00275	0.00275	0.00275
Sacramento County Superintendent Admin.	0.00259	0.00259	0.00259	0.00259	0.00259	0.00259	0.00259	0.00259	0.00259	0.00259
Development Center Handicapped	0.00145	0.00145	0.00145	0.00145	0.00145	0.00145	0.00145	0.00145	0.00145	0.00145
Sacramento County Wide Equalization	0.00131	0.00131	0.00131	0.00131	0.00131	0.00131	0.00131	0.00131	0.00131	0.00131
Sacramento County Regional Occupational Center	0.00096	0.00096	0.00096	0.00096	0.00096	0.00096	0.00096	0.00096	0.00096	0.00096
Sacramento County Juvenile Hall	0.00055	0.00055	0.00055	0.00055	0.00055	0.00055	0.00055	0.00055	0.00055	0.00055
Infant Developmentally-physically Handicapped	0.00006	0.00006	0.00006	0.00006	0.00006	0.00006	0.00006	0.00006	0.00006	0.00006
Infant Developmentally Retarded	0.00006	0.00006	0.00006	0.00006	0.00006	0.00006	0.00006	0.00006	0.00006	0.00006
Total Proposition 13 Rate (Basic Lew) ¹	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000
Total Proposition 15 Rate (Dasie Levy)	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000
Elk Grove Unified Gob 2017	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.03730	0.03570
Los Rios College Bond	0.00000	0.00000	0.01920	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
Los Rios College Gob	0.01240	0.00900	0.00000	0.01930	0.01810	0.01130	0.00910	0.01410	0.01300	0.01310
Sacramento Unified Gob	0.09110	0.09790	0.00000	0.09990	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
Sacto City Unified Gob	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.12250	0.12120	0.13350	0.12770	0.12350	0.11640
Total Direct & Overlapping ² Tax Rates	1.10350	1.10690	1.11740	1.11920	1.14060	1.13250	1.14260	1.14180	1.17380	1.16520

General Obligation Debt Rate

Total Direct Rate ⁴	0.06348	0.06474	0.06436	0.64530	0.64530	0.06460	0.06451	0.06443	0.06432	0.06421

Source: Prepared by HdL, Coren & Cone

Data source: Sacramento County Assessor 2009/10 - 2018/19 Tax Rate Table

Notes:

¹In 1978, California voters passed Proposition 13 which set the property tax rate at a 1.00% fixed amount. This 1.00% is shared by all taxing agencies for which the subject property resides within. In addition to the 1.00% fixed amount, property owners are charged taxes as a percentage of assessed property values for the payment of any voter approved bonds.

²Overlapping rates are those of local and county governments that apply to property owners within the City. Not all overlapping rates apply to all city property owners.

³City's Share of 1% Levy is based on the City's share of the general fund tax rate area with the largest net taxable value within the city. ERAF general fund tax shifts may not be included in tax ratio figures

⁴Because basic and debt rates vary by tax rate area individual rates cannot be summed. Total Direct Rate is the weighted average of all individual direct rates applied by the government preparing the statistical section information. GASB S44 Q&A 9.19.1

Principal Property Taxpayers Current Year and Ten Years Ago

	2019			2010					
Taxpayer	Rank	Tax	able Assessed Value	Approximate Percentage of Taxable Assessed Valuation	Rank	Taxable Assessed Value	Approximate Percentage of Taxable Assessed Valuation		
Apple Computer Inc	1	\$	222,568,810	1.10%	2 \$	130,273,112	0.86%		
Pappas Laguna 2 LP	2		132,607,338	0.66%	5	46,192,482	0.30%		
Laguna Springs Corporation Center	3		94,654,236	0.47%					
Elk Grove Owner LP	4		75,334,856	0.37%					
Oakmont Properties II LP	5		73,432,102	0.36%	4	64,882,257	0.43%		
9130 Nolan Street LLC	6		51,530,104	0.26%	6	45,530,354	0.30%		
DS Properties 18 LP	7		48,366,010	0.24%					
Jackson II LLC	8		47,273,510	0.23%					
MG Bella Vista Apartments EKGLLC	9		46,818,000	0.23%					
Norwalk Flallon LLC	10		44,891,281	0.22%					
Donahue Schriber Realty Group LP					1	185,357,423	1.22%		
Elk Grove Town Center					3	119,635,696	0.79%		
JJD HOV Elk Grove LLC Toys R Us					7	40,320,251	0.27%		
Laguna Gateway Phase 2 LP					8	40,162,408	0.26%		
LV Apartments LLC					9	37,427,880	0.25%		
Somerfield North LLC					10	37,283,468	0.25%		
		\$	837,476,247	4.14%	\$	747,065,331	4.93%		

Source: HDL, Coren & Cone, Sacramento County Assessor 2018-19 Combined Tax Rolls and the SBE Non Unitary Tax Roll

Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal				Collected with	in the						
Year	Та	axes Levied		Fiscal Year of th	ne Levy	Collection			Total Collection to Date		
Ended		for the			Percent	in S	ubsequent			Percent	
June 30	I	Fiscal Year		Amount	of Levy	Years		Amount		of Levy	
	<i>•</i>		•			•		•			
2010	\$	16,778,257	\$	15,878,410	94.64%	\$	899,847	\$	16,778,257	100.00%	
2011		16,576,394		15,809,653	95.37%		766,741		16,576,394	100.00%	
2012		15,904,472		15,102,178	94.96%		802,294		15,904,472	100.00%	
2013		17,065,239		16,808,942	98.50%		256,297		17,065,239	100.00%	
2014		17,910,846		17,842,391	99.62%		68,455		17,910,846	100.00%	
2015		20,085,162		20,021,250	99.68%		63,912		20,085,162	100.00%	
2016 2017		22,492,684 24,198,311		22,421,589 24,000,095	99.68% 99.18%		71,095 198,216		22,492,684 24,198,311	100.00%	
2017		24,198,511		24,000,093	99.18% 99.48%		198,210		24,198,511	100.00%	
				, ,			,				
2019		27,469,694		27,364,210	99.62%		105,484		27,469,694	100.00%	

Source: Sacramento County Department of Finance, Auditor-Controller Division

	(in thousands of dollars)										
		2010		2011		2012		2013		2014	 2015
Apparel Stores	\$	79,557	\$	89,645	\$	59,538	\$	65,521	\$	72,656	\$ 76,039
General Merchandise		128,368		117,273		148,476		157,202		178,709	184,822
Food Stores		66,056		64,494		68,344		64,032		60,816	64,028
Eating and Drinking Places		148,566		152,904		159,341		175,995		187,234	201,084
Building Materials		73,912		71,202		70,740		63,726		67,783	63,315
Auto Dealers and Supplies		303,211		327,681		414,609		492,184		576,870	637,312
Service Stations		145,276		161,876		184,353		201,937		202,295	202,900
Other Retail Stores		276,191		280,758		308,742		318,666		276,132	285,513
All Other Outlets		254,990		259,804		279,687		297,654		377,509	 441,461
Total	\$	1,476,127	\$	1,525,637	\$	1,693,830	\$	1,836,917	\$	2,000,004	\$ 2,156,474

Taxable Sales by Category Last Ten Fiscal Years (in thousands of dollars)

Source: State of California Board of Equalization and The HdL Companies

Note: Due to confidentiality issues, the names of the ten largest revenue payers are not available. The categories presented are intended to provide alternative information regarding the sources of the City's revenue. Total is taxable sales, not sales tax revenue received. Does not include Use tax or County pool allocation.

*Per the HdL Companies, decrease in Auto Dealers and Supplies in 2019 due to slowing sales for new motor vehicles.

	2016	 2017	2018			2019
\$	79,512	\$ 80,587	\$	80,771	\$	79,920
	187,807	185,515		180,858		207,432
	65,466	66,083		66,359		67,259
	228,559	250,348		265,459		273,225
	76,102	86,754		98,934		110,519
	736,551	850,020		905,658		881,314
	175,264	165,039		191,409		216,404
	294,492	318,251		315,468		306,892
_	474,317	514,399	_	598,642	_	613,474
\$	2,318,070	\$ 2,516,996	\$	2,703,558	\$	2,756,439

Direct and Overlapping Sales Tax Rates Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	City Direct Rate	Sacramento County	STA Measure A	State of California
2010	1.00	0.25	0.50	7.00
2011	1.00	0.25	0.50	7.00
2012	1.00	0.25	0.50	6.00 (b)
2013	1.00	0.25	0.50	6.25 (c)
2014	1.00	0.25	0.50	6.25
2015	1.00	0.25	0.50	6.25
2016	1.00	0.25	0.50	6.25
2017	1.00	0.25	0.50	6.00 (d)
2018	1.00	0.25	0.50	6.00
2019	1.00	0.25	0.50	6.00

 Sources: California State Board of Equalization, Sacramento Transportation Authority, California Legislative Analyst's Office, California Department of Tax and Fee Administration

 (a) April 1, 2009 the State increased the State Rate 1%

- (b) July 1, 2011 the State decreased the State Rate 1%
- (c) January 1, 2013 the State increased the State Rate 0.25%
- (d) January 1, 2017, the State decreased the State rate 0.25%

Note: In 2004, the State issued Economic Recovery Bonds (ERB). To repay the ERBs, the State pledged one-quarter cent of the local Bradley-Burns sales tax, which cities and counties use for general purposes, and replaced it with one-quarter cent State special fund sales tax for repayment of the bonds. The State replaced the one-quarter cent local tax with equal dollars from the property tax allocation, and described it as "in lieu" sales tax. In 2016. the ERBs were fully paid and the sales tax rates were restored. For CAFR reporting purposes, the full 1% was classified as sales tax during this entire period. To avoid confusion, the City Direct Rate for practical purposes, was unchanged and has not been adjusted between the local and State rates as expressed in the above table.

Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fisc Yes	(1)	Business-Type Activities Economic Development Bonds	Total Primary Government	Percentage of Personal Income ⁽²⁾	Per Capita ⁽²⁾
201	10 116,160,000	-	116,160,000	2.99%	807
201	11 113,160,000	10,715,000	123,875,000	3.06%	810
201	110,015,000	10,510,000	120,525,000	2.93%	773
201	13 108,376,624	10,300,000	118,676,624	2.77%	746
201	14 104,833,363	10,090,000	114,923,363	2.58%	715
201	15 101,130,102	9,870,000	111,000,102	2.44%	681
201	16 109,611,895	⁽³⁾ 9,645,000	119,256,895	2.53%	710
201	4,940,000	9,410,000	14,350,000	0.30%	84
201	18 23,205,000	9,165,000	32,370,000	0.62%	188
201	19 22,735,000	8,915,000	31,650,000	0.60%	182

City incorporated July 1, 2000. U.S. Census and subsequent estimates has area Notes: approximately 2/3 of City's actual size.

⁽¹⁾ City of Elk Grove CAFR Source:

 (2) See Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics for personal and population data
 (3) In fiscal year 2017, the City determined that bonds in the amount of \$107,076,895 should be reported as debt without city commitment. Amounts prior to 2017 have not been restated.

Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt June 30, 2019

2018-19 Assessed Valuation: \$20,190,098,062

	Total Debt		City's Share of					
OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT:	6/30/2019	<u>% Applicable (1)</u>	Debt 6/30/19					
Los Rios Community College District	\$396,190,000	10.322%	\$40,894,732					
Elk Grove Unified School District	193,000,000	55.820%	\$107,732,600					
Sacramento Unified School District	470,327,966	0.176%	827,777					
City of Elk Grove Community Facilities District No. 2002-1	45,245,000	100.000%	45,245,000					
City of Elk Grove Community Facilities District No. 2003-1	40,220,000	100.000%	40,220,000					
City of Elk Grove Community Facilities District No. 2005-1	131,065,000	100.000%	131,065,000					
Elk Grove Unified School District Community Facilities District No. 1	197,766,133	55.820%	110,393,055					
Sacramento County Community Facilities Districts	5,433,665	100.000%	5,433,665					
California Statewide Community Development Authority 1915 Act Bonds	6,203,372	100.000%	6,203,372					
TOTAL OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT			\$488,015,201					
DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT:								
Sacramento County General Fund Obligations	\$174,027,519	12.531%	\$21,807,388					
Sacramento County Pension Obligation Bonds	885,670,052	12.531%	110,983,314					
Sacramento County Board of Education Certificates of Participation	3,975,000	12.531%	498,107					
Elk Grove Unified School District Certificates of Participation	12,612,000	55.820%	7,040,018					
Sacramento Unified School District Certificates of Participation	63,120,000	0.176%	111,091					
Cosumnes Community Services District Certificates of Participation	21,870,000	87.132%	19,055,768					
City of Elk Grove Lease Revenue Bonds	22,735,000	100.000%	22,735,000					
TOTAL GROSS DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT			\$182,230,686					
Less: Sacramento County supported obligations			\$2,136,225					
TOTAL NET DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT			\$180,094,461					
			# 22 725 000					
TOTAL GROSS DIRECT DEBT TOTAL OVERLAPPING DEBT			\$22,735,000 \$645,374,662					
TOTAL OVERLAFFING DEDT			\$043,374,002					
GROSS COMBINED TOTAL DEBT			\$668,109,662					
NET COMBINED TOTAL DEBT								
(1) The percentage of overlapping debt applicable to the city is estimated using taxable assessed property value.								
Applicable percentages were estimated by determin	ing the portion of the o	verlapping district's	assessed value					
that is within the boundaries of the city divided by	the district's total taxab	le assessed value.						

(2) Excludes tax and revenue anticipation notes, enterprise revenue, mortgage revenue and non-bonded capital lease obligations. Qualified Zone Academy Bonds are included based on principal due at maturity.

2.417%
0.113%
0.113%
3.309%

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Legal Debt Margin For the Last Ten Years Ended June 30, 2019

	 2010	 2011		2012	 2013
Assessed value ⁽¹⁾ Less: Exemptions ⁽¹⁾	\$ 15,168,755,317 (324,208,752) 14,844,546,565	\$ 15,221,335,725 (296,152,644) 14,925,183,081	\$	14,624,234,897 (333,570,758) 14,290,664,139	\$ 13,556,088,414 (346,233,652) 13,209,854,762
Legal debt margin Debt Limit (15% of Assessed Value)	2,226,681,985	2,238,777,462		2,143,599,621	1,981,478,214
Debt applicable to limit: Total Bonded Debt (including Special Assessment Bonds) Less: Special Assessment Bonds Tax Allocation Bonds	 116,160,000 - -	123,875,000 - -		120,525,000 - -	 118,676,624 - -
Total Amount of Debt Applicable to Debt Limit	 116,160,000	 123,875,000		120,525,000	 118,676,624
Legal Debt Margin	\$ 2,110,521,985	\$ 2,114,902,462	\$	2,023,074,621	\$ 1,862,801,590
Total debt applicable to limit as a percentage of debt limit	5.50%	5.86%		5.96%	6.37%

Source:⁽¹⁾ HdL from the Sacramento County Assessor 2009/10-2018/19 Combined Tax Rolls

 2014	 2015	 2016	2017		2018		 2019
\$ 14,606,310,971 (359,424,853) 14,246,886,118	\$ 16,119,227,237 (398,318,801) 15,720,908,436	\$ 16,893,165,344 (430,877,261) 16,462,288,083	\$	18,008,023,600 (426,240,108) 17,581,783,492	\$	19,462,619,410 (487,229,789) 18,975,389,621	\$ 20,637,300,411 (451,113,557) 20,186,186,854
2,137,032,918	2,358,136,265	2,469,343,212		2,637,267,524		2,846,308,443	3,027,928,028
114,923,363	111,000,102	119,256,895		14,350,000		32,370,000	31,650,000
-	-	-		-		-	-
 114,923,363	 111,000,102	 119,256,895		14,350,000		32,370,000	 31,650,000
\$ 2,022,109,555	\$ 2,247,136,163	\$ 2,350,086,317	\$	2,622,917,524	\$	2,813,938,443	\$ 2,996,278,028
5.68%	4.94%	5.07%		0.55%		1.15%	1.06%

Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

Year	Population ⁽¹⁾	County Population ⁽¹⁾	Personal Income	Per Capita Personal Income ⁽²⁾	Public School Enrollment ⁽³⁾	Median Age ⁽⁴⁾	Unemployment Rate ⁽⁵⁾
2010	143,885	1,445,327	3,891,082,055	27,043	62,172	32.80	10.50%
2011	153,015	1,428,355	4,051,684,185	26,479	62,483	34.50	10.40%
2012	155,937	1,435,153	4,117,828,359	26,407	62,126	33.00	9.80%
2013	159,074	1,450,121	4,277,022,638	26,887	62,137	33.30	6.70%
2014	160,688	1,454,406	4,447,843,840	27,680	62,499	33.90	5.00%
2015	162,899	1,470,912	4,550,094,868	27,932	62,888	33.80	4.50%
2016	167,965	1,495,297	4,705,371,510	28,014	62,767	34.50	4.20%
2017	171,059	1,514,770	4,838,916,992	28,288	63,061	35.10	4.10%
2018	172,116	1,529,501	5,224,409,064	30,354	63,297	35.40	3.60%
2019	174,025	1,546,174	5,516,940,550	31,702	63,917	36.00	3.40%

Sources: ⁽¹⁾ California Department of Finance

⁽²⁾ HdL, Coren & Cone, US Census Bureau

⁽³⁾ California Department of Education

⁽⁴⁾ U.S. Census Bureau, American FactFinder, 2011 American Community Survey

⁽⁵⁾ www.labormarketinfo.edd.ca.gov

City of Elk Grove

Principal Employers Last Fiscal Year & Eight Years Ago

		2019	2011			
Business Name	Number of Employees	Percent of Total Employment (%)	Number of Employees	Percent of Total Employment (%)		
Apple Computer Inc. ⁽¹⁾	5,000	6.03%	1,800	2.42%		
Elk Grove Unified School District ⁽²⁾	4,055	4.89%	5,000	6.71%		
CA Correctional Health Care Services ⁽³⁾	1,124	1.36%				
Cosumnes Community Services District (4)	779	0.62%				
Walmart (3 locations)	515	0.53%	273	0.37%		
Kaiser Permanente Med Ctr (2 locations)	443	0.48%	1,468	1.97%		
Raley's/Bel Air Markets (4 locations)	398	0.45%				
Alldata LLC	376	0.42%	400	0.54%		
City of Elk Grove	347	0.36%	289	0.39%		
Nissan of Elk Grove ⁽⁵⁾	301	0.36%				
Methodist Hospital of Sacramento			550	0.74%		
Cosumnes River College			330	0.44%		
Bimbo Bakeries, Inc.			265	0.36%		
Elk Grove Bank of Stockton			237	0.32%		
Total Top 10 Employers	13,338	15.50%	10,612	14.24%		
Total City Labor Force ⁽⁶⁾	82,900		74,500			

Source: MuniServices, LLC

Note: Principal employers for fiscal year 2010 are not available, therefore the earliest available information for the fiscal year 201 has been included.

⁽¹⁾ According to the Sacramento Business Journal, Apple expanded in 2017, and the number of workers topped 5,000, although Apple Computer (corp, distr., store) declined to confirm.

⁽²⁾ Includes Certificated, classified, admin and district offices employees at school sites within the Elk Grove jurisdiction only.

⁽³⁾ State of CA employees

⁽⁴⁾ Includes full and part time, and seasonal employees.

⁽⁵⁾ Includes full and part time

⁽⁶⁾ Total City Labor Force is provided by EDD Labor Force Data and includes all employable adult residents of the City of Elk Grove.

Government Employment Information Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function/Program	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
City Council	5	5	5	5	5
City Manager	5	8	8	9	11
City Attorney	5	5	4	4	4
City Clerk	4	3	3	3	3
Development Services	5	9	9	10	11
Finance	13	13	14	14	14
Code Enforcement - Community Development	8	8	8	9	9
Animal Services	5	6	7	7	7
Human Resources	4	4	4	4	4
Police Department	195	202	207	200	211
Public Works	1	5	5	5	6
Utilities*	5	5	4	5	5
Solid Waste	4	4	3	4	3
Transit	4	4	2	4	4
Risk Management	1	1	1	1	1
Information Technology	0	1	1	5	4
Facilities/Fleet	4	4	4	4	4
Total employees	268	287	289	293	306

Source: Human Resources Department, City of Elk Grove

Note: The City contracts for public works, planning, building, trash hauling and transit departments as well as key positions in other departments.

2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
5	5	5	5	5
13	13	20	21	20
4	5	5	6	6
3	3	3	3	3
7	9	9	14	13
16	19	18	18	21
9	9	8	8	9
7	7	7	7	23
3	5	4	5	4
205	211	221	224	231
6	10	12	12	12
5	0	0	0	0
3	3	4	4	4
5	5	5	5	4
1	1	2	1	2
4	4	6	7	7
4	5	4	4	5
300	314	333	344	369

Operating Indicators by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function/Program	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
General Government					
Residential Building Permits Issued	284	247	322	441	378
Commercial Building Permits Issued	7	48	77	13	11
Refuse Collection ⁽¹⁾					
Total Tons Disposed	83,399	83,057	82,720	80,597	82,795
Total Tons Diverted	89,139	92,478	61,590	72,580	73,540
Transit					
Total Route Miles	1,057,390	1,069,648	967,546	1,009,437	1,032,906
Total Passengers	988,022	958,643	966,906	1,049,584	1,043,906
Police					
Calls for service	94,288	95,267	96,242	96,089	95,107
Average Emergency Response Time	4.9	6.4	5.8	6.0	6.1
Clearance Rate of all Part I Crimes	23%	24%	22%	28%	35%
Utility Billing ⁽²⁾					
Residential Customers	45,204	46,084	46,506	46,879	47,161
Community Enhancement					
Calls for Service	2,815	5,520	4,019	4,318	2,664
Average Emergency Response Time	24 Hours	24 Hours	24 Hours	24 Hours	24 Hours
Number of Inspectors	7	6	5	6	6
Average Number of Cases Per Inspector	563	1,104	804	720	444

Sources: City of Elk Grove, Republic Services

⁽¹⁾Based on calendar year. State switched to per pound/person tracking and no longer track tons diverted. Data is all that was available.

⁽²⁾Utility Billing services were outsourced to the waste and recycling coordinator effective July, 1, 2017. Data provided by Republic Services beginning fiscal year 2018.

2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
568	625	315	546	819
14	9	9	32	18
88,053	78,473	76,577	76,233	83,879
48,305	50,151	53,182	55,528	57,309
1,080,819	1,073,588	1,085,711	1,025,867	1,037,044
1,032,039	945,262	860,773	783,893	774,736
y	, -	,	,	,
98,098	95,677	94,677	94,776	97,528
5.8	5.2	4.9	5.0	5.2
30%	28%	26%	22%	21%
47,985	49,845	50,332	50,723	50,264
3,236	4,258	2,880	2,833	2,802
24 Hours				
6	6	6	6	5
539	710	480	472	560

Last Ten Fiscal Years						
Function/Program	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Public Safety						
Police:						
Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1
Patrol units ⁽¹⁾	98	72	73	75	74	74
Highways and Streets						
Streets (miles) ⁽²⁾	501	502	550	574	555	555
Streetlights ⁽³⁾	11,122	11,133	11,706	11,706	13,830	14,082
Traffic signals	125	126	128	130	167	161
Traffic signs (4)	9,909	9,909	9,987	10,000	10,057	10,465
Bridges	70	64	65	67	67	81
Sidewalk (miles) ⁽⁵⁾	993	995	996	997	794	800
Drainage						
Manholes	7,339	7,630	8,315	8,315	8,490	8,686
Feet of pipe ⁽⁶⁾	2,043,418	2,076,428	2,336,038	2,336,043	2,361,500	2,404,418
Storm drain inlets	11,842	11,915	14,574	14,588	14,907	15,180

Capital Asset and Infrastructure Statistics by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

⁽¹⁾ Previously included detective vehicles and traffic motorcycles, which are now not considered patrol units.

⁽²⁾ Street miles has decreased or maintained current level due to the removal of private streets beginning in 2014.

⁽³⁾ Streetlights GIS data clean up discovered multiple private lights were included in the data. 2019 represents an accurate count.

⁽⁴⁾ Traffic signs represent accurate count previous two years represented an estimate.

⁽⁵⁾ Sidewalks are currently being collected, as the layer contained private sidewalks.

⁽⁶⁾ During GIS data clean up, pipelines were found to be mapped in error and/or were discovered as not city-maintained assets. These were removed from the estimates. 2017 data has been updated to reflect the GIS data clean up.

Cosumnes Community Services District is the provider for Parks and Recreation Facilities and Fire Stations. Source: Departments within the City of Elk Grove

2016	2017	2018	2019
1	1	1	1
75	63	60	58
560	545	545	553
14,195	14,195	14,195	13,435
168	151	151	151
10,873	25,000	25,000	23,369
89	89	89	89
829	829	899	899
9,027	9,147	9,215	9,287
2,063,846	2,116,599	2,122,948	2,144,206
15,836	15,903	16,192	16,265